## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 23316-2

First edition

Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Electrical high-power interface 700 V DC / 480 V AC —

Part 2:

Teh STAPhysical interface

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ISO 23316-2

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# PROOF/ÉPREUVE



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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 23, *Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry*, Subcommittee SC 19, *Agricultural electronics*.

This document is intended to be used in conjunction with ISO 23316-1, ISO 23316-3, ISO 23316-4, ISO 23316-5 and ISO 23316-6.

A list of all parts in the ISO 23316 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

#### Introduction

The purpose ISO 23316 series is to provide design and application standards covering implementation of an electrical high-power interface with a nominal voltage of 700 V DC/480 V AC for agricultural and forestry machinery.

The ISO 23316 series specifies physical and logical interface requirements that provide interoperability and cross compatibility for systems and equipment operating at nominal voltages of 700 V DC/480 V AC.

The following are not within the scope of ISO 23316:

- service, maintenance, and related diagnostics;
- functional safety;
- control strategies for high-power supplies and loads;
- application-specific strategies and operational modes;
- component design;
- energy storage systems, e.g. supercapacitors or batteries;
- multiple electrical power supplies to a common DC-link.

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# Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Electrical high-power interface 700 V DC / 480 V AC —

#### Part 2:

## Physical interface

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies direction for the design of the physical interface between a supply system and a consumer system. Electrical, geometrical and test requirements are defined within this document.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3:2021, Telecommunications and exchange between information technology systems — Requirements for local and metropolitan area networks — Part 3: Standard for Ethernet

ISO 4892-3, Plastics — Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources — Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps

ISO 6270-2, Paints and varnishes — Determination of resistance to humidity — Part 2: Condensation (incabinet exposure with heated water reservoir)

ISO 8092-2:2005, Road vehicles — Connections for on-board electrical wiring harnesses — Part 2: Definitions, test methods and general performance requirements

ISO 9227, Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres — Salt spray tests

ISO 16230-1, Agricultural machinery and tractors — Safety of higher voltage electrical and electronic components and systems — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 16750-3:2012, Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 3: Mechanical loads

ISO 16750-4, Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment – Part 4: Climatic loads

ISO 16750-5:2010, Road vehicles — Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment — Part 5: Chemical loads

ISO 20567-1, Paints and varnishes — Determination of stone-chip resistance of coatings — Part 1: Multiimpact testing

ISO 20653, Road vehicles — Degrees of protection (IP code) — Protection of electrical equipment against foreign objects, water and access

ISO 23316-1:2022, Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Electrical high-power interface 700 V DC / 480 V AC — Part 1: General

ISO 23316-4, Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Electrical high-power interface 700 V DC / 480 V AC — Part 4: AC operation mode

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ISO 23316-6:— $^{1)}$ , Tractors and machinery for agriculture and forestry — Electrical high-power interface 700 V DC / 480 V AC — Part 6: Communication signals

IEC 60068-2-6, Environmental testing — Part 2-6: Tests — Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)

IEC 60068-2-14, Environmental testing — Part 2-14: Tests — Test N: Change of temperature

IEC 60068-2-27, Environmental testing — Part 2-27: Tests — Test Ea and guidance: Shock

IEC 60068-2-31, Environmental testing — Part 2-31: Tests — Test Ec: Rough handling shocks, primarily for equipment-type specimens

IEC 60068-2-60:2015, Environmental testing — Part 2-60: Tests — Test Ke: Flowing mixed gas corrosion test

IEC 60068-2-78, Environmental testing — Part 2-78: Tests — Test Cab: Damp heat, steady state

IEC 60309-1, Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial purposes — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 60512-2-1, Connector for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Parts 2-1: Electrical continuity and contact resistance — Test 2a: Contact resistance – Millivolt level method

IEC 60512-5-1, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 5-1: Current – carrying capacity tests — Test 5a: Temperature rise

IEC 60512-5-2, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 5-2: Current – carrying capacity tests — Test 5b: Current - temperature derating

IEC 60512-23-7, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 23-7: Screening and filtering tests — Test 23g: Effective transfer impedance of connectors

IEC 60512-25-2, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 25-2: Test 25g — Attenuation (insertion loss)

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IEC 60512-25-5, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 25-5: Test 25e — Return loss

IEC 60512-25-7, Connectors for electronic equipment — Tests and measurements — Part 25-7: Test 25g — Impedance, reflection coefficient, and voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR)

IEC 60603-7-7:2010, Connectors for electronic equipment — Part 7-7: Detail specification for 8-way, shielded, free and fixed connectors for data transmission with frequencies up to 600 MHz

IEC 60664-1:2007, Insulation coordination for equipment within low voltage systems

IEC 61984, Connectors — Safety requirements and tests

IEC 62153-4-6, Metallic cables and other passive components test methods — Part 4-6: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Surface transfer impedance — Line injection method

