

# SLOVENSKI STANDARD oSIST prEN 50483-5:2024

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Zahteve za preskušanje pribora za nizkonapetostne izolirane nadzemne kable - 5. del: Preskus električnega staranja

Test requirements for low voltage aerial bundled cable accessories - Part 5: Electrical ageing test

Prüfanforderungen für Bauteile für isolierte Niederspannungsfreileitungen - Teil 5: Elektrische Alterungsprüfungen

Prescriptions relatives aux essais des accessoires pour réseaux aériens basse tension torsadés - Partie 5: Essai de vieillissement électrique

Ta slovenski standard je istoveten z: prEN 50483-5

ICS:

29.240.20 Daljnovodi Power transmission and

distribution lines

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### EUROPEAN STANDARD NORME EUROPÉENNE EUROPÄISCHE NORM

# **DRAFT** prEN 50483-5

October 2024

ICS 29.240.20

Will supersede EN 50483-5:2009

#### **English Version**

# Test requirements for low voltage aerial bundled cable accessories - Part 5: Electrical ageing test

Prescriptions relatives aux essais des accessoires pour réseaux aériens basse tension torsadés - Partie 5: Essai de vieillissement électrique

Prüfanforderungen für Bauteile für isolierte Niederspannungsfreileitungen - Teil 5: Elektrische Alterungsprüfungen

This draft European Standard is submitted to CENELEC members for enquiry. Deadline for CENELEC: 2025-01-10.

It has been drawn up by CLC/TC 20.

If this draft becomes a European Standard, CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

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Recipients of this draft are invited to submit, with their comments, notification of any relevant patent rights of which they are aware and to provide supporting documentation.

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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	European foreword		Page	
1			3	
2	Intro	duction	4	
3	1	Scope	5	
4	2	Normative references	5	
5	3	Terms and definitions	5	
6	4	Symbols	7	
7 8	5 5.1	Type testPrinciple	9 9	
9	5.2	Test arrangement	9	
10 11	5.3 5.4	Test specimen Measurement		
12	5. <del>4</del> 5.5	Heat cycle		
13	5.6	Requirements		
14	Annex A (normative) Equalizers27			
15	<b>A.1</b>	General Standards	27	
16	<b>A.2</b>	Copper conductors		
17	A.3	Stranded aluminium conductors (Figure A.1)	27	
18	<b>A.4</b>	Dimensions	28	
19	Annex B (informative) Recommendations to improve accuracy of measurement29			
20	B.1	Handling the test loop	29	
21 <sub>ht</sub>	<b>B.2</b>	Measurements, instruments and readings	<b>29</b> -5-2	
22	Biblio	Bibliography30		

#### 23 European foreword

- 24 This document [prEN 50483-5:2024] has been prepared by WG 11 of CLC/TC 20 "Electric cables".
- 25 This document is currently submitted to the Enquiry.
- 26 The following dates are proposed:
  - latest date by which the existence of this document has to be announced at national level
- (doa) dav + 6 months
- latest date by which this document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- (dop) dav + 12 months
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn
- (dow) dav + 36 months (to be confirmed or modified when voting)
- 27 This document will supersede EN 50483-5:2009 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).
- prEN 50483-5:2024 includes the following significant technical changes with respect to EN 50483-5:2009:
- 29 inclusion of explicit brackets in the scope of testing.
- 30 This is Part 5 of CENELEC standard EN 50483 "Test requirements for low voltage aerial bundled cable
- 31 accessories", which has six parts:
- 32 Part 1: Generalities:
- 33 Part 2: Tension and suspension clamps, fittings and brackets for self supporting system;
- 34 Part 3: Tension and suspension clamps for neutral messenger system;
- 35 Part 4: Connectors;
- 36 Part 5: Electrical ageing test;
- 37 Part 6: Environmental testing.

#### Introduction

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- The objective of the EN 50483 series is to provide a method of testing the suitability of accessories when used under normal operating conditions with low voltage aerial bundled cables (ABC) complying with HD 626.
  - This European Standard does not invalidate existing approvals of products achieved on the basis of national standards and specifications and/or the demonstration of satisfactory service performance. However, products approved according to such national standards or specifications cannot directly claim approval to this European Standard. It may be possible, subject to agreement between supplier and purchaser, and/or the relevant conformity assessment body, to demonstrate that conformity to the earlier standard can be used to claim conformity to this standard, provided an assessment is made of any additional type testing that may need to be carried out. Any such additional testing that is part of a sequence of testing cannot be done separately.

