INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 185

Fourth edition 2020-05

Grey cast irons — Classification

Fontes à graphite lamellaire — Classification

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 185:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-45e015bec08c/iso-185-2020



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 185:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-45e015bec08c/iso-185-2020



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2020

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Fax: +41 22 749 09 47 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org Published in Switzerland

Con	tents		Page		
Forev	vord		iv		
Intro	duction	L	v		
1	Scope		1		
2	Norm	ative references	1		
3		s and definitions			
4		nation			
5	Ü	· information			
		facture			
6					
7	Requirements 7.1 Mechanical properties				
	7.2	Tensile properties			
		7.2.1 General	3		
		7.2.2 Test pieces machined from cast samples	3		
		7.2.3 Test pieces cut from a casting	3		
	7.3	Hardness properties	6		
	7.4	Graphite structure			
8	Samp	ling General <mark>j Teh STANDARD PREVIEW</mark>	7		
	8.1	General Teh STANDARD PREVIEW	7		
	8.2	Types of samples Samples for tensile tesandards.iteh.ai)	7		
	8.3	8.3.1 Size of cast samples	 O		
		8.3.2 Frequency and number of test samples			
		8.3.3 https://enartally.cast.samples.dards/sist/ef22465c-c280-441d-aa6c-	8		
		8.3.4 Side-by-side cast samples/iso-185-2020	8		
		8.3.5 Cast-on samples	9		
		8.3.6 Samples cut from a casting	11		
	8.4	Samples for hardness test	12		
9	Test n	nethods	12		
	9.1	Tensile test			
	9.2	Brinell hardness test			
	9.3	Graphite structure			
	9.4	Alternative test procedures	14		
10	Retes	ts			
	10.1	Need for retests			
	10.2	Test validity			
	10.3	Nonconforming test results			
	10.4	Heat treatment of samples and castings	15		
Anne	x A (info	ormative) Information on mechanical and physical properties in addition to	1.0		
	_	iven in <u>Tables 1</u> and <u>2</u>	10		
Anne		ormative) Additional information on the relationship between hardness and e strength of grey cast irons	18		
Anne		ormative) Additional information on the relationship between tensile strength, less and wall thickness of grey iron castings	21		
Anne	x D (inf	ormative) Cross-references of ISO 185 grade designations to other standard s of grey cast irons			
Dikli:	Ü	7			
וומום	gi apily	/	4/		

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. (standards.iteh.ai)

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 25, *Cast irons and pig irons*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 185/2019), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes to the previous edition are as follows: 85-2020

- Correction to typographical error for relevant wall thickness of ISO 185/JL/HBW235 in <u>Table 2</u>; corrected from "4" to "40". As a result of this change, the year of publication of ISO 185 in <u>Annex D</u>, <u>Table D.1</u>, column 1, updated from 2019 to 2020 to conform with this new edition.
- Symbols for Brinell hardness and relative hardness updated to $H_{\rm B}$ and $H_{\rm R}$, respectively, in <u>B.2</u> and Figure B.1.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document deals with the classification of grey cast irons, subdivided into two groups:

- materials specified by their tensile strength;
- materials specified by their hardness.

It is also possible to specify grey cast irons by a combination of tensile strength and hardness.

NOTE This document does not cover technical delivery conditions for grey iron castings.

The properties of grey cast iron depend on the form and distribution of the graphite and on the structure of the matrix.

For many applications, tensile strength and hardness are not the only properties of interest to casting designers. Other mechanical or physical properties can be decisive for the use of grey iron. For example:

- the thermal capacity and the thermal diffusivity for disc brakes;
- the damping capacity for engine blocks or machine beds;
- the thermocycle fatigue for exhaust manifolds or ingot moulds.

Therefore, Annex A provides additional information of interest to casting designers.