IEC 62153-4-7, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Test method for measuring of transfer impedance ZT and screening attenuation ac or coupling attenuation ac of connectors and assemblies up to and above 3 GHz – Triaxle tube in tube method

IEC 62196-1:2014, *Plugs, socket outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets* — *Conductive charging of electric vehicles* — *Part 1: General requirements* 

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<sup>1)</sup> Stage at the date of publication: ISO/DIS 23316-6:2023.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 23316-1, ISO 23316-6 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

#### space inside the connector

area inside of the connector which is permanently closed and cannot be reached without tools

#### 3.2

#### exposed connector parts and surfaces

all connector parts and space inside connector face which are accessible without using tools

#### 3.3

#### comparative tracking index

#### CTI

numerical value of the maximum voltage at which five test specimens withstand the test period for 50 drops without tracking failure and without a persistent flame occurring and including also a statement relating to the behaviour of the material when tested using 100 drops

[SOURCE: IEC 60112:2009, 3.5]

#### 4 Connector requirements

#### 4.1 General function description

- a) The connector is part of the electric drive system of agricultural vehicles and implements.
- b) Its function is to provide external consumers with electric power.
- c) The connector is intended to be a part mounted to the vehicle chassis exterior.

#### 4.2 Detailed function description

- a) The connector shall be designed such that more than one connector can be installed on vehicle.
- b) The connector shall incorporate a housing providing environmental protection, including EMC shielding.

#### 4.3 Geometric requirements

#### 4.3.1 General

- a) The connector shall provide a cable strain relief.
- b) The contacts should "float" within the connector body to accommodate pin/socket misalignment.

#### 4.3.2 Interface geometric definition

#### 4.3.2.1 General tolerances

General tolerance applies to all unspecified dimensions on the partial drawings within this subclause. See <u>Table 1</u>.

Table 1 — Tolerances

	Range 1	Range 2	Range 3	Angles
Length of dimension [mm]	0 - 50	50 - 100	100 >	n/a
Tolerance [mm]	±0,15	±0,2	±0,3	±0,5°

