NOTICE: This standard has either been superseded and replaced by a new version or withdrawn. Contact ASTM International (www.astm.org) for the latest information



Designation: F2016 - 00 (Reapproved 2012)

### Standard Practice for Establishing Shipbuilding Quality Requirements for Hull Structure, Outfitting, and Coatings<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2016; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This practice consists of three annexes: hull structure, outfitting, and coating. The subject of these annexes was selected for several reasons. Other commercial shipbuilding nations already have in place widely recognized standards of expectations in these areas. These constitute the most significant areas where workmanship is a critical factor in customer satisfaction. The cost associated with the labor involved in these three areas is a significant factor in construction manhours and overall schedules.

1.2 The standard criteria provided in this practice are intended to apply to conventional, commercial ship construction. In many cases, specialized, nonconventional vessels using nonstandard materials or built-to-serve sole requirements may require unique acceptance criteria that are beyond those provided in this practice.

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

D4417 Test Methods for Field Measurement of Surface – Profile of Blast Cleaned Steel

- E337 Test Method for Measuring Humidity with a Psychrometer (the Measurement of Wet- and Dry-Bulb Temperatures)
- 2.2 ISO Standards:<sup>3</sup>
- ISO 8502–3 Assessment of Dust on Steel Surfaces Prepared for Painting (Pressure-Sensitive Tape Method)
- ISO 8502–6 Extraction of Soluble Contaminants for Analysis—The Bresle Method

### 2.3 NACE Standards:<sup>4</sup>

- NACE No. 5 Surface Preparation and Cleaning of Steel and Other Hard Materials by High-and Ultrahigh-Pressure Water Jetting Prior to Re-coating (SSPC-SP 12)
- NACE No. 7 Interim Guide and Visual Reference Photographs for Steel Cleaned by Water Jetting (SSPC-VIS 4(1))
- 2.4 SSPC Standards:<sup>5</sup>
- SSPC-AB 1 Mineral and Slag Abrasives
- SSPC-AB 2 Specification for Cleanliness of Recycled Ferrous Metallic Abrasives
- SSPC-PA 2 Measurement of Dry Coating Thickness With Magnetic Gages
- **SSPC-SP 1** Solvent Cleaning
- **SSPC-SP 2 Hand Tool Cleaning**
- **SSPC-SP 3** Power Tool Cleaning
- SSPC-SP 7 Brush-Off Blast Cleaning
- SSPC-SP 10 Near-White Blast Cleaning
- SSPC-SP 11 Power Toll Cleaning to Bare Metal
- SSPC-SP 12 Surface Preparation and Cleaning of Steel and Other Hard Materials by High-and Ultrahigh-Pressure
- Water Jetting Prior to Re-coating (NACE No. 5)
- SSPC-VIS 1-89 Visual Standard for Abrasive Blast Cleaned Steel
- SSPC-VIS 3 Visual Standard for Power- and Hand-Tool Cleaned Steel
- SSPC-VIS 4(1) Interim Guide and Visual Reference Photographs for Steel Cleaned by Water Jetting (NACE No. 7)

2.5 NSRP Documents:<sup>6</sup>

### 3. Summary of Practice

3.1 This practice provides workmanship criteria to be applied to commercial shipbuilding or ship repair, or both. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F25 on Ships and Marine Technologyand is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F25.07 on General Requirements.

Current edition approved May 1, 2012. Published May 2012. Originally approved in 2000. Last previous edition approved in 2006 as F2016 - 00 (2006). DOI: 10.1520/F2016-00R12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

National Shipbuilding Research Project 6–97–1 "American Shipbuilding Quality Standards," dated May 28, 1999

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from NACE International (NACE), 1440 South Creek Dr., Houston, TX 77084-4906, http://www.nace.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Available from Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC), 40 24th St., 6th Floor, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4656, http://www.sspc.org.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Available from The Librarian, Documentation Center, Marine Systems Division, University of Michigan Transportation Research Institute, 2901 Baxter Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48109–2150.

criteria covers three primary phases of ship construction, that is, hull structure, outfitting, and coatings. Specific criteria to be selected from this standard should be as contractually agreed between the ship owner and shipbuilder.

#### 4. Significance and Use

4.1 To achieve success in ship construction, it is necessary for the ship owner and the ship builder to agree on the level of quality in the final product. Classification rules, regulatory requirements, and ship specifications all help to define an acceptable level of construction quality; however, this guidance alone is not sufficient. It is up to the shipbuilder, therefore, to describe the level of workmanship sufficiently that will be reflected in the delivered ship, and for the ship owner to communicate his expectations effectively for the final product.