Furthermore: iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

- Annex B contains additional information on the relationship between hardness and tensile strength;
- <u>Annex C</u> contains additional information on the relationship between tensile strength, hardness and wall thickness of grey iron castings, 185:2020 https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-
- Annex D provides cross-references of 150 185 grade designations to other standard grades of grey cast irons.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 185:2020

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-45e015bec08c/iso-185-2020

Grey cast irons — Classification

1 Scope

This document specifies the properties of unalloyed and low-alloyed grey cast irons used for castings that have been manufactured in sand moulds or in moulds with comparable thermal behaviour.

This document specifies the characterizing properties of grey cast irons by any of the following:

- a) the tensile strength of cast samples;
- b) if agreed by the manufacturer and the purchaser, the tensile strength of samples cut from a casting;
- c) if agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser, the hardness of the material determined on castings or on a cast-on knob.

If agreed by the manufacturer and the purchaser, the combination of tensile strength from option a) or option b) and plus hardness from option c) can be specified. Information on specifying a combination of tensile strength and hardness is given in <u>Annex B</u>.

This document specifies eight grades of grey cast iron according to tensile strength (see <u>Table 1</u>) and six grades of grey cast iron according to Brinell hardness (see <u>Table 2</u>).

This document does not apply to grey cast irons used for pipes and pipe fittings and continuous cast products.

This document does not cover technical delivery conditions for grey iron castings.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-NOTE

General information on the engineering properties of grey cast irons is provided in ISO/TR 10809-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 945-1, Microstructure of cast irons — Part 1: Graphite classification by visual analysis

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6892-1, Metallic materials — Tensile testing — Part 1: Method of test at room temperature

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

grey cast iron

cast material, iron and carbon based, carbon being present mainly in the form of flake (lamellar) graphite particles

Note 1 to entry: Grey cast iron is also known as "flake graphite cast iron" and, less commonly, as "lamellar graphite cast iron".

Note 2 to entry: Graphite form, distribution and size are specified in ISO 945-1.

3.2

relevant wall thickness

section of the casting, agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser, to which the determined mechanical properties apply

3.3

separately cast sample

sample cast in a separate sand mould under representative manufacturing conditions and material

3.4

side-by-side cast sample

sample cast in the mould alongside the casting, with a connected but separate running system

3.5

cast-on sample

sample attached directly to the casting TANDARD PREVIEW

4 Designation

(standards.iteh.ai)

The material shall be designated as given in either Table 2. The designation system is given in ISO/TR 15931. https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ef22465e-c280-441d-aa6c-

The number in position 3 of the designation in Table 1 is the minimum tensile strength of the grade as determined by test pieces machined from standardized 30 mm test bars or from cast samples of corresponding relevant wall thickness.

The number in position 3 of the designation in Table 2 is the maximum Brinell hardness value of the grade for relevant wall thickness > 40 mm to ≤ 80 mm.

5 Order information

The following information shall be supplied by the purchaser:

- a) the complete designation of the material;
- b) any special requirements that have to be agreed between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

All agreements between the manufacturer and the purchaser shall be made by the time of acceptance of the order.

6 Manufacture

Unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, the method of manufacture of grey cast irons, including their chemical composition, to obtain the specified mechanical properties shall be left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

The manufacturer shall ensure that the requirements of this document are met for the material grade specified in the order.

For grey cast irons to be used in special applications, the chemical composition and heat treatment may be the subject of an agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

7 Requirements

7.1 Mechanical properties

The order shall specify, in an unambiguous manner, whether the characterizing property is tensile strength determined on cast samples or Brinell hardness determined on the casting, or both tensile strength and Brinell hardness.

If the order does not specify the characterizing property, then the manufacturer shall characterize the material according to tensile strength.

7.2 Tensile properties

7.2.1 General

The property values apply to grey cast irons cast in sand moulds or in moulds of comparable thermal behaviour. Subject to amendments to be agreed upon in the order, the property values may be applied to castings obtained by alternative methods.

