# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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# Health informatics — Device interoperability —

Part 20701:

### Point-of-care medical device communication — Service oriented medical device exchange architecture and protocol binding

Informatique de santé — Interopérabilité des dispositifs —

O Partie 20701: Communication entre dispositifs médicaux sur le site des soins — Architecture d'échange orientée services entre dispositifs médicaux et liaison par protocole

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Health informatics—Point-of-care medical device communication

# Part 20701: Service-Oriented Medical Device Exchange Architecture and Protocol Binding

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IEEE 11073™ Standards Committee of the IEEE Engineering in Medicine and Biology Society

Approved 27 September 2018

IEEE-SA Standards Board

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#### ISO/IEEE 11073-20701:2020(E)

Abstract: Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for point-of-care (PoC) medical device communication, an architecture for service-oriented distributed PoC medical devices and medical IT systems is defined. This standard defines a binding of the Participant, Discovery, and Communication Model defined in IEEE Std 11073-10207<sup>™</sup> to the profile for transport over Web Services defined in IEEE Std 11073-20702<sup>™</sup>. Moreover, a binding to Network Time Protocol (NTP) and Differentiated Services (DiffServ) is defined for time synchronization and transport Quality of Service requirements.

**Keywords:** alert systems, BICEPS, DiffServ, IEEE 11073-20701<sup>™</sup>, ISO/IEEE 11073, MDPWS, medical device communication, NTP, patient, point-of-care, remote control, service-oriented architecture

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#### **Participants**

At the time this IEEE standard was completed, the Point of Care Devices Working Group had the following membership:

Jan Wittenber, Chair Stefan Schlichting, Subgroup Chair

Bjoern Anderson Malcolm Clarke Todd Cooper Chris Courville Michael Faughn Kenneth Fuchs John Garguilo Frank Golatowski David Gregorczyk Kai Hassing John Hatcliff Stefan Karl Martin Kasparick Koichiro Matsumoto Joerg-Uwe Meyer Stephan Poehlsen Tracy Rausch John Rhoads Paul Schluter Masato Tanaka Eugene Vasserman Stan Wiley

The following members of the individual balloting committee voted on this standard. Balloters may have voted for approval, disapproval, or abstention.

Bjoern Andersen	Werner Hoelzl	Stefan Schlichting
Lyle Bullock	Noriyuki Ikeuchi	Janek Schumann
Carole Carey	Atsushi Ito	Sarah Shafqat
Keith Chow	Raj Jain	Walter Struppler
Sourav Dutta	Stefan Karl	J. Wiley
Kenneth Fuchs	Piotr Karocki	Jan Wittenber
David Fuschi	Martin Kasparick	Oren Yuen
David Gregorczyk	Thomas Kurihara	Janusz Zalewski
Randall Groves	Joerg-Uwe Meyer	Daidi Zhong
	Beth Pumo	

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Ted Burse Guido R. Hiertz Christel Hunter Joseph L. Koepfinger\* Thomas Koshy Hung Ling Dong Liu

\*Member Emeritus

Xiaohui Liu Kevin Lu Daleep Mohla Andrew Myles Paul Nikolich Ronald C. Petersen Annette D. Reilly Robby Robson Dorothy Stanley Mehmet Ulema Phil Wennblom Philip Winston Howard Wolfman Jingyi Zhou

#### Introduction

This introduction is not part of IEEE Std 11073-20701-2018, Health Informatics—Point-of-care medical device communication—Part 20701: Service-Oriented Medical Device Exchange Architecture and Protocol Binding.

ISO/IEEE 11073 standards enable communication between medical devices and external computer systems. They provide automatic and detailed electronic data capture of patient vital signs information and device operational data. The primary goals are to:

- Provide real-time plug-and-play interoperability for medical devices
- Facilitate the efficient exchange of vital signs and medical device data, acquired at the Point-of-Care (PoC), in all health care environments

"Real-time" means that data from multiple devices can be retrieved, time correlated, and displayed or processed in fractions of a second. "Plug-and-play" means that all the clinician has to do is to make the connection—the Participants automatically detect, configure, and communicate without any other human interaction.

"Efficient exchange of medical device data" means that information that is captured at the PoC (e.g., patient vital signs data) can be received, parsed, and interpreted by many different types of applications without unnecessary loss of information. The standards are especially targeted at acute, surgical, and continuing care devices, such as patient monitors, ventilators, infusion pumps, ECG devices, endoscopic camera system, insufflators, endoscopic light sources, dissectors, etc. They comprise a family of standards that can be bound to one another to provide optimized connectivity for devices at the Point-of-Care.

Within the context of the ISO/IEEE 11073 family of standards for PoC medical device communication, this standard defines an architecture for service-oriented distributed PoC medical devices and medical IT systems. It defines a binding of the Participant, Discovery, and Communication Model defined in IEEE Std 11073-10207 to the profile for transport over Web Services defined in IEEE Std 11073-20702. Moreover, a binding to Network Time Protocol (NTP) and Differentiated Services (DiffServ) is defined to satisfy time synchronization and transport Quality of Service requirements.

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### ISO/IEEE 11073-20701:2020(E)

### Contents

1.1 Scope		
1.2 Purpose		
2. Normative references		
3. Definitions		
4. Notational conventions		
4.1 XML schema namespaces		
5. Introduction		
6. Service-oriented medical device exchange architecture	17	
7. Service-oriented device connectivity (SDC) participant model binding		
7.1 Coded values		
7.2 Remote-control capabilities		
7.3 Retrievability of containment tree entries		
7.4 Dynamic containment tree changes		
7.5 MDIB versioning		
7.6 Types		
8. Communication model binding		
8.1 Service		
8.2 Message		
9. Discovery binding		
9.1 Discovery mechanism.		
<ul> <li>9.2 Complex device component based discovery</li></ul>	$27^{\circ}$	
9.4 Context-based discovery 9.5 Announcing absence		
9.5 Announcing absence		
<ul><li>9.5 Announcing absence</li><li>10. Non-functional quality attributes</li></ul>		
<ul><li>9.5 Announcing absence</li><li>10. Non-functional quality attributes</li><li>10.1 Cybersecurity</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li> <li>10. Non-functional quality attributes</li></ul>		
<ul><li>9.5 Announcing absence</li><li>10. Non-functional quality attributes</li><li>10.1 Cybersecurity</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li> <li>10. Non-functional quality attributes</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li></ul>		
9.5 Announcing absence		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>9.5 Announcing absence</li></ul>		
9.5 Announcing absence         10. Non-functional quality attributes         10.1 Cybersecurity         10.2 Patient safety         10.3 Clinical effectiveness         11. Conformance         11.1 General format         11.2 ICS tables         Annex A (normative) Constants         Annex B (normative) SDC service provider WSDL service descriptions         B.1 Get Service         B.2 Set Service		
9.5 Announcing absence         10. Non-functional quality attributes         10.1 Cybersecurity         10.2 Patient safety         10.3 Clinical effectiveness         11. Conformance         11.1 General format         11.2 ICS tables         Annex A (normative) Constants         Annex B (normative) SDC service provider WSDL service descriptions         B.1 Get Service         B.2 Set Service         B.3 Description Event Service		
9.5 Announcing absence         10. Non-functional quality attributes         10.1 Cybersecurity         10.2 Patient safety         10.3 Clinical effectiveness         11. Conformance         11.1 General format         11.2 ICS tables         Annex A (normative) Constants         Annex B (normative) SDC service provider WSDL service descriptions         B.1 Get Service         B.2 Set Service		