4.2 It is the intent of this document to contribute to these objectives in the following ways:

4.2.1 To describe a reasonable acceptable level of workmanship for commercial vessels built in the United States. 4.2.2 To provide a baseline from which individual shipyards can begin to develop their own product and process standards in accordance with generally accepted practice in the commercial marine industry.

4.2.3 To provide a foundation for negotiations between the shipbuilder and the ship owner in reaching a common expectation of construction quality.

4.3 The acceptance criteria herein are based on currently practiced levels of quality generally achieved by leading international commercial shipbuilders. These criteria are not intended to be a hard standard with which all U.S. shipyards must comply. Rather, they are intended to provide guidance and recommendations in the key areas that play a major role in customer satisfaction and cost-effective ship construction.

#### 5. Keywords

5.1 coatings; hull structure; outfitting; quality; shipbuilding; workmanship

### ANNEXES

### (Mandatory Information) A1. HULL STRUCTURE (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ASTM F2016-00(2012)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/513a983c-0e23-4207-8083-739c2bc97620/astm-f2016-002012

I. HULL STRUCTURE				SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS			
D۱	vision	Mar	king		UNIT:mm		
Section	Sub-section	Item	Standard Range	Tolerance Limits	Remarks		
u Q		Size and shape compared with correct ones.	± 2	± 3			
ct on			± 1.5	± 2.5	Especially for the depth of floors and girders of double bottom.		
kith corro		Corner angle compared with correct ones	± 1.5	± 2			
compared	အ င စ ရ ဗ ဓ ဗ	Curvature	±i	± 1.5			
tting line	General	Location of member & mark for fitting compared with correct ones.	± 2	± 3			
tne and fitt		Block marking(Panel block) compared with correct ones.	± 2.5	± 3.5			
 2		Location of member for fitting	aru	5			
Cuttic		(https://standar	± 2.5	± 3.5	i)		

FIG. A1.1 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE ASTM F2016-00					SHIPBUILDING 2012) QUALITY STANDARDS		
tandarQ	visioni/cata	og/standaGos/Cu	vinga98	3c-0e23-	_4UNIT:mm83-739c2bc97620/astm-f2016-0020		
Section	Sub-section	Item	Standard Range	Tolerance Limits	Standard Tolerance Remarks Range Limits		
	egbe	Strength Shop member Field	100µ (2nd cl) 150µ (3nd cl)	200µ (3rd cl) 300µ (Dut cl)	The class denoted in parentheses is in accordance with following definition. Less Than 50µ ist class 50µ~100µ 2nd class 100µ~200µ 3rd class		
us vs O C	9 9 1 1	Other Shop Field	<ul> <li>More than 200µ out of class</li> <li>Special precautions are required in case where grinding or other treatments ore requested.</li> <li>For angle cutting the same as the case in field.</li> </ul>				
Rough	9 > 0 L	Strength Shop member Fteld	100μ (2nd cl) 400μ (Ουτ cl)	200µ (3rd cl) 800µ (Dut cl)			
	Ö p s M	Other Shop Field	400 ц (2nd cl) 800 μ (Dut cl)	1500µ (Dut cl) 1500µ (Dut cl)			

