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Priključki v pristanišču - 1. del: Visokonapetostni priključni sistemi na kopnem (sistemi HVSC) - Splošne zahteve

Utility connections in port - Part 1: High voltage shore connection (HVSC) systems - General requirements

Stromversorgungsanschlüsse im Hafen - Teil 1: Hochspannungs-Landanschlusssysteme (HVSC-Systeme) - Allgemeine Anforderungen

Alimentation des navires à quai - Partie 1 : Systèmes de connexion à quai à haute tension - Exigences générales

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47.020.60 Električna oprema ladij in

konstrukcij na morju

Electrical equipment of ships and of marine structures

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prEN IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2024 (E)

European foreword

This document (prEN IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2024) consists of the text of IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019 + IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019/AMD1:2022 + IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019/AMD2:2023 prepared by IEC/TC 18 "Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units".

This document is currently submitted to the Enquiry.

The following dates are proposed:

- latest date by which the existence of this document (doa) dor + 6 months has to be announced at national level
- latest date by which this document has to be (dop) dor + 12 months implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards (dow) dor + 36 months conflicting with this document have to be withdrawn (to be confirmed or modified when voting)

This document has been prepared under a standardization request addressed to CENELEC by the European Commission. The Standing Committee of the EFTA States subsequently approves these requests for its Member States.

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Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cencenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	EN/HD	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60034	series	Rotating electrical machines	EN IEC 60034	series
IEC 60050-151	2001	International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices	-	-
IEC 60076	series	Power transformers 2000 2000 S	EN IEC 60076	series
IEC 60079	series	Explosive atmospheres	EN IEC 60079	series
IEC 60092-101	ĹII	Electrical installations in ships – Part 101: Definitions and general requirements	.ai) <u>.</u>	-
IEC 60092-201	1994	Electrical installations in ships – Part 201: System design – General	-	-
IEC 60092-301 lards.iteh.ai/catalog	- /standa	Electrical installations in ships – Part 301: Equipment – Generators and motors	bd8da/osist-pren-	ec-ieee-8
IEC 60092-503	-	Electrical installations in ships – Part 503: Special features – AC supply systems with voltages in the range of above 1 kV up to and including 15 kV	-	-
IEC 60092-504	2016	Electrical installations in ships – Part 504: Automation, control and instrumentation	-	-
IEC 60146-1	series	Semiconductor convertors – General requirements and line commutated convertors	EN IEC 60146-1	series
IEC 60204-11	2000	Safety of machinery – Electrical equipment of machines – Part 11: Requirements for HV equipment for voltages above 1 000 V a.c. or 1 500 V d.c. and not exceeding 36 kV	EN 60204-11	2000
IEC 60332-1-2	-	Tests on electric and optical fibre cables under fire conditions – Part 1-2: Test for vertical flame propagation for a single insulated wire or cable – Procedure for 1 kW premixed flame	EN 60332-1-2	-

prEN IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2024 (E)

IEC 60364-4-41	-	Low-voltage electrical installations – Part 4-41: Protection for safety – Protection against electric shock	HD 60364-4-41	-
IEC 60502-2	-	Power cables with extruded insulation and their accessories for rated voltages from 1 kV (Um = 1,2 kV) up to 30 kV (Um = 36 kV) – Part 2: Cables for rated voltages from 6 kV (Um = 7,2 kV) up to 30 kV (Um = 36 kV)	-	-
IEC 60947-5-1	-	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 5-1: Control circuit devices and switching elements – Electromechanical control circuit devices	FprEN IEC 60947-5-1	-
IEC 61363-1	-	Electrical installations of ships and mobile and fixed offshore units – Part 1: Procedures for calculating short-circuit currents in three-phase a.c.	-	-
IEC 61936-1	-	Power installations exceeding 1 kV a.c. – Part 1: Common rules	EN IEC 61936-1	-
IEC 62271-200	-	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear – Part 200: AC metal-enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV	EN IEC 62271-200	-
IEC 62613-1	- (h	Plugs, socket-outlets and ship couplers for high-voltage shore connection systems (HVSC-Systems) – Part 1: General requirements	h.ai)	-
IEC 62613-2		Plugs, socket-outlets and ship couplers for high-voltage shore connection systems (HVSC-Systems) – Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for accessories to be used by various types of ships	EN IEC 62613-2	2018 -ieee-80005-1-2
IEC/IEEE 80005-2	-	Utility connections in port – Part 2: High and low voltage shore connection systems – Data communication for monitoring and control	- -	-
IEEE C37.20.2	-	Standard for Metal-Clad Switchgear	-	-
IMO	2014	International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea (SOLAS):1974, Consolidated edition 2014	-	-



