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Designation: D3306-10 Designation: D3306 - 11

Standard Specification for Glycol Base Engine Coolant for Automobile and Light-Duty Service¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D3306; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for ethylene glycol or propylene glycol base engine coolants used in automobiles or other light duty service cooling systems. When concentrates are used at 40 to 70 % concentration by volume in water, or when prediluted glycol base engine coolants (50 volume % minimum) are used without further dilution, they will function effectively to provide protection against freezing, boiling, and corrosion.

1.2 The coolants governed by this specification are categorized as follows:

Coolant Type	Description
I II V	Ethylene glycol base concentrate Propylene glycol base concentrate Ethylene glycol base concentrate containing glycerin
III IV <u>VI</u>	Ethylene glycol predilute (50 vol %) Propylene glycol predilute (50 vol %) Ethylene glycol base predilute containing glycerin (50 vol %)

NOTE 1-This specification is based on the knowledge of the performance of engine coolants prepared from new or virgin ingredients. This specification shall also apply to engine coolants prepared using glycol generated from recycled or reprocessed used coolant or reprocessed industrial-source glycol, provided that said glycol meets the requirements of Specification E1177. Separate specifications (D6471 and D6472) exist for engine coolants prepared from recycled or reprocessed used coolant or reprocessed industrial-source glycol that does not meet the requirements established in Specification E1177. This specification shall also apply to glycol based engine coolants prepared using fully refined glycerin provided that said glycerin meets the requirements for Specification D7640.

1.3 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values in parentheses are for information only.

1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

NOTE 2-This specification applies to glycol base engine coolant for automobiles and light duty service. Specifications D4985 and D6210 exist for heavy duty engine service.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D512 Test Methods for Chloride Ion In Water

D516 Test Method for Sulfate Ion in Water

D1119 Test Method for Percent Ash Content of Engine Coolants

D1120 Test Method for Boiling Point of Engine Coolants

D1121 Test Method for Reserve Alkalinity of Engine Coolants and Antirusts

D1122 Test Method for Density or Relative Density of Engine Coolant Concentrates and Engine Coolants By The Hydrometer

D1123 Test Methods for Water in Engine Coolant Concentrate by the Karl Fischer Reagent Method

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard.

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¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D15 on Engine Coolants and <u>Related Fluids and</u> is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D15.07 on Specifications.

Current edition approved April Nov. 1, 2010:2011. Published May 2010. January 2012. Originally approved in 1974. Last previous edition approved in 20092010 as D3306 - 109. DOI: 10.1520/D3306-101.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

🖽 D3306 – 11

TABLE 1 General Requirements

Property	Specified	ASTM	
	Values	Test Method	
Color	Distinctive		
Effect on	No adverse	under-	
nonmetals	effect	consideration	
Effect on	No adverse	Under	
nonmetals	effect	consideration	

