ISO/FDIS 9584.2:2023(E)

ISO/TC 150/SC 1/WG 4

Secretariat: DIN

Implants for surgery — Non-destructive testing — Radiographic examination of cast metallic surgical implants

Implants chirurgicaux — Essais non destructifs — Contróle radiographique des implants chirurgicaux métalliques moulés

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-9584

Edited DIS - MUST BE USED

Document type: Error! Reference source not found.

Document subtype: Error! Reference source not found.

Document stage: Error! Reference source not found.

Document language: Error! Reference source not found.

Error! Reference source not found.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-9584

COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

Second edition

Date: 2023-06-23

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-9584

Edited DIS - MUST BE USED

Document type: Error! Reference source not found.

Document subtype: Error! Reference source not found.

Document stage: Error! Reference source not found.

Document language: Error! Reference source not found.

Error! Reference source not found.

ISO/FDIS 9584:2023(E)

© ISO 20212023

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO Copyright Office

CP 401 • CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva

Phone: + 41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org Published in Switzerland.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-9584

Contents Page

Fore	Foreword	
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4 4.1	Inspection procedureGeneral	3
4.2 4.3	Radiographic methodImage quality indicator	4
4.4 4.5	Image qualityRadiographic examination	4 5
5	Inspection levels	5
6	Acceptance limits	
7	Personnel certification	5
7.1	Radiographic imaging	5
7.2	Radiographic examination	5
8	Report	6
Anne	ex A (informative) Radiographic examination of cast metallic surgical implants - acceptance limits for internal imperfections	7
Bibliography		

ISO 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-9584

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO <u>documents_document</u> should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <u>www.iso.org/directives</u>).

Attention is drawnISO draws attention to the possibility that some of the elements implementation of this document may be involve the subjectuse of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents... ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 150, *Implants for surgery*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Materials*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9584:1993) which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- normative references, and terminologyterms and definitions have been updated;
- applicable radiographic approach for components based on Co, Fe and Ti alloys have been added;
- applicable requirements for image quality indicator, acceptance limits and personal certification have been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Implants for surgery — Non-destructive testing — Radiographic examination of cast metallic surgical implants

1 Scope

This document establishes a method for detecting and evaluating internal imperfections of cast metallic surgical implants and related weldments.

The guidance and procedures established in this document apply to film-based methods.

Guidance The recommendations on the acceptance limits for internal imperfections in cast metallic surgical implants is are given in Annex A.

NOTE In this document, when not otherwise specified, the term "manufacturer" refers to the "implant manufacturer", and the term "product" refers to the "metallic cast implant for surgery" or to the "component of metallic cast implant for surgery".

2 Normative references

The following documents, are referred to in wholethe text in such a way that some or in part, are normatively referenced in all of their content constitutes requirements of this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5576, Non-destructive testing — Industrial X-ray and gamma-ray radiology — Vocabulary

ISO 5579, Non-destructive testing — Radiographic testing of metallic materials using film and X- or gamma rays — Basic rules

ISO 5580, Non-destructive testing — Industrial radiographic illuminators — Minimum requirements

ISO 9712, Non-destructive testing — Qualification and certification of NDT personnel

ISO 19232-<u>-</u>1, Non-destructive testing — Image quality of radiographs — Part 1: Determination of the image quality value using wire-type image quality indicators

ISO 19232-2, Non-destructive testing — Image quality of radiographs — Part 2: Determination of the image quality value using step/hole-type image quality indicators

ISO 19232-<u>-</u>3, Non-destructive testing — Image quality of radiographs — Part 3: Image quality classes

ASTM F629, Standard Practice for Radiography of Cast Metallic Surgical Implants

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5576 and the following apply. ISO and IEC maintain terminological terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

ISO/FDIS 9584:2023(E)

IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

image quality

characteristic of a radiographic image which determines the degree of detail it shows

[SOURCE: ISO 19232-1: 2013, 3.1]

3.2

image quality indicator

IOI

device comprising a series of elements of graded dimensions which enable a measure of the image quality to be obtained

Note 1 to entry: The elements of IQI are commonly wires or steps with holes.

[SOURCE: ISO 19232-1: 2013, 3.2]

3.3

image quality value

measure of the image quality required or achieved and is equal to the thinnest element which can be detected on the radiograph

[SOURCE: ISO 19232-1: 2013, 3.3, modified, — Note 1 to entry has been deleted].]

