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ISO 5071-1

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Brown coals and lignites — Determination of the volatile matter in the analysis sample —

Part 1: **Two-furnace method**

Charbons bruns et lignites — Détermination des matières volatiles dans l'échantillon pour analyse —

Partie 1: Méthode avec utilisation de deux fours

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 27, *Coal and coke*, Subcommittee SC 5, *Methods of analysis*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 5071-1:2013), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- referenced documents have been updated;
- terms and definitions have been added:
- sample has been added;
- calculation and expression of results have been amended;
- precision has been amended;
- test report has been amended.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

The volatile matter is determined as the loss in mass, corrected for moisture, when an analysis sample of brown coal or lignite is heated out of contact with air under specified conditions. The test is empirical and, in order to obtain reproducible results, it is essential that the rate of heating, the final temperature and the overall duration of the test be carefully controlled. Due to the nature of brown coals and lignites, initial heating of the sample at 400 °C is necessary to minimize the possibility of ejection of sample from the test crucible.

Mineral matter associated with the sample may also lose mass under the conditions of the test, the magnitude of the loss being dependent on both the nature and the quantity of the minerals present.

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