# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 2000

Eighth edition 2020-07

# Rubber, raw natural — Guidelines for the specification of technically specified rubber (TSR)

Caoutchouc naturel brut — Lignes directrices pour la spécification de caoutchoucs spécifiés techniquement (TSR)

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### **Foreword**

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, Rubber and rubber products, Subcommittee SC 3, Raw materials (including latex) for use in the rubber industry.

This eighth edition cancels and replaces the **seventh edition** (ISO 2000:2014), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the normative references have been updated in <u>Clause 2</u> and in <u>Table 2</u>;
- in <u>Table 1</u>, for sheet rubber or coagulated bulked field latex, the TSR grade 5S has been deleted;
- the requirements for polyethylene film in <u>Clause 8</u> have been changed to ISO 20299-2.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Introduction

Since the initial development of ISO 2000, when requirements for raw natural rubber were first specified, a number of different grades have become available, and significant developments have taken place in the supply of raw natural rubber, especially in relation to constant-viscosity (CV) grades. Rather than continuing to closely specify a limited number of grades, possibly restricting future developments, a more open approach is appropriate, providing guidance and assistance to those parties (such as producers, suppliers, and purchasers) involved in the specification of requirements for technically specified rubber (TSR) rather than imposing potentially inappropriate limits on the TSR available.

This document encompasses rubbers that are typically more closely defined elsewhere. In more precise specifications, reference may need to be made to such specifications in particular cases.

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# Rubber, raw natural — Guidelines for the specification of technically specified rubber (TSR)

### 1 Scope

This document specifies guidance on the specification of technically specified rubber (TSR). A grading system is proposed, based on the origin of the natural rubber content and on properties exhibited by the rubber.

This document is intended for use by parties involved in the procurement of TSR and is intended to form a basis from which requirements for a particular case may be more closely specified. As such, it describes a number of criteria that need to be the subject of appropriate agreement between the interested parties.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 247-1, Rubber — Determination of ash — Part 1: Combustion method

ISO 248-1, Rubber, raw — Determination of volatile-matter content — Part 1: Hot-mill method and oven method

ISO 2000:2020

ISO 249, Rubber, raw natural and Determination of dirt content 3-2cd4-4cbe-9395-

800b9cfc7fda/iso-2000-2020

ISO 289-1, Rubber, unvulcanized — Determinations using a shearing-disc viscometer — Part 1: Determination of Mooney viscosity

ISO 1656, Rubber, raw natural, and rubber latex, natural — Determination of nitrogen content

 ${\tt ISO~1795}, \textit{Rubber, raw natural and raw synthetic} - \textit{Sampling and further preparative procedures}$ 

ISO 2007, Rubber, unvulcanized — Determination of plasticity — Rapid-plastimeter method

ISO 2930, Rubber, raw natural — Determination of plasticity retention index (PRI)

ISO 4660, Rubber, raw natural — Colour index test

ISO 17278, Rubber, raw natural — Determination of the gel content of technically specified rubber (TSR)

ISO 20299-2, Film for wrapping rubber bales — Part 2: Natural rubber

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

### technically specified rubber

#### **TSR**

natural rubber obtained from the latex of *Hevea brasiliensis* (typically processed into block rubber) and having properties that comply with the criteria for the grade concerned

#### 3.2

#### dirt

foreign matter retained on the sieve

Note 1 to entry: The determination of dirt content is described in ISO 249.

#### 3.3

### field-grade coagulum

natural rubber obtained from acid-coagulated latex or from latex naturally coagulated in tapping cups or other suitable vessels

Note 1 to entry: Natural coagulation is also known as autocoagulation.

#### 3.4

#### sheet rubber

typically, rubber which has been deliberately coagulated and sheeted

Note 1 to entry: It may be dried, partially dried, or undried.

#### 3.5

# whole field latex iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

latex material derived from *Hevea brasiliensis* which may be diluted but is not fractionated

# 4 Material composition

ISO 2000:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/711cad03-2cd4-4cbe-9395-TSR shall be divided into the following three principal groups based on the raw materials used:

- bulked field latex coagulated with a coagulant, such as formic acid or acetic acid under controlled conditions;
- field-grade coagulum;
- sheet rubber.

#### **5** Grade structure

The grade of the TSR shall be based on the properties of the TSR and the type of material used in its production (see <u>Table 1</u>).

#### Table 1 — Grade of TSR

Raw material	Characteristics	Grades	
	With controlled viscosity	CV or LoV	
ole field latex	Light-coloured rubber, with a specified colour index	L	
	With no specified viscosity or colour	WF	
Sheet rubber or coagulated bulked field latex	With no specified viscosity or colour	5	
Field grade googulum and for sheet rubber	With no specified viscosity	10 or 20	
Field-grade coagulum and/or sheet rubber	With controlled viscosity	10 CV or 20 CV	

### 6 Specification of requirement

Any specific values for physical and chemical properties shall be based upon the grade (see <u>Table 2</u>).

Table 2 — Typical properties of TSR

December	<b>Grade</b> <sup>a</sup>								Test	
Properties	LoV	CV	L	WF	5	10	20	10 CV	20 CV	method
Colour coding, marker	Green	Green	Green	Green	Green	Brown	Red	Brown	Red	
Dirt retained on the sieve maximum % (mass fraction)	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,10	0,20	0,10	0,20	ISO 249
Ash maximum % (mass fraction)	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,6	0,75	1,0	0,75	1,0	ISO 247-1
Nitrogen content maximum % (mass fraction)	0,3	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	ISO 1656
Volatile-matter content maximum % (mass fraction)	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	ISO 248-1
Initial plasticity $(P_0)$ minimum	N/AT	h\&T	<b>A30</b>	A3RI	) 30R	E 30   1-	30	N/A	N/A	ISO 2007
Plasticity retention index (PRI) minimum	N/A	60	tanda 60 <u>IS</u>	60 O 2000:20	60	50	40	50	40	ISO 2930
Lovibond colour index maximum	N/A	N/A	80 <b>6</b> 9cfc	7fd <b>n/ja</b> - 2	000 <sub>N</sub> 2/A20	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ISO 4660
Mooney viscosity, ML(1 + 4) at 100 °C	55 ± 10 <sup>b</sup>	60 ± 5 <sup>b</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	65 <sup>+7</sup> <sub>-5</sub> <sup>c</sup>	65 <sup>+7</sup> <sub>-5</sub> <sup>c</sup>	ISO 289-1
Gel content maximum % (mass fraction)	4,0 <sup>d</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	ISO 17278

a The raw material is given in Table 1.

### 7 Sampling

TSR shall be sampled in accordance with ISO 1795, unless otherwise agreed between the interested parties.

Each sample derived from the lot shall comply with the requirements agreed for that grade of TSR.

Other viscosity levels might be agreed between the interested parties.

The viscosity of these grades is not specified as it can change with, for example, age and handling. However, the viscosity will typically be controlled at the producer's end to a value of  $65^{+7}_{-5}$ . Other viscosity levels might be agreed between the interested parties.

d Other gel content levels might be agreed between the interested parties.