IEC/IEEE 80005-1

Edition 2.2 2023-08 CONSOLIDATED VERSION

FINAL VERSION

Utility connections in port – Part 1: High voltage shore connection (HVSC) systems – General requirements

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- 2 - IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019+AMD1:2022 +AMD2:2023 CSV © IEC/IEEE 2023

CONTENTS

FC	REWO	RD	6		
IN	TRODU	CTION	9		
1	Scop	10			
2	Normative references				
3	Term	s and definitions	12		
4		ral requirements			
7	4.1	System description			
	4.2	Distribution system			
	4.2.1	General			
	4.2.2	Equipotential bonding			
	4.3	Compatibility assessment before connection			
	4.4	HVSC system design and operation			
	4.4.1				
	4.4.1	System design			
	4.4.2	Personnel safety			
	4.6	Design requirements			
	4.6.1	General			
	4.6.2	Protection against moisture and condensation			
	4.6.3	Location and construction			
	4.6.4	Electrical equipment in areas where flammable gas or vapour and/or	10		
	4.0.4	combustible dust can be present	17		
	4.7	Electrical requirements	17		
	4.8 System study and calculations		17		
	4.9	Emergency shutdown including emergency-stop facilities	18		
	4.10	Ship specifc annexes S.T. pr.F.N. IEC/IEEE 80005-1-2024			
5	HV s	nore supply system requirements 5.64.41.3h-443h-444.618.6hd8da/osist-pren-icc-i	<u>ee</u> q90005-1-2024		
	5.1	Voltages and frequencies	19		
	5.2	Quality of HV shore supply	21		
6	Shore	e side installation	22		
	6.1	General	22		
	6.2	System component requirements	22		
	6.2.1	Circuit-breaker, disconnector and earthing switch			
	6.2.2	Transformer			
	6.2.3	Neutral earthing resistor	23		
	6.2.4	Equipment-earthing conductor bonding			
	6.3	Shore-to-ship electrical protection system			
	6.4	HV interlocking			
	6.4.1	General	24		
	6.4.2	Operating of the high-voltage (HV) circuit breakers, disconnectors and			
		earthing switches	25		
	6.5	Shore connection convertor equipment	25		
	6.5.1	General	25		
	6.5.2	Degree of protection	26		
	6.5.3	Cooling	26		
	6.5.4	Protection	26		
7	Ship-	to-shore connection and interface equipment	26		
	7.1	General	26		

