

SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

01-junij-2024

Generatorji vodika z elektrolizo vode - 1. del: Splošne zahteve, preskusne metode in varnostne zahteve (ISO/DIS 22734-1:2024)

Hydrogen generators using water electrolysis - Part 1: General requirements, test protocols and safety requirements (ISO/DIS 22734-1:2024)

Wasserstofferzeuger auf Grundlage der Elektrolyse von Wasser - Industrielle, gewerbliche und häusliche Anwendungen - Teil 1: Allgemeine Anforderungen, Prüfberichte und Sicherheitsanforderungen (ISO/DIS 22734-1:2024)

Générateurs d'hydrogène utilisant le procédé de l'électrolyse de l'eau - Applications industrielles, commerciales et résidentielles - Partie 1: Titre manque (ISO/DIS 22734-1:2024)

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://stTa slovenski standard je istoveten z:3d9- prEN ISO 22734-1 b171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024

ICS:

71.100.20 Industrijski plini Gases for industrial

application

71.120.99 Druga oprema za kemijsko Other equipment for the

industrijo chemical industry

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024 en,fr,de

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024



DRAFT International Standard

ISO/DIS 22734-1

ISO/TC 197

Secretariat: SCC

Voting begins on:

Voting terminates on:

2024-05-01

2024-07-24

Hydrogen generators using water electrolysis —

Part 1:

General requirements, test protocols and safety requirements

ICS: 71.120.99; 71.100.20

(https://standards.iteh.ai)
Document Preview

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1 2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024

This document is circulated as received from the committee secretariat.

ISO/CEN PARALLEL PROCESSING

THIS DOCUMENT IS A DRAFT CIRCULATED FOR COMMENTS AND APPROVAL. IT IS THEREFORE SUBJECT TO CHANGE AND MAY NOT BE REFERRED TO AS AN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD UNTIL PUBLISHED AS SUCH.

IN ADDITION TO THEIR EVALUATION AS BEING ACCEPTABLE FOR INDUSTRIAL, TECHNOLOGICAL, COMMERCIAL AND USER PURPOSES, DRAFT INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS MAY ON OCCASION HAVE TO BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THEIR POTENTIAL TO BECOME STANDARDS TO WHICH REFERENCE MAY BE MADE IN NATIONAL REGULATIONS.

RECIPIENTS OF THIS DRAFT ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT, WITH THEIR COMMENTS, NOTIFICATION OF ANY RELEVANT PATENT RIGHTS OF WHICH THEY ARE AWARE AND TO PROVIDE SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-202



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents							
Foreword							
Introduction							
1	Scon	е		1			
2	Normative references						
		Terms and definitions					
3							
4	-		9				
	4.1	Opera 4.1.1	ating conditionsEnergy input specification				
		4.1.1					
		4.1.3	Ambient environment				
		4.1.4	Protective gas				
		4.1.5	Delivery of hydrogen				
		4.1.6	Delivery of oxygen				
		4.1.7	Hydrogen venting				
		4.1.8	Oxygen venting				
	4.2	Risk r	management				
		4.2.1	General requirements				
		4.2.2	Fire and explosion hazard protection requirements				
		4.2.3	Pressure safety requirements				
		4.2.4	Temperature safety requirements				
		4.2.5	Spillage, overflow, and drain	18			
	4.2	4.2.6	Protection of service and maintenance personnel				
	4.3	4.3.1	ical reaction equipment				
		4.3.1	Electrochemical Cells and Stacks				
		4.3.3	Oxygen removal catalytic reactors				
	4.4		anical equipment				
		4.4.1	General requirements	20			
		4.4.2	General requirementsGeneral materials requirements	21			
		4.4.3	Pressure-bearing equipment	22			
		4.4.4	Pressure relief devices or pressure safety systems				
		4.4.5	Fans and ventilators	24			
		4.4.6	Heat transfer system				
	4.5		rical equipment and wiring				
		4.5.1	General requirements				
		4.5.2	Grounding and bonding.				
		4.5.3	Touch current and protective conductor current				
		4.5.4 4.5.5	Overcurrent protection Electric heaters				
		4.5.6	Cord anchorage and conductor pull-out				
		4.5.7	Terminals for external conductors				
	4.6		ol systems				
	1.0	4.6.1	General				
		4.6.2	Safety control circuit				
		4.6.3	Control function in the event of failure				
		4.6.4	Programmable electronic equipment				
		4.6.5	Start	27			
		4.6.6	Emergency-stop				
		4.6.7	Stop				
		4.6.8	Self-correctable conditions				
		4.6.9	Interconnected installations				
		4.6.10					
			Remote control systems				
		4.0.17	riai iii3	Δ9			

