

Designation: A939 – 07(Reapproved 2012)

Standard Practice for Ultrasonic Examination from Bored Surfaces of Cylindrical Forgings¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers a basic procedure of ultrasonically inspecting cylindrical forgings with bores from the bore surface.

1.2 This practice applies to the manual testing mode. It does not restrict the use of other testing modes, such as mechanized or automated.

1.3 This practice applies to cylindrical forgings having bore sizes equal to or greater than 2.5 in. (63.5 mm).

1.4 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Significance and Use

2.1 This practice shall be used when ultrasonic inspection from the bore surface is required by the order or specification for inspection purposes in which the acceptance of the forging is based on limitations of the number, amplitude, or location of discontinuities or a combination thereof, which leads to ultrasonic indications.

2.2 The acceptance criteria shall be stated clearly as order requirements.

2.3 This practice specifies dual search units, which depending on the angle, are sensitive only to 2 to 3 in. into the metal from the bore surface.

3. General Requirements

3.1 As far as possible, the entire bore surface shall be subjected to ultrasonic inspection. It may be impossible to

inspect some small portions of the bore surface because of chamfers at stepdowns and other local configurations.

3.2 The bore ultrasonic inspection shall be performed after the final austenitizing and tempering heat treatment for mechanical properties of the forging, and may be performed either prior to or after any subsequent stress relieving heat treatment.

3.3 The ultrasonic beam shall be introduced radially for overall scanning.

3.4 Forgings may be tested either when stationary or while rotated by means of a lathe or rollers.

3.5 To ensure complete coverage of the bore surface, the search unit shall be indexed approximately 75% of the transducer width with each pass of the search unit.

3.6 A frequency of $2\frac{1}{4}$ MHz shall be used unless additional transducer frequencies are specified by the purchaser.

3.7 The bore hole diameter and calibration hole(s) shall be as specified on the purchaser's drawing or order.

4. Pulsed Ultrasonic Reflection Equipment and Accessories

4.1 *Electronic Apparatus*—A pulse echo instrument permitting inspection frequencies of 1, 2.25, and 5 MHz is required. The accuracy of discontinuity amplitude analysis using this practice involves a knowledge of the true operating frequency of the complete inspection system. One of the best ways to obtain the desired accuracy is by use of a tuned pulser and narrow band amplifier of known frequency response, with either a broad band transducer or a narrow band tuned transducer of known and matching frequency. An equipment calibration plan that is acceptable to both the purchaser and the supplier shall be available.

4.2 *Amplifier*—The amplifier and the cathode ray tube shall provide linear response (within ± 5 %) up to 1½ in. (38.1 mm) sweep to peak. An equipment calibration plan that is acceptable to both the purchaser and the supplier shall be available.

4.3 Signal Attenuator—The instrument shall contain a calibrated gain control or signal attenuator (accurate within $\pm 5 \%$ in each case) that will allow indications beyond the linear range of the instrument to be measured. It is recommended that these controls permit signal adjustment up to 25 to 1 (28 dB).

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.06 on Steel Forgings and Billets.

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