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#### 49 **1 Scope**

- 50 EN 50483 series applies to overhead line fittings for tensioning, supporting and connecting aerial bundled cables (ABC) of rated voltage  $U_0/U$  ( $U_m$ ): 0,6/1 (1,2) kV.
- 52 This Part 5 applies to the connections described in prEN 50483-4, including branch connectors, Insulation
- 53 Piercing Connectors (IPC), pre-insulated lugs (terminals) and through pre-insulated connectors (sleeves).
- 54 Two classes of connectors are covered by this document:
- Class A: These are connectors intended for electricity distribution or industrial networks in which they can
   be subjected to short-circuits of relatively high intensity and duration. As a consequence, Class A
   connectors will be suitable for the majority of applications.
- 58 *Class B*: These are connectors for networks in which overloads or short-circuits are rapidly cleared by the operation of protection devices.
- 60 Depending on their application, the connectors are subjected to heat cycles and short-circuit current tests.
- 61 Class A: the connectors are subjected to heat cycles and short-circuit current tests.
- 62 Class B: the connectors are subjected to heat cycles only.
- The object of this Part 5 is to define the heating cycles test methods and requirements which apply to
- 64 compression through connectors, insulation piercing connectors and all other type of connections for low
- 65 voltage aerial bundled cables.

#### 2 Normative references

- The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes
- 68 requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references,
- 69 the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.
- 70 prEN 50483-1:2024, Test requirements for low voltage aerial bundled cable accessories Part 1: Generalities
- 71 IEC 61238-1-2:2018, Compression and mechanical connectors for power cables Part 1-2:Test methods and
- 72 requirements for insulation piercing connectors for power cables for rated voltages up to 1kV (Um=1.2kV)
- 73 tested on insulated conductors
- 74 IEC 60050-461, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary (IEV) Part 461: Electric cables

#### 75 3 Terms and definitions

- 76 For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60050-461 and the following apply.
- 77 ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:
- 78 ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp/">https://www.iso.org/obp/</a>
- 79 IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>
- 80 **3.1**

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- 81 adiabatic
- 82 occurring with no addition or loss of heat from the system under consideration
- 83 **3.2**
- 84 aerial bundled cable (ABC)
- aerial cable consisting of a group of insulated conductors which are twisted together including, or not, a non
- 86 insulated conductor

87 [SOURCE: IEV 461-08-02, modified] 88 Note 1 to entry: The terms bundled conductors, bundled cables, bundled cores, conductor bundles and bundle could be 89 used as equivalent to the term aerial bundled cable (ABC). 90 3.3 91 aerial-insulated-cable insulated cable designed to be suspended overhead and outdoors 92 [SOURCE: IEV 461-08-01] 93 94 3.4 95 branch connector metallic device for connecting a branch conductor to a main conductor at an intermediate point on the latter 96 97 [SOURCE: IEV 461-17-05] 98 3.5 99 branch conductor 100 conductor connected to the main conductor by a connector 101 3.6 102 conductor insulation 103 insulation applied on a conductor 104 [SOURCE: IEV 461-02-02, modified] 3.7 105 conductor (of a cable) 106 part of a cable which has the specific function of carrying current 107 108 [SOURCE: IEV 461-01-01] 109 3.8 connector ds.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/35af48f5-1d95-41b3-9865-7dbff635cc08/osist-pren-50483-5-2024 110 111 metallic device to connect cable conductors together 112 [SOURCE: IEV 461-17-03] 3.9 113 114 assembly comprising conductor and its own insulation 115 [SOURCE: IEV 461-04-04, modified] 116 117 3.10 118 equalizer arrangement used in the test loop to ensure a point of equipotential and uniform current distribution in a 119 120 stranded conductor 121 [SOURCE: IEC 61238-1-2:2018, 3.5] 122 3.11 123 insulation (of a cable) 124 insulating materials incorporated in a cable with the specific function of withstanding voltage [IEV 461-02-01]

125 3.12 126 insulation piercing connector (IPC) 127 connector in which electrical contact with the conductor is made by metallic protrusions which pierce the insulation of the ABC core 128 129 [SOURCE: IEV 461-11-08, modified] 130 3.13 131 median connector 132 connector which during the first heat cycle records the third highest temperature of the six connectors in the 133 test loop 134 3.14 135 pre-insulated (terminal) lug 136 insulated metallic device for connecting an insulated cable conductor to other electrical equipment 137 [SOURCE: IEC 61238-1-2:2018, 3.8] 138 3.15 139 pre-insulated through connector (sleeve) insulated metallic device for connecting two consecutive lengths of insulated conductors 140 141 3.16 142 reference conductor length of conductor(s) without any joints, which is included in the test loop and which enables the reference 143 temperature and reference resistance(s) to be determined 144 145 3.17 146 reusable connector 147 connector for connecting ABC to stripped cable or bare conductor where only the branch connection can be 148 reused 149 3.18 150 sheath uniform and continuous tubular covering of metallic or non metallic material, generally extruded 151 [SOURCE: IEV 461-05-03] 152 3.19 153 154 shear head 155 head of a bolt, or a device fitted over the head of a bolt or a nut, which is designed to break at a specified 156 torque 157 3.20 158 test required to be made before supplying a type of material covered by this standard on a general 159 commercial basis, in order to demonstrate satisfactory performance characteristics to meet the intended 160 161 application 162 Note 1 to entry: These tests are of such a nature that, after they have been made, they need not be repeated unless 163 changes are made to the accessory materials, design or type of manufacturing process which might change the 164 performance characteristics.