TABLE 2 Physical and Chemical Requirements for Concentrates

	ionnoai noquironnoino <u>tor e</u>			
Туре І	Type II	Type -III<u>_V</u>	Type IV	ASTM Test Me
1.110 to 1.145	1.030 to 1.065	1.065 min	1.025 min	D1122, D59
<u>1.110 to 1.145</u>	1.030 to 1.065	1.110 to 1.160 ^A	1.025 min	<u>D1122, D59</u>
<u>-36.4 (-33.5) max</u>	<u>-31.0 (-23.8) max</u>	<u>-36.4 (-33.5) max</u>	D1177, D6660 D1177, D6660	
-36.4 (-33.5) max	-31.0 (-23.8) max			
		-36.4 (-33.5) max	-31.0 (-23.8) max	
			D1120	
<u>108 (226) min</u> 108 (226) min 108 (226) min	<u>104 (219) min</u> 104 (219) min 104 (219) min	108 (226) min	<u>D1120</u>	
<u>163 (325) min</u>	152 (305 min) 152 (305 min)	108 (226) min 108 (226) min	104 (219) min 104 (219) min	
5 max	5 max al un	2.5 max	2.5 max	D1119
<u>5 max</u>	<u>5 max</u>	<u>5 max</u>	2.5 max	<u>D1119</u>
				D1287
7.5 to 11 7.5 to 11	7.5 to 11 7.5 to 11	7.5 to 11		<u>D1287</u>
		7.5 to 11	7.5 to 11	
25 max 25 max AS	25 max 25 max	25 max <u>25 max</u>	25 max 25 max	D3634, D582 <u>D3634, D58</u> 2
catalog/stgmdards/sist/c	dfb3fba9- <mark>5 max</mark> 9-4ae3-a	a89-9 notapplicable b61/	not applicable	D1123
<u>5 max</u>	<u>5 max</u>	<u>5 max</u>	not applicable	<u>D1123</u>
report ^D report ^F	report [₽] report ^F	report [₽] report ^F	report^D report^D	D1121 D1121
no effect	no effect	no effect	no effect	D1882 ^E
no effect	no effect	no effect	no effect	D1882 ^G
	Type I 1.110 to 1.145 1.110 to 1.145 -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max 108 (226) min 163 (325) min $5 max$ $5 max$ 7.5 to 11 7.5 max 25 max 5 max 5 max 7 7 7 <	Type I Type II 1.110 to 1.145 1.030 to 1.065 1.110 to 1.145 1.030 to 1.065 -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.9) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.9) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.9) max $\frac{108}{402}$ (226) min 104 (219) min 108 (226) min 104 (219) min 103 (226) min 104 (219) min 163 (325) min 152 (305 min) $5 max$ $5 max$ $5 max$ $5 max$ $5 max$ $5 max$ $25 max$ $25 max$ $25 max$ $5 max$ $7.5 t$	1.110 to 1.145 1.030 to 1.065 1.065 min 1.110 to 1.145 1.030 to 1.065 1.110 to 1.160 ⁴ -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -31.0 (-23.8) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-33.5) max -36.4 (-36.5) min -108 (226) min 104 (219) min	Type I Type II Type III Type IIII Type IIII Type III Type III Type III Type III Type IIII Type IIIII Type IIII Type IIIII Type IIIII Type IIIII Type IIIII <thtype iiiii<="" th=""> <thtype iiiiii<="" th=""> <</thtype></thtype>

^AType V engine coolant is ethylene glycol base containing glycerin. Other ingredients that do not meet Specifications E1177 and D7640 shall not be substituted in this blend.

^B For purposes of determining conformance with this specification, an observed value shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

BCTest Methods D1177 and D6660 work with glycol/glycerin mixtures. Field test devices based on refractive index and density are under development.

 $\frac{D}{2}$ Some precipitate may be observed at the end of the test. This should not be cause for rejection.

E In case of dispute, D3634 shall be the preferred test method.

 $\frac{\partial F}{\partial -}$ Value as agreed upon between the supplier and the customer.

EG Currently, many vehicle manufacturers prepare test panels using the specific paint finishes employed on their actual products. Coolant suppliers and vehicle manufacturers should agree on the exact test procedures and acceptance criteria on an individual basis.