FIG. A1.2 Hull Structure

I.	HULL S	STRUCTURE	SHIPBUILDING OUALITY STANDARDS		
D	tvision		Material		
Section	Sub-section	Item	Remorks		
s flow	Pitting.	Grode of pitting Area Ratio 5 10 15 20 25 30 mm 0.1 - A 0.2 - B 0.3 - B 0.5 - C 0.6 - C 0.8 - C	<ol> <li>Grade A pitting is minor and no repair is necessary. Grade B pitting is moderate and is to be repaired as necessary. Grade C pitting is severe and requires repair.</li> <li>Pitting that occurs on the boundary line between Grade A and Grade B can be considered minor and treated as Grade A pitting.</li> <li>Repairs shall be made as follows: Depth of pitting id Plate Thickness it Where 0.07t&gt;d Grind Smooth (Note:Regardless of plate thickness, at no time should pitting that is 3mm deep or greater be repaired by grinding only) Where 0.2t&gt;2d0.07t Grind and Weld Note: The area ratio is the estimated percentage of the plate surface that is pitted to the point where the surface appearance is unsatisfactory.</li> </ol>		
Surfac	Floking	Grade of surface flaking Area Ratio 12345678910 12 11111111111 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 Candada	<ol> <li>Grade A pitting is minor and no repair is necessary. Grade B pitting is moderate and is to be repoired as necessary. Grade C pitting is severe and requires repair.</li> <li>Pitting that occurs on the boundary line between Grade A and Grade B can be considered minor and treated as Grade A pitting.</li> <li>Repairs shall be made as follows:         <ul> <li>Depth of pitting id</li> <li>Plate Thickness it</li> <li>Where 0.07t&gt;d</li> <li>Grind Smooth (Note:Regardless of plate thickness, at or greater be repaired by grinding only) where 0.2t≥d0.07t</li> <li>Grind and Weld</li> </ul> </li> <li>Note: The area ratio is the estimated to the point where the surface that is plate to the point where the surface appearance is unsatisfactory.</li> </ol>		
tang Steel //	Silles of Costing Steel	Applicable to cases where defects are over 20% of thickness, or over 25mm deep and 150mm long. <u>ASTM F2016-00</u> log/standards/sist/513a983c-0c23	When the removal of a surface defect exposes other significant defects such as covities, cracks or inclusions, the casting is to be checked using dye penetrant inspection, magnetic particle inspection or ultrasonic inspection and repaired accordingly, using an appropriate method of repair.		
u o t	delomination	(a)	Where delamination is minor it can be chipped or ground out and built-up with weld metal as shown in Figure (a). Where minor delamination occurs close to the plate surface grinding or chipping and weld metal build-up should be as shown in Figure (b). Repair of moderate delamination should be considered on a case by case basis.		
Delaminat	Severe delomination. requireing a local exchange of plate		Where delamination is fairly extensive, plating should be cropped out locally and replaced. The minimum width of plating to be cropped out is to be as follows: Highly Stressed Primary Longitudinal Strength Members: Moderately Stressed Primary Longitudinal Strength Members: All Other Structural Members: 300mm Where severe delamination that affects the whole plate occurs, the whole plate must be replaced.		

FIG. A1.3 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING OUALITY STANDARDS			
Division		Gos Cut			UNIT:mm	
Section Sub-section		Item	Standard Range	Tolerance Limits	Remarks	
tons htghly localized Jeeper than the St roughness.	Free adge	<ul> <li>H)Upper edge of sheer strake.</li> <li>2)Strength deck between 0.61 @ and free edge of opening of shell plate.</li> <li>3)Main longl strength members.</li> </ul>		Notch O	Notches are to be welded u prior to grinding in areas where a smooth finish is required. Sufficient weld metal should be laid such that after grinding there are no residual voids or cracks between the weld metal and the parent metal	
ndenta dasa timesa t norma		Longitudinal & Transverse Strength members		Indentation Si	Indentions greater than th stated tolerance limit are to be treated as notches.	
define define three its fo		Others		Indentation ≤3	Indentions greater than th stated tolerance limit are to be treated as notches.	
Notch tch is not is nce lim		το Shell plate & Upperdeck τα between 0.6læ ≇		Indentation ≤2	Indentions greater than th stated tolerance limit are to be treated as notches.	
tolerar	Weld groove	5 Others 0		Indentation ≤3	Indentions greater than the stated tolerance limit are to be treated as notches.	
Note		Fillet Weld		Indentation ≤3	Indentions greater than the stated tolerance limit are to be treated as notches.	
	Straightness of plate	Both side submerged and welding	±0.4	±0.5		
	soge	Manual welding; semi automatic welding	±1.0	±2.5	u)	
	Depth of edge preparation	Decurrent P	±1.5	±2.0		
	Angle of edge preparation		±2*	±4°		
tandard	Length of 12 Topen	Og/standard vith correct sizes)	12075d	83-729c ±1.0d	2bc97620/astm-f2016-0020	
menslo		Structural members other than double bottom floors and girders.	±3.5	±5.0		
ō	Size of member	Depth of double bottom floors and girders.	±2.5	±4.0		
		Breadth of face bar.	±2.0	-3.0 +4.0		
	Edge preparation	Automatic welding	±2*	±4*		
		Semi-automatic & manual weld- ing.	±2*	±4*		

