INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 616

Third edition 2021-10

Coke — **Determination of shatter indices**

Coke — Détermination des indices de chute

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 27, *Coal and coke*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Coke*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 616:1995), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- general and technical revision;
- inclusion of references to ISO 13909-6 and ISO 18283 in Clause 6;
- provision of an example of an apparatus and a modernized mechanism that can raise the sample box to the standard height is permitted.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

The shatter index of coke is the percentage of test sample (initially plus 63 mm) that remains on a test sieve of stated size of openings after the sample has been subjected to a specified dropping test.

The shatter index of coke can be determined for one test sieve or for each of a number of test sieves of different sizes of holes (e.g. 80 mm and 40 mm). The higher the shatter index, the greater the resistance of the coke to breakage into pieces which are smaller than the stated size.

The mean size of the coke before and after the shatter test may also be determined to give additional information about the strength of the coke.

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