	7.2	Cable management system	27
	7.2.1	General	27
	7.2.2	Monitoring of cable mechanical tension	27
	7.2.3	Monitoring of the cable length	27
	7.2.4	Connectors protection	28
	7.2.5	Equipotential bond monitoring	28
	7.2.6	S Slip ring units	28
	7.3	Connectors	28
	7.3.1	General	28
	7.3.2	Pilot contacts	29
	7.3.3	Earth contact	29
	7.4	Interlocking of earthing switches	29
	7.5	Ship-to-shore connection cable	29
	7.6	Control and monitoring cable	30
	7.7	Storage	30
	7.8	Data communication	30
8	Ship	requirements	30
	8.1	General	30
	8.2	Ship electrical distribution system protection	
	8.2.1	·	
	8.2.2	Tob Standard	
	8.3	Shore connection switchboard	
	8.3.1		
	8.3.2		
	8.3.3	Lioonmont Provious	
	8.4	Onboard transformer	
	8.5	Onboard receiving switchboard connection point	
		/cata General ards/sist/s7f5s6f2.h5sd.413h.ad3h.44ssfR6hd8da/ssis	
	8.5.2		
	8.5.3		
	8.5.4		
	8.5.5		
	8.6	Ship power restoration	
9		C system control and monitoring	
Ū	9.1	General	
	9.1	Load transfer via blackout	
	9.3	Load transfer via automatic synchronization	
	9.3.1	•	
	9.3.1		
1(ication and testing	
10		-	
	10.1	General	
	10.2	Initial tests of shore side installation	
	10.2.		
	10.2.		
	10.3	Initial tests of ship-side installation	
	10.3.		
	10.3.		
	10.4	Tests at the first call at a shore supply point	
	10.4.	.1 General	37

- 4 - IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019+AMD1:2022 +AMD2:2023 CSV © IEC/IEEE 2023

10.4.2 Tests	38		
11 Periodic tests and maintenance	38		
11.1 General	38		
11.2 Tests at repeated calls of a shore supply point	38		
11.2.1 General			
11.2.2 Verification	38		
11.3 Earthing bonding connections	39		
12 Documentation	39		
12.1 General	39		
12.2 System description	39		
Annex A (informative) Ship-to-shore connection cable	40		
A.1 Rated voltage	40		
A.2 General design			
A.2.1 General			
A.2.2 Conductors	40		
A.2.3 Insulation of power cores and neutral core	40		
A.2.4 Screening	41		
A.2.5 Earth conductors			
A.2.6 Pilot element with rated voltage U_0/U (U_m) = 150/250 (300) V	41		
A.2.7 Optical fibres			
A.2.8 Cabling	42		
A.2.9 Separator tape	42		
A.2.10 Outer sheath	42		
A.2.11 Markings	42		
A.3 Tests on complete cables	43		
Annex B (normative) Additional requirements for Roll-on Roll-off (Ro-Ro) cargo ships and Ro-Ro passenger ships and Ro-Ro. Additional requirements for Roll-on Roll-off (Ro-Ro) cargo ships and Ro-Ro passenger ships and Ro-Ro.	45		
rdsBl1h.ai/Generalstandards/sist/c7f5a6f2-b5ed-413b-ad3b-d4aef86bd8da/osist-pren-iec-is	26.450005-1-2024		
Annex C (normative) Additional requirements for cruise ships			
C.1 General	50		
C.6 Shore side installation			
Annex D (normative) Additional requirements of container ships			
D.1 General			
Annex E (informative) Additional requirements of liquefied natural gas carriers (LNGC)			
E.1 General			
Annex F (informative) Additional requirements for tankers			
F.1 General			
Annex G (normative) Additional requirements for vehicle carriers			
G.1 General			
Bibliography			
Dibliography	/ /		
Figure 1 – Block diagram of a typical described HVSC system arrangement	14		
Figure 2 – Phase sequences			
Figure A.1 – Bending test arrangement44			
Figure B.1 – General system diagram			
Figure B.2 – Safety circuits48			
Figure B.3 – Three-phase ship connector and ship inlet contact assignment			
rigure b.o – three-phase ship conhector and ship linet contact assignment	⊤∂		

IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019+AMD1:2022 - 5 - +AMD2:2023 CSV © IEC/IEEE 2023	
Figure C.1 – General system diagram	50
Figure C.2 – Cruise ship HVSC system functional diagram	51
Figure C.3 – Safety and control circuits	54
Figure C.4 – Three-phase ship connector and ship inlet contact assignment	56
Figure C.5 – Three-phase ship inlet fitted with fail-safe limit switch	57
Figure D.1 – General system diagram	58
Figure D.2 – Safety circuits	60
Figure D.3 – Three-phase plug and socket-outlet contact assignment	61
Figure E.1 – General system diagram	63
Figure E.2 – Three-phase ship connector and ship inlet contact assignment	66
Figure F.1 – General system diagram	69
Figure F.2 – Three-phase ship connector and ship inlet contact assignment	71
Figure G.1 – General system diagram	73
Figure G.2 – Safety circuits	75
Figure G.3 – Three-phase ship connector and ship inlet contact assignment	76
Table E.1 – LNGC 140 000 m ³ to 225 000 m ³	64
Table E.2 – LNGC > 225 000 m ³	64

Document Preview

SIST prEN IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2024

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

UTILITY CONNECTIONS IN PORT –

Part 1: High voltage shore connection (HVSC) systems – General requirements

FOREWORD

1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and nongovernmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation.

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This consolidated version of the official IEC Standard and its amendments has been prepared for user convenience.

IEC/IEEE 80005-1 edition 2.2 contains the second edition (2019-03) [documents 18/1643/FDIS and 18/1657/RVD], its amendment 1 (2022-02) [documents 18/1737/FDIS and 18/1754/RVD] and its amendment 2 (2023-08) [documents 18/1810/FDIS and 18/1850/RVD].

This Final version does not show where the technical content is modified by amendments 1 and 2. A separate Redline version with all changes highlighted is available in this publication.

International Standard IEC/IEEE 80005-1 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 18: Electrical installations of ships and of mobile and fixed offshore units, in cooperation with:

- IEC subcommittee 23H: Plugs, socket-outlets and couplers for industrial and similar applications, and for Electric Vehicles, of IEC technical committee 23: Electrical accessories;
- ISO technical committee 8: Ships and marine technology, subcommittee 3: Piping and machinery;
- and IEEE IAS Petroleum and Chemical Industry Committee (PCIC) of the Industry Applications Society of the IEEE. FN IEC/IEEE 80005-1-2024

This document is published as a triple logo (IEC, ISO and IEEE) standard.

This second edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) modification of 4.1, Figure 1:
 - transformer on ship is optional, earthing switches on ship removed;
- b) modification of 4.2.2 and new item 11.3:
 - alternative procedure of periodic testing added;
- c) modification of 4.9:
 - minimum current value in the safety circuits shall be 50 mA;
 - opening of safety loop shall cause the automatic opening of ship and shore HVSC circuit breakers in a maximum time of 200 ms;
- d) modification of 5.2:
 - added Figure on harmonic contents;
- e) modification of 6.2.3:
 - earthing transformer with resistor can be used also on the secondary side;
 - neutral earthing resistor rating in amperes shall be minimum 25 A, 5 s;
- f) modification of all annexes:

- 8 - IEC/IEEE 80005-1:2019+AMD1:2022 +AMD2:2023 CSV © IEC/IEEE 2023

- the safety circuits shall be mandatory;
- g) modification of A.2.1:
 - a metallic shield shall be installed at least on the power cores or common on pilot wires;
- h) modification of B.7.2.1:
 - new safety circuit introduced: single line diagram and description;
- i) modification of C.4.1:
 - SLD for cruise ships was updated, also the safety circuits to be coherent with main body, IEC symbols and introduced more details about the control socket-outlets and plugs manufacturer type;
- j) modification of C.7.3.1:
 - shore power connector pin assignment is updated;
 - all cruise ships shall use 4 cables in all cases;
- k) added D.6.1:
 - the supply point on shore can be fixed or movable;
- I) modification of D.7.3.2:
 - the voltage used in the pilot circuit for container ships shall be less than 60 V DC or 25 V AC.
- m) added D.8.6 and D.9.3.1:
 - automatic restart and synchronization alternatives;
- n) Annex E set to informative;
- o) Annex F set to informative.

