

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 2837:1996

01-maj-1996

Odtisi in tiskarske barve - Ugotavljanje odpornosti na topila

Prints and printing inks -- Assessment of resistance to solvents

Impressions et encres d'imprimerie . Évaluation de la résistance aux solvants

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: ISO 2837:1974

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ICS:

87.080 Barvila. Tiskarske barve Inks. Printing inks

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



2837

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION •МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Prints and printing inks — Assessment of resistance to solvents

Impressions et encres d'imprimerie – Évaluation de la résistance aux solvants

First edition - 1974-07-01

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UDC 667.5.019.2

Ref. No. ISO 2837-1974 (E)

Descriptors: printing, printing inks, tests, chemical tests, chemical resistance, solvent resistance.

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 2837 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 130, Graphic technology, and circulated to the Member Bodies in August 1972. (standards.iteh.ai)

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries:

Austria

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Czechoslovakia

Ireland

Switzerland²⁸³⁷⁻¹⁹⁹⁶

Thailand

Egypt, Arab Rep. of

Poland

Turkey

France

Romania

United Kingdom

Germany Hungary

South Africa, Rep. of

Spain

The Member Bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

> Finland Italy

New Zealand

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Printed in Switzerland

Prints and printing inks — Assessment of resistance to solvents

0 INTRODUCTION

This International Standard is in technical conformity with CEI specification 04-61 of the European Committee of the Paint and Printing Ink Manufacturers' Associations. It does not deal with mixtures of solvents. It is not possible to deduce the resistance of prints to varnish from the method put forward in this International Standard. For this purpose a test must be carried out with a specific varnish.

1 SCOPE

This International Standard specifies a method of assessing the resistance to solvents of prints and printing inks by giving

- the general test requirements for prints, and ards.iteh.ai
- the special test requirements for inks.

3.3 Principle

The test pieces are immersed in the prescribed solvents for a given time. The colouring of the solvents and any change of shade of the test pieces are then established.

3.4 Apparatus and reagents

3.4.1 Test tube of thin colourless glass with inside diameter of approximately 16 mm and height approximately 160 mm.

3.4.2 Solvents to be used

3.4.2.1 Either denatured industrial ethanol

3.4.2.2 Or the following mixture:

SIST ISO 2837:199610 % acetone by volume

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2 REFERENCE

ISO 2834, Printing inks — Preparation of standard prints for determination of resistance to physical and chemical agents.¹⁾

30 % ethyl acetate by volume

- 30 % denatured alcohol by volume
- 20 % toluene by volume

3.4.2.3 Or any other solvent provided that it is stated in the test report.

3 TESTING OF PRINTS

3.1 Field of application

This International Standard applies to all printing substrates such as paper, board, metals (thin metal sheets and plate) and plastics materials and to all printing processes: letterpress, lithographic or gravure.

3.2 Definition

By resistance of a print to solvents is meant the resistance of a print, to the solvent used for the test (3.4.2).

The print is considered to be resistant to the prescribed solvent when, under the test conditions and provided that the substrate has undergone no change, any deterioration is only negligible and no bleeding has occured.

3.5 Procedure

At a temperature of 20 ± 2 °C, fill the test tube to the half-way mark with the chosen solvent and ensure that the test piece (20 mm in size) goes right to the bottom of the test tube, so that the test piece is submerged to a depth of 50 mm.

At the end of 5 min, remove the test piece and note whether the solvent has changed colour by comparing it with a standard matching tube containing the same solvent, the whole being placed in front of a white surface lit from the side by daylight. Then dry the test piece in an oven for 10 min at approximately 40 °C.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NOTE}}$ — For inks with limited solvent resistance, the duration of the test must not exceed 5 s.

¹⁾ At present at the stage of draft.

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3.6 Evaluation of results

- Compare the dried test piece with a control test piece.
- Notice whether the solvent has caused discolouration.
- Notice whether the ink film is completely intact and if its adhesion is maintained.

3.7 Test report

Quoting this International Standard state:

- a) the solvent used for the test;
- b) the alterations observed, if the colour of the print is altered, and record precisely the alterations attributed to the substrate:
- c) the staining or absence of staining of the solvent;

d) the duration of the test if it differs from the specified 5 min.

4 TESTING OF INKS

4.1 Definition

By the **resistance of inks to solvents** is meant the resistance of a standard print assessed according to the instructions given in this International Standard relating to prints.

4.2 Preparation of the standard print

Prepare the standard print according to the instructions given in ISO 2834.

4.3 Test method

Follow the instructions given in clause 3.

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