D1126 Test Method for Hardness in Water

D1177 Test Method for Freezing Point of Aqueous Engine Coolants

D1287 Test Method for pH of Engine Coolants and Antirusts

D1293 Test Methods for pH of Water

D1384 Test Method for Corrosion Test for Engine Coolants in Glassware

D1881 Test Method for Foaming Tendencies of Engine Coolants in Glassware

🖽 D3306 – 11

TABLE 3 Physical and Chemical Requirements for Predilute

	Intelle of Infoldar and	ononnoar noquironnonno ro	TTTounato	
Property	Type III	Type IV	Type VI	ASTM Test Method
Relative density 15.5/15.5°C (60/60°F)	<u>1.065 min</u>	<u>1.025 min</u>	<u>1.065 min⁴</u>	<u>D1122, D5931</u>
Freezing point, ^{<i>B,C</i>} °C (°F), undiluted	<u>-36.4 (-33.5) max</u>	<u>-31.0 (-23.8) max</u>	<u>-36.4 (-33.5 (max)</u>	D1177, D6660
Boiling point, ^{B,D} °C (°F), undiluted	<u>108 (226) min</u>	<u>104 (219) min</u>	108 (226) min	<u>D1120</u>
Ash content, mass %	<u>2.5 max</u>	<u>2.5 max</u>	<u>2.5 max</u>	D1119
pH, undiluted	7.5 to 11	7.5 to 11	7.5 to 11	D1287
<u>Chloride, μg/g</u>	<u>25 max</u>	<u>25 max</u>	<u>25 max</u>	D3634, D5827 ^E
Water, mass %	<u>not</u> applicable	not applicable	not applicable	<u>D1123</u>
Reserve alkalinity, mL	<u>report</u> ^F	<u>report</u> ^F	<u>report</u> ^F	<u>D1121</u>
Effect on automotive finish (use clear coat thermoset urethane or acrylic urethane finish)	no effect	no effect	no effect	<u>D1882^G</u>

^AType VI engine coolant is ethylene glycol base containing glycerin. Other ingredients that do not meet Specifications E1177 and D7640 shall not be substituted in this blend.

^B For purposes of determining conformance with this specification, an observed value shall be rounded "to the nearest unit" in the last right-hand digit used in expressing the specification limit, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

2 Test Methods D1177 and D6660 work with glycol/glycerin mixtures. Field test devices based on refractive index and density are under development.

^D Some precipitate may be observed at the end of the test. This should not be cause for rejection.

^E In case of dispute, D3634 shall be the preferred test method.

^F Value as agreed upon between the supplier and the customer.

^GCurrently, many vehicle manufacturers prepare test panels using the specific paint finishes employed on their actual products. Coolant suppliers and vehicle manufacturers should agree on the exact test procedures and acceptance criteria on an individual basis.

- D1882 Test Method for Effect of Cooling System Chemical Solutions on Organic Finishes for Automotive Vehicles
- D2570 Test Method for Simulated Service Corrosion Testing of Engine Coolants
- D2809 Test Method for Cavitation Corrosion and Erosion-Corrosion Characteristics of Aluminum Pumps With Engine Coolants D3321 Test Method for Use of the Refractometer for Field Test Determination of the Freezing Point of Aqueous Engine
- Coolants ASTM D3306-1
- D3634 Test Method for Trace Chloride Ion in Engine Coolants 2809-4ae3-aa89-9c11ee1a5b61/astm-d3306-11
- D4327 Test Method for Anions in Water by Suppressed Ion Chromatography
- D4340 Test Method for Corrosion of Cast Aluminum Alloys in Engine Coolants Under Heat-Rejecting Conditions
- D4725 Terminology for Engine Coolants
- D4985 Specification for Low Silicate Ethylene Glycol Base Engine Coolant for Heavy Duty Engines Requiring a Pre-Charge of Supplemental Coolant Additive (SCA)
- D5827 Test Method for Analysis of Engine Coolant for Chloride and Other Anions by Ion Chromatography
- D5931 Test Method for Density and Relative Density of Engine Coolant Concentrates and Aqueous Engine Coolants by Digital Density Meter
- D6130 Test Method for Determination of Silicon and Other Elements in Engine Coolant by Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectroscopy
- D6210 Specification for Fully-Formulated Glycol Base Engine Coolant for Heavy-Duty Engines

D6471 Specification for Recycled Prediluted Aqueous Glycol Base Engine Coolant (50 Volume % Minimum) for Automobile and Light-Duty Service

- D6472 Specification for Recycled Glycol Base Engine Coolant Concentrate for Automobile and Light-Duty Service
- D6660 Test Method for Freezing Point of Aqueous Ethylene Glycol Base Engine Coolants by Automatic Phase Transition Method
- D7640 Specification for Engine Coolant Grade Glycerin
- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E394 Test Method for Iron in Trace Quantities Using the 1,10-Phenanthroline Method
- E1177 Specification for Engine Coolant Grade Glycol
- 2.2 Other Documents:

🕼 D3306 – 11

TABLE-3 4 Performance Requirements^A

Property	Specific Values	ASTM Test Method	Test Solution Concentration, vol % Glycol
Property	Specific Values	ASTM Test Method	Test Solution Concentration, vol % Product
Corrosion in glassware		D1384 ^{<i>B</i>}	33
Weight loss, mg/specimen			
copper	10 max		
solder	30 max		
brass	10 max		
steel	10 max		
cast iron	10 max		
aluminum	30 max		
Simulated service test		D2570 ^C	44
Weight loss, mg/specimen			
copper	20 max		
solder	60 max		
brass	20 max		
steel	20 max		
cast iron	20 max		
aluminum	60 max		
Corrosion of Cast Aluminum Alloys at			
Heat-Rejecting Surfaces, mg/cm ² /week	1.0 max	D4340 ^D	25
Foaming		D1881 ^E	33
Volume, mL	150 max		
Break time, s	5 max	_	
Cavitation-Erosion	8 min	D2809 ^F	17
Rating for pitting, cavitation, and erosion of the water pump			

^A For engine coolant concentrates, test solutions shall be prepared in accordance with the directions provided in the individual ASTM test methods noted. For prediluted engine coolants, prepare test solutions using the directions provided in Footnotes B through F.

^B For prediluted coolants, prepare the test solution by mixing 67 volume % of the adjusted (see 5.6) prediluted product with 33 volume % ASTM Type IV reagent water. Add 99 mg of sodium sulfate, 110 mg of sodium chloride, and 92 mg of sodium bicarbonate per litre of test solution.

^C For prediluted coolants, prepare the test solution by mixing 88 volume % of the adjusted (see 5.6) prediluted product with 12 volume % ASTM Type IV reagent water. Add 83 mg of sodium sulfate, 92 mg of sodium chloride, and 77 mg of sodium bicarbonate per litre of test solution.

^D For prediluted coolants, prepare the test solution by mixing 50 volume % of the adjusted (see 5.6) prediluted product with 50 volume % ASTM Type IV reagent water. Add 165 mg of sodium chloride per litre of test solution.

^E For prediluted coolants, prepare the test solution by mixing 67 volume % of the adjusted (see 5.6) prediluted product with 33 volume % ASTM Type II reagent water. ^F For prediluted coolants, prepare the test solution by mixing 33 volume % of the adjusted (see 5.6) prediluted product with 67 volume % ASTM Type IV reagent water. Add 123 mg of sodium sulfate, 137 mg of sodium chloride, and 115 mg of sodium bicarbonate per litre of test solution.

Federal Method 2540B Total Dissolved Solids Dried at 103–105°C³

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3. Terminology

3.1Definitions:

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *other glycols*, *n*—*in ethylene glycol base engine coolant*, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, tetraethylene glycol, propylene glycol, dipropylene glycol, tripropylene glycol, and 1,3-propanediol.

3.1.2 *other glycols, n—in propylene glycol base engine coolant,* ethylene glycol, diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol, tripropylene glycol, and 1,3-propanediol.

3.1.3For definitions of other terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology

3.1.3 glycerin—Specification D7640 grade glycerin for engine coolant.

3.1.4 For definitions of other terms used in this specification, refer to Terminology D4725.

4. General Requirements

4.1 Engine coolant concentrates or prediluted glycol base engine coolants shall be formulated with either ethylene glycol or propylene glycol meeting Specification E1177, water, and shall contain suitable corrosion inhibitors, dye, and a foam suppressor.

4.2 Ethylene glycol base engine coolant concentrates (Type I) may contain a maximum of 15 % other glycols, as long as the physical, chemical, and performance requirements of this specification can be met. Similarly, prediluted ethylene glycol base coolants (Type III) may contain a maximum of 7.5 % other glycols as long as all of the requirements of this specification can be met.

4.3 Propylene glycol base engine coolant concentrates (Type II) may contain a combined maximum of 1 % other glycols (less than 0.5 % for prediluted propylene glycol base coolants, Type IV) and all of the physical, chemical, and performance requirements of this specification must be met.

³ Standard Method for the Examination of Water and Wastewater. American Public Health Association, et al, 1015 15th Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005.