Annexes use the same numbering as Clauses 1 to 12 with an annex letter prefix. Hence, the numbering is not necessarily continuous. Where no additional requirements are identified, the clause is not shown.

International standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives. Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 80005 series, published under the general title *Utility* connections in port, can be found on the IEC website.

The IEC Technical Committee and IEEE Technical Committee have decided that the contents of this publication and its amendments will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- · reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- · amended.

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- 9 -

INTRODUCTION

For a variety of reasons, including environmental considerations, it is becoming an increasingly common requirement for ships to shut down ship generators and to connect to shore power for as long as practicable during stays in port. The scenario of receiving electrical power and other utilities from shore is historically known as "cold ironing".

The intention of this part of IEC/IEEE 80005 is to define requirements that support, with the application of suitable operating practices, efficiency and safety of connections by compliant ships to compliant high-voltage shore power supplies through a compatible shore-to-ship connection.

With the support of sufficient planning, cooperation between ship and terminal facilities, and appropriate operating procedures and assessment, compliance with the requirements of this document is intended to allow different ships to connect to high-voltage shore connections (HVSC) at different berths. This provides the benefits of standard, straightforward connection without the need for adaptation and adjustment at different locations that can satisfy the requirement to connect for as long as practicable during stays in port.

Ships that do not apply this document can find it impossible to connect to compliant shore supplies.

Where deviations from this document are considered, it is useful to note the effects of such deviations in the compatibility study.

Where the requirements and recommendations of this document are complied with, high-voltage shore supplies arrangements are likely to be compatible for visiting ships for connection.

Clauses 1 to 12 are intended for application to all HVSC systems. They intend to address mainly the safety and effectiveness of HVSC systems with a minimum level of requirements that would standardise on one solution. This document includes the requirement to complete a detailed compatibility assessment for each combination of ship and shore supply prior to a given ship arriving to connect to a given shore supply for the first time. This does not preclude the use of this document e.g. for safety purposes, such as for proprietary connection systems where a ship operates on dedicated routes.

Annex A includes cabling recommendations that should be used in HVSC systems.

The other annexes in this document are ship-specific annexes that include additional requirements related to agreed standardisation of solutions to achieve compatibility for compliant ships at different compliant berths and to address safety issues that are considered to be particular to that ship type.

Annex A is considered informative for the purposes of this document. Annex A contains performance-based requirements for shore connection cables and was developed by technical experts from a number of countries. IEC technical committee 18, subcommittee 18A and IEC technical committee 20 were consulted regarding cable requirements. It was determined that existing standards for cable can be used at this time and there is presently no need to develop a separate standard for shore connection cables.

UTILITY CONNECTIONS IN PORT –

Part 1: High voltage shore connection (HVSC) systems – General requirements

1 Scope

This part of IEC/IEEE 80005 describes high-voltage shore connection (HVSC) systems, onboard the ship and on shore, to supply the ship with electrical power from shore.

This document is applicable to the design, installation and testing of HVSC systems and addresses

- HV shore distribution systems,
- · shore-to-ship connection and interface equipment,
- transformers/reactors,
- semiconductor/rotating frequency convertors,
- · ship distribution systems, and
- control, monitoring, interlocking and power management systems.

It does not apply to the electrical power supply during docking periods, for example dry docking and other out of service maintenance and repair.

Additional and/or alternative requirements can be imposed by national administrations or the authorities within whose jurisdiction the ship is intended to operate and/or by the owners or authorities responsible for a shore supply or distribution system.

It is expected that HVSC systems will have practicable applications for ships requiring 1 MVA or more or ships with HV main supply.

Low-voltage shore connection systems are not covered by this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60034 (all parts), Rotating electrical machines

IEC 60050-151:2001, International Electrotechnical Vocabulary – Part 151: Electrical and magnetic devices

IEC 60076 (all parts), Power transformers

IEC 60079 (all parts), Explosive atmospheres

IEC 60092-101, Electrical installations in ships – Part 101: Definitions and general requirements