			Protective gas quantity		
			Reset		
			Suspension of safeguards		
	4.7		re requirements		
			Minimum strength		
			ngress protection		
			Fire resistance		
			Thermal insulating materials		
			Access openings		
			Ventilation openings		
			Containment of hazardous liquid leakage		
5		Test methods			
	5.1				
	5.2		ualification) tests		
		5.2.1 G	General requirements	31	
			Basic test arrangements		
			Electrical tests		
			Pressure test		
			eakage test		
			Dilution tests		
			Protection against the spread of fire tests		
			Cemperature tests		
			Environmental test		
			Combustible gas mixture safety test		
			Spillage, overflow, and drain test		
			Mechanical strength		
			Stability test		
		5.2.14 V	Vent tests	39	
		5.2.15	perational functional tests	41	
	F 0		Minimum generation rate test		
	5.3		tests		
		5.3.1 G	General requirements	42	
			Continuity of the protective bonding circuit test		
			/oltage test		
			nspection of electrical equipment in hazardous areas		
			Safety-control circuit functional tests		
		0.0.0	Leakage testuds/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-isc		
6	Marl		abelling		
	6.1	General	requirements	42	
	6.2		en generator marking		
	6.3		g of equipment		
	6.4	Warning	g labels	44	
7	Documentation				
•	7.1				
	7.2		en generator ratings		
	7.3		en generator installation		
			General		
			Additional requirements for permanently connected hydrogen generators		
			Additional requirements for indoor installations		
			Additional requirements for built-in hydrogen generators		
			ifting		
	7.4		en generator operation		
	7.5		en generator maintenance		
Λ					
			Hydrogen-assisted corrosion		
Ann	ex B (in	formative)	Flammability limits of hydrogen	49	
Ann	ex C (in	formative)	Non-safety related performance tests	50	
	- (·		

Bibliography 53

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

CICE ENLICO 2072 / 1 202 /

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-202-

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 197, *Hydrogen technologies*.

This first edition revises and replaces ISO 22734:2019 to focus on safety requirements. A new informative Annex C contains information regarding performance measurement, and operating with variable power input.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-202-

Introduction

In a hydrogen generator electrochemical cell, electricity causes dissociation of water into hydrogen and oxygen molecules. An electric current is passed between two electrodes separated by a conductive electrolyte or "ion transport medium", producing hydrogen at the negative electrode (cathode) and oxygen at the positive electrode (anode). As water is $\rm H_2O$, twice the volume of hydrogen is produced compared with oxygen.

Hydrogen gas produced using electrolysis technology can be utilized immediately or stored for later use.

The cell(s), and electrical, gas processing, ventilation, cooling, monitoring equipment and controls are contained within an enclosure. Gas compression, feed water conditioning, and auxiliary equipment may also be included.

This document is intended to be used for certification purposes.

NOTE See ISO/IEC 17000 for further guidance on certification.

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

oSIST prEN ISO 22734-1:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024

Hydrogen generators using water electrolysis —

Part 1:

General requirements, test protocols and safety requirements

1 Scope

This document defines the construction, safety, qualification test and documentation requirements of modular or factory-matched hydrogen gas generation appliances or systems, herein referred to as hydrogen generators, using electrochemical reactions to electrolyse water to produce hydrogen.

This document is applicable to hydrogen generators that use the following types of ion transport medium:

- aqueous alkaline (basic) electrolytes, such as solutions of potassium hydroxide or sodium hydroxide;
- aqueous acidic electrolytes such as dilute sulphuric acid;
- solid polymeric materials with acidic function group additions, such as acid proton exchange membrane (PEM);
- solid polymeric materials with basic function group additions, such as anion exchange membrane (AEM).