#### 165 **4 Symbols**

 $A, A_1, A_2$  electrical cross-sectional area of the conductors

D conductor diameter

equalizer diameter  $D_{\mathsf{Eq}}$ conductor length between connectors d direct current flowing through a connection during resistance measurement equivalent r.m.s. short-circuit current  $I_{\rm rms}$ alternating current necessary to maintain the reference conductor at its  $I_{N}$ equilibrium temperature lengths of the conductor assembly associated with the measurement points  $\ell_{\mathsf{a}}, \ell_{\mathsf{b}}, \ell_{\mathsf{i}}$ after jointing  $\ell_{\rm e}$ length of equalizer  $\ell_{r,\ell_{ra}}$ ,  $\ell_{rb}$ length of the reference conductor between measurement points  $R_1, R_2$ linear resistance of conductors of respectively cross-section A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> the calculated resistance between two equalizers and corrected to 20 °C  $R_{20}, R_{ra}, R_{rb}$ TC thermocouple  $t_1$ heating period within heat cycle cooling period within heat cycle  $t_2$ time period to reach the required temperature on the reference cable t<sub>1-a</sub> time period of stable temperature on the median connector  $t_{1-b}$ potential difference between measurement points of reference conductor of  $U_{AB}$ cross-section A<sub>1</sub> potential difference between measurement points of the connector  $U_{CD}$  $U_{\mathsf{FF}}$ potential difference between measurement points of reference conductor of cross-section A2 temperature coefficient of resistance at 20 °C-7dbff635cc08/osist-pren-50483-5-2024 http://standards.iteh.ai/catalo β mean scatter of the connector resistance factors Δθ itemperature difference between reference cable and connector initial scatter of the connector resistance factors δ λ resistance factor ratio; change in the resistance of the connector relative to its initial resistance θ temperature of a connector while measuring resistances  $\theta_{\rm max}$ maximum temperature recorded on a connector over the total period of test  $\theta_{N}$ highest rated temperature of insulating compound in normal operation temperature of the reference conductor determined in the first heat cycle  $\theta_{\mathsf{R}}$ temperature of the reference conductor while measuring resistances  $\theta_{\rm r}$ temperature of the reference conductor at the moment of measuring  $\theta_{\max}$  $\theta_{\text{ref}}$ 

#### 166 **5 Type test**

#### 167 **5.1 Principle**

- 168 Connectors shall be subjected to 1 000 cycles of heating and cooling. The cold resistance of the connectors
- shall be measured at specific steps to determine their suitability when used with conductors carrying a load.
- Heat cycle and, short-circuit tests shall be made with alternating current.
- 171 Direct current may be used for heat cycle only when agreed between the customer and the manufacturer
- and/or the supplier.

#### 173 **5.2 Test arrangement**

#### 174 **5.2.1** Installation

#### 175 **5.2.1.1 General**

- 176 The test circuit shall be as shown in Figure 5, 6, 7 8 or 9.
- 177 Figures 5, 6, 7 8 and 9 represent the test circuits respectively for main and branch connectors having equal
- 178 cross-sections and linear resistance(s); for main and branch connectors having unequal cross-sections and
- 179 linear resistance(s); for through connectors having equal or unequal cross-sections and linear resistance(s);
- 180 for terminal lugs.

#### 181 5.2.1.2 Optional immersion test

- prEN 50483-6:2024, 8.4.3.1 provides an optional immersion test for samples which are intended for use in
- 183 saline polluted areas. When the inclusion of this test has been agreed between the customer and the
- manufacturer and/or the supplier, this heat cycle test shall be modified to accommodate immersion of the test
- 185 samples during each cycle.

### 186 5.2.2 Disconnection devices OCUMENT Preview

- The test circuit may include sectioning joints so that it can be dismantled and short-circuit tests can be made
- 188 easily.
- 189 In Figure 6, the disconnection devices (X) are
- closed when the circuit is carrying heating current, and
- opened when resistance measurements and short-circuit applications are being made.
- 192 The sectioning joints shall be arranged and constructed so that they do not significantly affect the
- 193 measurements.

#### 194 **5.2.3 Conductors**

- 195 Phase and neutral conductors including reference conductors used in the test circuit shall remain insulated
- 196 (except bare conductors).

#### 197 5.2.4 Method of measuring ambient temperature

- 198 It is important that ambient temperature is measured accurately and is not affected by the heating produced
- 199 by the test. The following provides a proven method for achieving this measurement though alternative
- 200 methods can be used.
- 201 Ambient temperature shall be measured at the middle of the test loop with a thermocouple whose junction is
- 202 placed in a polished metallic tube manufactured from metal foil formed into a cylinder. Its height shall be
- 203 100 mm and its diameter shall be between 35 mm and 45 mm. The thermocouple shall be located
- approximately at one third of the tube height from its upper end and fitted to it (e.g. with a cross-support).