Tensile properties are dependent upon wall thickness as shown in <u>Table 1</u>. For process quality assurance purposes, standardized 30 mm test bars are commonly used. VIF. W

NOTE Tensile testing requires sound test pieces in order to guarantee pure uniaxial stress during the test.

7.2.2 Test pieces machined from cast samples

The tensile properties of the eight grades of grey cast iron specified by tensile strength, when determined in accordance with 9.1 using test pieces machined from cast samples, shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 1.

7.2.3 Test pieces cut from a casting

If test pieces are to be machined from samples cut from a casting, the manufacturer and the purchaser shall agree on:

- the locations on a casting where the samples shall be taken;
- the minimum value or the allowable range of values for the tensile properties, when determined in accordance with 9.1.

NOTE 1 The properties and the structure of castings are not uniform and depend on the complexity of the castings and their variation in section thickness.

NOTE 2 Tensile properties for test pieces machined from samples cut from a casting are affected not only by material properties (subject of this document) but also by the local casting soundness (not subject of this document).

Table 1 — Tensile strength of grey cast irons determined on test pieces machined from cast samples

	Releva	Relevant wall thickness		Tensile strength $R_{\rm m}$			
Material designation	thic			cast samples -side cast ples	in cast-on samples		
	n	mm		Pa	MPa		
	≥	≤	≥	≤	≥		
ISO 185/JL/100	5	40	100	200	_		
	2,5	5		250	_		
	5	10			_		
	10	20			_		
ISO 185/JL/150	20	40	150		125		
	40	80			110		
	80	150			100		
	150	300			90		
	2,5	5			_		
	5	10			_		
	10	20			_		
ISO 185/JL/200	leh ₂₀ I	$A_{40}A$	$RD_{200}RF$	300 W	170		
	40/01	an ⁸⁰ arc	ds.iteh.ai) 85:2020		155		
	80	150		,	140		
	150	3 <u>0</u> <u>0</u> 0 18			130		
https:	//standards.iteh.a	i/catal 1Ø standa	rds/sist/ef22465e /iso-185-2020 225		6c- <u> </u>		
	10	45e01 5b ec08c			_		
100 105 /11 /225	20	40			190		
ISO 185/JL/225	40	80		225 325	325	170	
	80	150			155		
	150	300			145		

For each grade, the figure in bold indicates the minimum tensile strength to which the material designation of the grade relates, based on separately cast or side-by-side cast 30 mm test samples.

Minimum and maximum tensile strength values are mandatory for separately cast samples and for side-by-side cast samples.

Tensile strength values are mandatory for cast-on samples representing the relevant wall thickness, which shall be agreed by the manufacturer and the purchaser.

For relevant wall thicknesses greater than 300 mm, the manufacturer and the purchaser shall agree on the type and size of the cast sample and on the minimum required tensile strength value.

If a particular type of sample is to be specified, a "/" is added to the designation, followed by a letter indicating the type of sample:

/S = separately cast sample or side-by-side cast sample;

/U = cast-on sample;

/C = sample cut from casting.

If tensile strength is specified as a characterizing property, the type of the sample should be stated in the order. If not stated in the order, the type of sample is left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

For high damping capacity and thermal conductivity, ISO 185/JL/100 is the most suitable material.

For each grade, Brinell hardness decreases with increasing wall thickness.

Table 1 (continued)

	Relevant wall thickness		Tensile strength $R_{ m m}$			
Material designation			in separately cast samples or side-by-side cast samples		in cast-on samples	
	mm		MPa		МРа	
	≥	≤	≥	≤	≥	
	5	10	- - - 250	350	_	
	10	20			_	
ISO 185/JL/250	20	40			210	
130 103/11/230	40	80	230		190	
	80	150			170	
	150	300			160	
	10	20	275	375	_	
	20	40			230	
ISO 185/JL/275	40	80			210	
	80	150			190	
	150	300			180	
iTeh S	T_{20}^{10}	20 A 40	PREVIE	W	<u> </u>	
ISO 185/JL/300	st401d	ard80 ita	h 300	400	225	
150 165/31/500	80	150	III.ary	100	210	
	150 IS	SO 18 300 20			190	
https://standards.		standanh/sist/e	22465e-c280-44	1d-aa6c-	_	
	45e015b	ec08c/iso-185- 40	-2020		290	
ISO 185/JL/350	40	80	350	450	260	
	80	150			240	
	150	300			220	

For each grade, the figure in bold indicates the minimum tensile strength to which the material designation of the grade relates, based on separately cast or side-by-side cast 30 mm test samples.

