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# Standard Specification for Alpha Plus Beta Titanium Alloy Forgings for Surgical ImplantsTitanium Alloy Forgings for Surgical Implants in the Alpha Plus Beta Condition<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F620; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

### 1. Scope\*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for alpha plus beta titanium alloy forgings for surgical implants, in the alpha plus beta condition, when the material forged conforms to Specifications F136 (UNS R56401), F1295 (UNS R56700), or (UNS R56700), F1472 (UNS R56400).

1.2The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The SI equivalents in parentheses are for information only. (UNS R56400), or F2066 (UNS R58150).

<u>1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.</u>

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

E88/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

E10 Test Method for Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials

E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E92 Test Method for Vickers Hardness of Metallic Materials

E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

E1409 Test Method for Determination of Oxygen and Nitrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by the Inert Gas Fusion Technique

E1447 Test Method for Determination of Hydrogen in Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Inert Gas Fusion Thermal Conductivity/Infrared Detection Method

E2371 Test Method for Analysis of Titanium and Titanium Alloys by Atomic Emission Plasma Spectrometry 20-11

F67 Specification for Unalloyed Titanium, for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R50250, UNS R50400, UNS R50550, UNS R50700)

F136 Specification for Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-4Vanadium ELI (Extra Low Interstitial) Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R56401)

F601 Practice for Fluorescent Penetrant Inspection of Metallic Surgical Implants

F1295 Specification for Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-7Niobium Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R56700)

F1472 Specification for Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-4Vanadium Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R56400)
Specification for Wrought Titanium-6Aluminum-4Vanadium Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R56400)
F2066 Specification for Wrought Titanium-15 Molybdenum Alloy for Surgical Implant Applications (UNS R58150)
SI 10 American National Standard for the Use of the International System of Units (SI): The Modern Metric System

2.2 ASQC Standard:

Cl Specifications of General Requirements for a Quality Program

2.3-ISO Standard:

#### \*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F04 on Medical and Surgical Materials and Devices and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F04.12 on Metallurgical Materials.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

### ISO 9001 Quality Management Systems<sup>3</sup>

### 3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *lot*—the total number of forgings produced from the same heat under the same conditions <u>and heat treated</u> at essentially the same time.

## 4. Ordering Information

4.1 Inquiries and orders for forgings under this specification shall include the following information:

- 4.1.1 Quantity, number of pieces,
- 4.1.2 ASTM designation and date of issue, material grade,
- 4.1.3 Condition,
- 4.1.4 Mechanical properties,
- 4.1.5 Finish,

4.1.6 Applicable dimensions or drawing number,

- 4.1.7 Special tests, if any, and
- 4.1.8 Other requirements.

### 5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Material for forgings shall be bars or wire fabricated in accordance with Specification F136, F1295, or, F1472, or F2066. 5.2 The material shall be forged by hammering, pressing, extruding, or upsetting and shall be processed, if practicable, so as to cause metal flow during the hot-working operation in the direction most favorable for resisting stresses encountered in service, as may be indicated to the fabricator by the purchaser.

5.3 Forgings shall be free of splits, scale, cracks, flaws, and other imperfections not consistent with good commercial practice (see Note 1). Offset or mismatch allowance, dependent upon part size and configuration, shall be within standard forging tolerances.

NOTE 1-Compliance to these requirements may be verified by Test Method E165 or Practice F601 or other suitable methods.

5.4 After all hot-working operations have been completed, the forgings shall receive an annealing treatment consisting of heating the parts to an appropriate elevated temperature for a specified dwell time followed by appropriate cooling to meet the applicable metallurgical requirements specified herein.

5.5 Optional identification marks, including the manufacturer's logo, material designation, heat code number, and impression number, may be placed upon each forging, the method and location of which shall be specified by the purchaser.

### 6. Chemical Composition

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6.1 When specified by the purchaser, the chemical composition of either the forging bars or the completed forgings shall be determined and confirmed by the forger, and shall meet the product analysis limits of the appropriate material specification.

6.1.1 Hydrogen content <u>mustshall</u> be determined on annealed forgings. Samples for hydrogen analysis shall be taken after descaling, pickling, or chemical milling, if these operations are performed.

6.2 For referee purposes, Test Methods E1409, E1447, and E2371 shall be used.

### 7. Mechanical Requirements

7.1 The mechanical properties of forgings shall be tested by the forger and shall comply with the minimum mechanical properties as specified in Specifications F136, F1295, or , F1472, or F2066.

7.1.1 Test specimens shall be taken from a representative forging if possible, or from a representative forged test bar. A representative test bar may only be used if the configuration is such that a test bar cannot be obtained. Any specially forged test bar must be annealed with the forgings it represents.

7.1.2 Specimens for tension tests shall be machined and tested in accordance with Test Methods E8/<u>E8M</u>. Tensile properties shall be determined using a strain rate of 0.003 to 0.007 in./in./min (mm/mm/min)mm/mm/min [in./in./min] through yield and then the crosshead speed may be increased so as to produce fracture in approximately one additional minute.

7.2 Number of Tests:

7.2.1 Perform at least one tension test from each lot in the longitudinal direction. Should this any test results pecimen not meet the specified requirements, test two additional test pieces representative of the same lot, in the same manner, for each failed test pieces specimen. The lot shall will be considered in compliance only if both additional test pieces meet the specified requirements.

7.2.2 Tensile tests results for which any specimen fractures outside the gauge length shall be considered acceptable, valid, if both the elongation and reduction of area meet the minimum requirements specified. Refer to Test Method E8, sections 7.11.4 If either

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American Society for Quality (ASQ), 600 N. Plankinton Ave., Milwaukee, WI 53203.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.