#### 4.3.2.2 Maximum material model for the tractor side

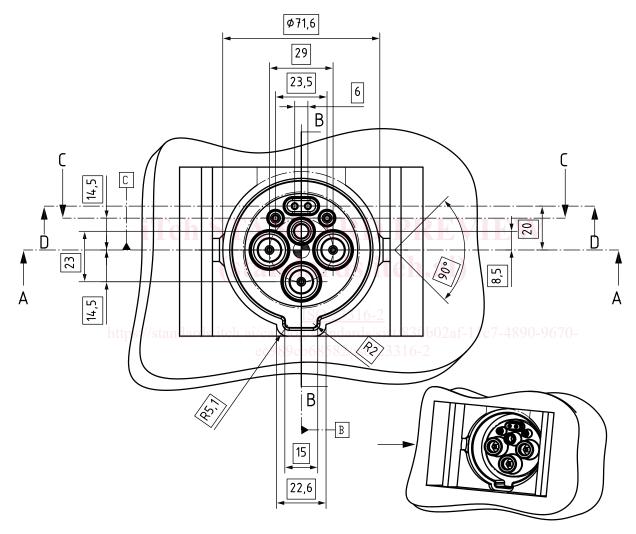


Figure 1 — Main front view of the tractor side in maximum material model

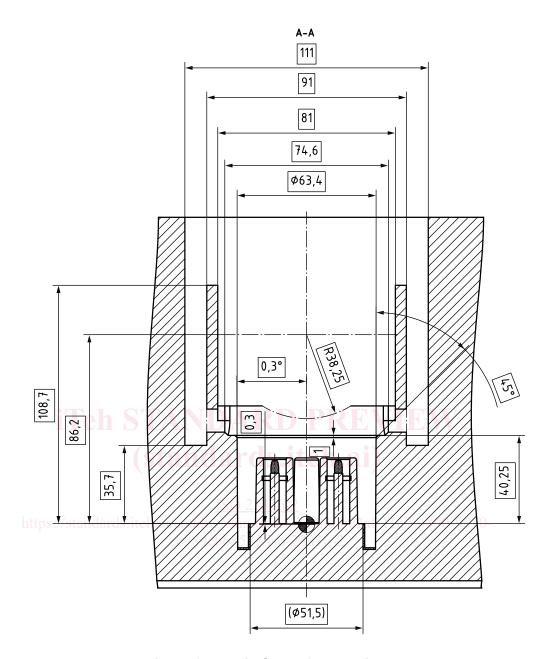


Figure 2 — Main front view, section A-A

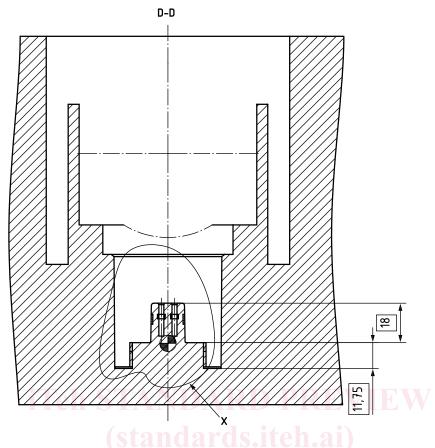
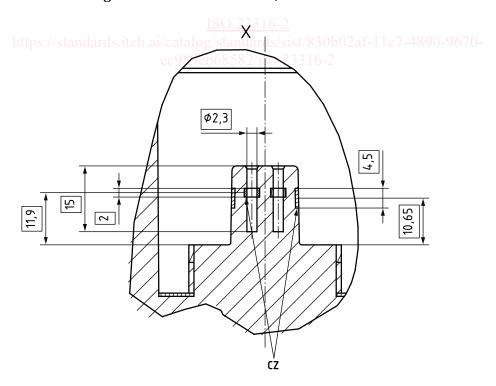


Figure 3 — Main front view, section D-D



Key

CZ contact zone

Figure 4 — Main front view, section D-D and detail X

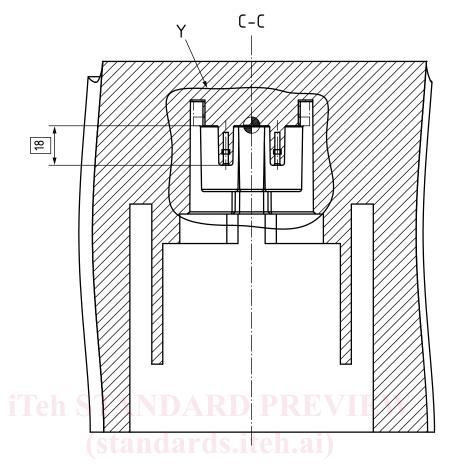


Figure 5 — Main front view, section C-C

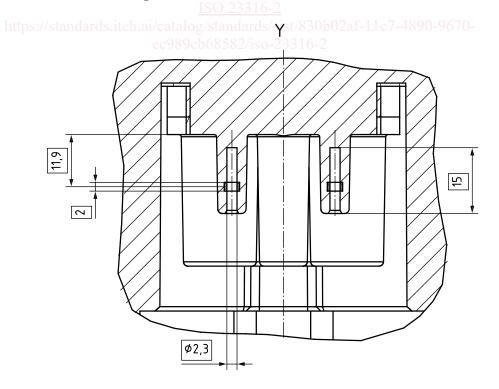


Figure 6 — Main front view, section C-C and detail Y

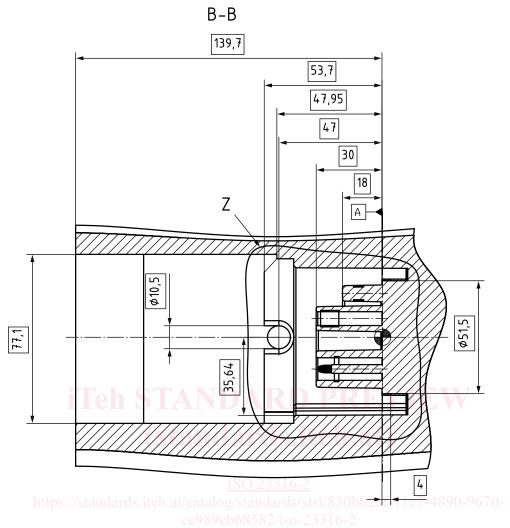
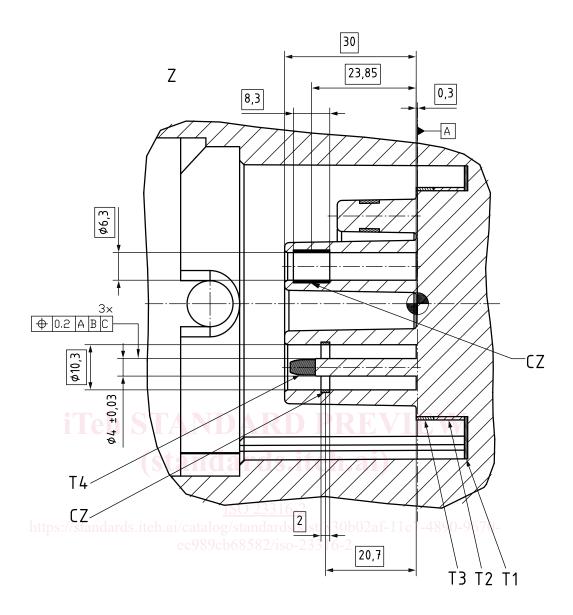


Figure 7 — Main front view, section B-B



#### Key

- CZ contact zone
- T1 area for axial tolerance compensation
- T2 area for sealing
- T3 area for shield transfer
- T4 finger protection cap

Figure 8 — Main front view, section B-B, detail Z