This document is applicable to hydrogen generators intended for industrial, commercial and residential uses, in indoor or outdoor environments.

Guidance for hydrogen generators that also provide oxygen used for industrial and commercial applications is provided in this document, however additional considerations may apply.

The following are excluded from the scope of this document:

- residential hydrogen generators that also supply oxygen as a product;
- hydrogen generators that can also be used to generate electricity, such as reversible fuel cells (refer to IEC 62282-8-101, IEC 62282-8-102 and IEC 62282-8-201);
 - hydrogen generators that use solid oxide electrolyte (refer to IEC 62282-8-101 and IEC 62282-8-201).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 1182, Reaction to fire tests for products — Non-combustibility test

ISO 3746, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane

ISO 3864-2, Graphical symbols — Safety colours and safety signs — Part 2: Design principles for product safety labels

ISO 4126-1, Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure — Part 1: Safety valves

ISO 4126-2, Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure — Part 2: Bursting disc safety devices

- ISO 4126-6, Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure Part 6: Application, selection and installation of bursting disc safety devices
- ISO 4126-9, Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure Part 9: Application and installation of safety devices excluding bursting disc
- ISO 4126-10, Safety devices for protection against excessive pressure Part 10: Sizing of safety valves for gasliquid two-phase flow
- ISO 7010, Graphical symbols Safety colours and safety signs Registered safety signs
- ISO 7866, Gas cylinders Refillable seamless aluminium alloy gas cylinders Design, construction and testing
- ISO 9300, Measurement of gas flow by means of critical flow nozzles
- ISO 9951, Measurement of gas flow in closed conduits Turbine meters
- ISO 9614-1, Acoustics Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound intensity Part 1: Measurement at discrete points
- ISO 9809-1, Gas cylinders Refillable seamless steel gas cylinders Design, construction and testing Part 1: Quenched and tempered steel cylinders with tensile strength less than 1 100 MPa
- ISO 10286, Gas cylinders Terminology
- ISO 10790, Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits Guidance to the selection, installation and use of Coriolis flowmeters (mass flow, density and volume flow measurements)
- ISO 11119-1, Gas cylinders Refillable composite gas cylinders and tubes Design, construction and testing Part 1: Hoop wrapped fibre reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450 l
- ISO 11119-2, Gas cylinders Refillable composite gas cylinders and tubes Design, construction and testing Part 2: Fully wrapped fibre reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450 l with load-sharing metal liners
- ISO 11119-3, Gas cylinders Refillable composite gas cylinders and tubes Design, construction and testing Part 3: Fully wrapped fibre reinforced composite gas cylinders and tubes up to 450L with non-load-sharing metallic or non-metallic liners
- ISO 12100, Safety of machinery General principles for design Risk assessment and risk reduction
- http ISO 12499, Industrial fans Mechanical safety of fans Guarding 8698-ee leb 171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024
 - ISO 13709, Centrifugal pumps for petroleum, petrochemical and natural gas industries
 - ${\tt ISO~13850}, \textit{Safety of machinery} \textit{Emergency stop function} \textit{Principles for design}$
 - ISO 13854, Safety of machinery Minimum gaps to avoid crushing of parts of the human body
 - ISO 13857, Safety of machinery Safety distances to prevent hazard zones being reached by upper and lower limbs
 - ISO 14511, Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits Thermal mass flowmeters
 - ISO 14847, Rotary positive displacement pumps Technical requirements
 - ISO 15534-1, Ergonomic design for the safety of machinery Part 1: Principles for determining the dimensions required for openings for whole-body access into machinery
 - ISO 15534-2, Ergonomic design for the safety of machinery Part 2: Principles for determining the dimensions required for access openings
 - ISO 15534-3, Ergonomic design for the safety of machinery Part 3: Anthropometric data
 - ISO 15649, Petroleum and natural gas industries Piping
 - ISO 16111, Transportable gas storage devices Hydrogen absorbed in reversible metal hydride