3.4

lot

total number of products manufactured from the material of the same metal pouring, processed under the same conditions, and essentially at the same time 9584

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/c759698f-971a-420b-b4cb-b9da87cf48a0/iso-

3.5

test object

material, component, or assembly that is the subject of the radiographic examination

[SOURCE: ASTM F2895:2020, 3.2.27]

4 Inspection procedure

4.1 General

Radiographic examination of metallic surgical implant castings can create spurious indications resulting from grain diffraction patterns and actual imperfections.

Radiographic techniques shall be used which ensure that differences between such diffraction patterns and actual imperfections are distinguished.

4.2 Radiographic method

The radiographic method shall be in accordance with ISO 5579 or ASTM F629.

NOTE 1 Irradiation energy for radiographs of test objects with a 12,7 mm material thickness can be found in ASTM $F629.^1$

Radiographic method parameters, such as orientation of the irradiation beam and the number of exposures, shall be established by the manufacturer or purchaser based on the characteristics and applicable requirements of the product.

NOTE 2 Applicable approaches for radiographies of cobalt-, iron- and titanium-based products can be found in ASTM F629.

For the product provided by a third party or for radiographic service provided by a third party, the radiographic method shall be previously established by the manufacturer or purchaser.

4.3 Image quality indicator

Each image quality indicator shall represent an area of interest of the object test.

An image quality indicator shall be included in all radiographic images for test object acceptance.

Image quality indicator material selection shall be based on ISO 19232-1 and ISO 19232-2, and be appropriate to the test specimen dimensions. Image quality indicators should be from the same or similar material as the test object. In the image quality indicator selection, the following can be considered (see ASTM F2895):

- a) replacement of high-density image quality indicators by less dense material image quality indicators; and
- b) replacement of thicker image quality indicators by thinner image quality indicators.

4.4 Image quality

The image quality shall be in accordance with ISO 19232-3.

The required image quality level of the radiographic image, unless otherwise established by the manufacturer or purchaser, shall be as follows:

- a) at least an image quality level 2, for X-ray energies less than 500 kV;
- b) at least an image quality level 4, for X-ray energies equal or greater than 500 kV.

NOTE 1 Image quality level N is a designation for expressing the quality image, where a hole corresponding to N times the thickness of the image quality indicator is visible in a radiographic image, which is obtained when using an image quality indicator whose thickness is no more than 2 % of the test object thickness.

NOTE 2 Image quality of radiographs can be found in ISO 19232-1 for wire-type image quality indicators and ISO 19232-2 for step/hole-type image quality indicators.

4.5 Radiographic examination

Radiographic films shall be examined under illumination according accordance with ISO 5580.

NOTE Guidance for radiographic examination can be found at ASTM E1742/E1742M-141.

¹ Information in the NOTE has been extracted from ASTM F629, copyright ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West Conshohocken PA 19428. A copy of the complete standard can be obtained from ASTM.

5 Inspection levels

Unless otherwise established and justified by the manufacturer or purchaser, the inspection shall be 100 % of the lot.

6 Acceptance limits

The product acceptance and rejection criteria for internal imperfections shall be established by the manufacturer or purchaser in written specifications.

These criteria shall consider acceptance limits for size, number, separation and density (image) for single imperfections and for group of imperfections.

Unless otherwise established and justified by the manufacturer or purchaser, imperfections of linear nature (ratio length to width greater than 3 to 1) shall not be accepted.

NOTE 1 Useful radiographic images to be used as reference in product inspection can be found in ASTM E192, ASTM E1320, ASTM E2660^[6] and ASTM E2669. [7].

NOTE 2 Recommended acceptance limits are given in Annex A.

7 Personnel certification

7.1 Radiographic imaging

Personnel taking the radiographic image shall be certified to level I as specified in ISO 9712 or recognized national equivalents.

7.2 Radiographic examination

Personnel examining the radiographic image shall be certified to level II or III as specified in ISO 9712 or recognized national equivalents and shall be specifically trained for the product range of medical implants.

8 Report

A record of radiographic examination results shall be maintained, including any rejected pieces.

The radiographs and their evaluations shall be documented so that they are traceable to the examined product.

The manufacturer or purchaser shall establish the storage format in order to assureensure the image quality level of the implant evaluation.

Reports and radiographs shall be maintained <u>according to in accordance with</u> applicable requirements for the product good manufacturing practice.

For radiographic services supplied by third party, unless otherwise requested by the manufacturer or purchaser, the radiographs shall be supplied together with the test object.

NOTE Useful information concerning different types of inspection documents supplied to the purchaser for the delivery of metallic products, including the validation and transmission of inspection documents, can be found in EN 10204.[1].