## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3353-1

Second edition 2020-12

## Aerospace — Lead and runout threads —

Part 1: Rolled external threads

Aéronautique et espace — Filets incomplets, débuts et fins de filets — Partie 1: Filetages extérieurs roulés

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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 20, Aircraft and space vehicles Subcommittee SC 4, Aerospace fastener systems.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3353-1:2002), of which it constitutes a minor revision.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows: <sup>47-ab0d-19e3e70439de/iso-3353-1-2020</sup>

- update of the term "lead threads";
- editorially revised.

A list of all parts in the ISO 3353 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Aerospace — Lead and runout threads —

#### Part 1:

### Rolled external threads

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies the lead and runout requirements for rolled external threads for aerospace construction, and the inspection method to be used in case of dispute.

It is applicable whenever it is referenced in a definition document.

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="http://www.electropedia.org/">http://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

#### lead thread

portion of the incomplete thread that is fully formed at the root but not at the crest which occurs at the beginning end of either external or internal threads

#### 3.2

#### runout thread

part of the screw thread in which is located the thread incompletely formed during rolling, between the completely formed threads and the part which has not been rolled

#### 3.3

#### completely formed thread

thread, the profile of which (ABC) is located, over an axial distance of 1*P*, within the limits specified in the definition document for the thread

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1.

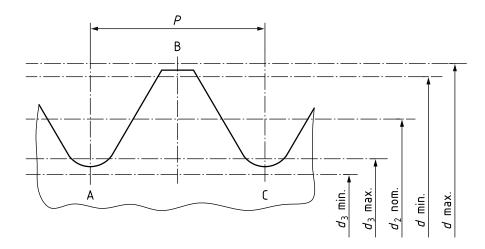


Figure 1 — Completely formed thread

#### 4 Symbols for threads

- d the major diameter of the thread
- $d_2$  the pitch diameter of the thread
- $d_3$  the minor diameter of the thread
- P the thread pitch (https://standards.i)

#### 5 Requirements

#### 5.1 General requirements

The flanks at the root of the incompletely formed threads shall be joined by a radius or by two radii and a flat, that are smooth and devoid of abrupt tool marks. This radius, or these radii and the radius r (see Figure 3 to Figure 9) shall be greater than or equal to the minimum root radius specified for the complete threads in the definition document for the thread.

#### 5.2 Lead threads

See Figure 2.