- ISO 16528-1, Boilers and pressure vessels Part 1: Performance requirements
- ISO 17398, Safety colours and safety signs Classification, performance and durability of safety signs
- ISO 19353, Safety of machinery Fire prevention and fire protection
- ISO 20485, Non-destructive testing Leak testing Tracer gas method
- ISO 26142, Hydrogen detection apparatus Stationary applications
- ISO 80079-36, Explosive atmospheres Part 36: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres Basic method and requirements
- ISO 80079-37, Explosive atmospheres Part 37: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres Non-electrical type of protection constructional safety "c", control of ignition sources "b", liquid immersion "k"
- IEC 31010:2019, Risk management Risk assessment techniques
- IEC 60068-2-18:2017, Environmental testing Part 2-18: Tests Test R and guidance: Water
- IEC 60079 (all parts), Explosive atmospheres
- IEC 60204-1, Safety of machinery Electrical equipment of machines Part 1: General requirements
- IEC 60335-1:2010, Household and similar electrical appliances Safety Part 1: General requirements
- IEC 60335-2-41, Household and similar electrical appliances Safety Part 2-41: Particular requirements for pumps
- IEC 60335-2-51, Household and similar electrical appliances Safety Part 2-51: Particular requirements for stationary circulation pumps for heating and service water installations
- IEC 60335-2-80, Household and similar electrical appliances Safety Part 2-80: Particular requirements for fans
- IEC 60364-4-41, Low voltage electrical installations Part 4-41: Protection for safety Protection against electric shock
- IEC 60364-4-43, Low-voltage electrical installations Part 4-43: Protection for safety Protection against overcurrent
- IEC 60445, Basic and safety principles for man-machine interface, marking and identification Identification of equipment terminals, conductor terminations and conductors
- IEC 60529, Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP Codes)
- IEC 60534 (all parts), Industrial-process control valves
- IEC 60695-11-10, Fire hazard testing Part 11-10: Test flames 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods
- IEC 60695-11-20, Fire hazard testing Part 11-20: Test flames 500 W Flame test methods
- IEC 60730-1:2013, Automatic electrical controls for household and similar use Part 1: General requirements
- IEC 60947-1, Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 1: General rules
- IEC 60998-2-2, Connecting devices for low-voltage circuits for household and similar purposes Part 2-2: Particular requirements for connecting devices as separate entities with screwless-type clamping units
- IEC 60999-1, Connecting devices Electrical copper conductors Safety requirements for screw-type and screwless-type clamping units Part 1: General requirements and particular requirements for clamping units for conductors from 0,2 mm2 up to 35 mm2 (included)
- IEC 60999-2, Connecting devices Electrical copper conductors Safety requirements for screw-type and screwless-type clamping units Part 2: Particular requirements for clamping units for conductors above 35 mm2 up to 300 mm2 (included)

IEC 61010-1:2010, Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61069-7, Industrial-process measurement and control — Evaluation of system properties for the purpose of system assessment — Part 7: Assessment of system safety

IEC 61131-1, Programmable controllers — Part 1: General information

IEC 61131-2, Programmable controllers — Part 2: Equipment requirements and tests

IEC 61508, Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

IEC 61672-1, Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 1: Specifications

IEC 61672-2, Electroacoustics — Sound level meters — Part 2: Pattern evaluation tests

IEC 62368-1, Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment — Part 1: Safety requirements

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

cell stack

assembly of two or more *electrochemical cells* (3.8) electrically connected in series and fluidically connected in parallel within a supporting structure, within or without a process containment vessel.

3.1.1

bipolar cell stack

cell stack (3.1) where each electrode is characterized by acting as an anode on one side, and a cathode on the other side

3.1.2

http**unipolar cell stack**/catalog/standards/sist/9a0213d9-9e82-4443-8b98-ee1cb171aa6e/osist-pren-iso-22734-1-2024

cell stack (3.1) where each electrode is characterized by acting as either an anode or a cathode

3.2

certification

third-party attestation related to products, processes, systems, or persons

[SOURCE: IEC 60050: 902-04-05, modified]

3.3

clean air

air that is essentially free of combustible dust, and contains no more than trace amounts of flammable vapour or gas

[SOURCE: IEC 60079-13]

3.4

commercial use

use of hydrogen generators by laypersons in non-manufacturing business facilities such as stores, hotels, office buildings, educational institutes, filling stations, warehouses, and other non-residential locations