Minimum and maximum tensile strength values are mandatory for separately cast samples and for side-by-side cast samples.

Tensile strength values are mandatory for cast-on samples representing the relevant wall thickness, which shall be agreed by the manufacturer and the purchaser.

For relevant wall thicknesses greater than 300 mm, the manufacturer and the purchaser shall agree on the type and size of the cast sample and on the minimum required tensile strength value.

If a particular type of sample is to be specified, a "/" is added to the designation, followed by a letter indicating the type of sample:

/S = separately cast sample or side-by-side cast sample;

/U = cast-on sample;

/C = sample cut from casting.

If tensile strength is specified as a characterizing property, the type of the sample should be stated in the order. If not stated in the order, the type of sample is left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

For high damping capacity and thermal conductivity, ISO 185/JL/100 is the most suitable material.

For each grade, Brinell hardness decreases with increasing wall thickness.

7.3 Hardness properties

Classification of grey iron castings by hardness is applicable principally where machinability or wear resistance are of importance.

The Brinell hardness values of the six grades of grey cast iron specified by hardness, when determined in accordance with 9.2, shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 2.

NOTE 1 Brinell hardness stated in HBW means under test conditions of $10/3\ 000$ unless different test conditions have been specified.

Minimum and maximum Brinell hardness values for the relevant wall thickness specified by the purchaser shall be mandatory for the castings covered by the order.

If a casting is ordered on the basis of hardness, the relevant wall thickness and the position of the test shall be agreed.

NOTE 2 For a relevant wall thickness t > 80 mm, grades are not classified by hardness.

If it is not possible to use the Brinell test method in accordance with ISO 6506-1, alternative test methods may be used, which shall have correlated values with Brinell hardness.

Table 2 — Brinell hardness of castings of grey cast iron

	Relevant wa	ıll thickness	Brinell hardness		
Material designation iT	h STAND	ARD PRI	EVIEW HBW		
	(standa	ırds.i t eh.a	≥	≤	
	40	80	_	155	
		<u>) 185:20240</u>		160	
ISO 185/JL/HBW155 https://star	ndards.itel ₁₀ /catalog/s		-c280-441d-aa6c-	170	
	5 ⁴³⁶⁰¹³⁶⁶	c08c/iso-185-2020 10		185	
	2,5	5		210	
	40	80	100	175	
	20	40	110	185	
ISO 185/JL/HBW175	10	20	125	205	
	5	10	140	225	
	2,5	5	170	260	
	40	80	120	195	
ISO 185/JL/HBW195	20	40	135	210	
130 163/JL/HBW 193	10	20	150	230	
	5	10	170	260	
	40	80	145	215	
ISO 185/JL/HBW215	20	40	160	235	
130 103/JL/ fibW 215	10	20	180	255	
	5	10	200	275	

For each grade, the figure in bold indicates the minimum and maximum Brinell hardness to which the material designation of the grade relates and the corresponding relevant wall thickness range limits.

Information on the relationship between Brinell hardness and tensile strength is given in Annex B.

Information on the relationship between tensile strength, Brinell hardness and wall thickness is given in Annex C.

By agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser, a narrower Brinell hardness range, not less than 40 HBW, may be adopted at the agreed position on the casting. An example of such a circumstance is castings for long-series production.

For each grade, Brinell hardness decreases with increasing wall thickness.