FIG.	A1.4	Hull	Structure
------	------	------	-----------



FIG. A1.5 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS			
Di	vision	Fabrica	tlon	UNIT:mm		
Section	Sub-section	Item	Standard Ronge	Folerance Limits	Remarks	
	r angle	Angle - F Compared with template	±1.5	±2.0		
	Stringe	Curvature 1000 Compared with template	±1.0	±1.5	Maximum permitted curvature per 100mm length of member.	
0		Curvature compored with template or check line.Per 10m in length.	±2.0	±4.0		
gle & Built up plat	D	Deviation from. Inscribed curve Correct from inscribed.	±3.0	±5.0		
Ani	Frame & Lon	Compared with template	d±1.511 revi	e±3.0 8	i)	
	s.iteh.ai/cata	Deviation of face plate ASTM F2016-00( st/513a983c-0e23-	012) 2±1.50 per 100mm	3±3.0 per iOOmm	bc97620/astm-f2016-00201	

FIG. A1.6 Hull Structure

I.	HULL S	STRUCTURE		QUALI	SHIPBUILDING (TY STANDARDS
	Division	Fabrica	llon		UNIT:mm
Sectio	n Sub-section	Item	Standord Range	folerance Limits	Remarks
Bracket	Breadth of flange	Compared with correct size	±3.0	±5.0	
F l anged	Angle between flange and web	Compared with template per 100 mm in breadth of flange	±3.0	±5.0	
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Actual line of plate edge, compared with template.	±2.0	±4.0	.:)
ape).	Templ for sho	Actual curved surface,compared with template.	±2.0	±4.0	For dimensions greater thon IM, ±5.0.
stane ox sh	rds.itel 5ai/cata	Location of check line for lev- eling by sight, compared with template. (for transverse)	<u>2(<b>±1:5</b></u> 4207-80	±3.0 83-739c	2bc97620/astm-f2016-00201
templates {pla	Section tem	Location of check line for lev- eling by sight,compared with template. (for longitudinal)	±1.5	±3.0	
. gulbu		Shape,compared with template.	±1.5	±3.0	
Ğ	0 1 h 8 1 0 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1	Shape,compored with template.	±1.5	±3.0	

FIG. A1.7 Hull Structure

	I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS				
	Division Fabrica		UNIT:mm			UNIT:mm		
s	ection	Sub-section	Item		St e R	andord ange	folerance Limits	Remarks
ſ		po	Depth of corrugation			±3.0	±6.0	
		sted bulkhe	Breadth of corrugation. Breadth (A)		•	±3.0	±6.0	
		Corrugo	Breadth (B)		в	±3.0	±6.0	
		אסוו		Pitch		±6.0	±9.0	
	rugated	rrugated	$- \frac{4^{h}}{7} + \frac{1}{p} $	(q)		±2.0	±3.0	
	Plate	ပိ			±2.5	±5.0		
		ndrical structure mast,post etc)		dar nt P	d Bu	<u>+D</u> 200 t.Max. ±5.0	+D 150 But,Mox. ±7.5	<b>i)</b>
://s		ls.ite <sup>2</sup> .ai/cat	<u>ASTMF20</u> log/standards/sist/513a983		<u>70</u> 42		83-739c2	bc97620/astm-f2016-00201
		e [ ]	In regard to the check it (for longitudinal)	ne		±2.5	±5.0	
		ved sh late	(for transverse)			±2.5	±5.0	
		5 C	Gap between shell plate a section template	ind		±2.5	±5.0	

FIG. A1.8 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE					QUAL	SHIPBUILDING ITY STANDARDS
Division			Sub-osser	nbly	UNIT: m	m
Section	Sub	-section	Item	Standard Range	Tolerance Limits	Remarks
		bling frame	Distance between oft edge of boss and aft peak bulkhead (b)	±5	±iO	upper gudgeon
U	ß	Sub-asser Ing Stern	Twist of Sub-assembly (c)	±5	±10	
lmenston	assemblie	Block Includ	Deviation of rudder from shoft & (d)	±4	±8	
iracy of [	tal Sub-e	Rudder	Twist of Rudder plate over its length	±6	±10	Connect on remassemble partially
Acci	Spec	peq	Flatness of top plate of main engine bed	±5	±10	
		eng Ine	Breadth and length of top plate of main engine bed	±4	±6	
		ц I р М	Others iTeh Stand		Sas for	flat plate block Sub-assembly
<b>.</b>	1	<b>.</b>	(https://strig. A1.9 Hull	Structure	teh.a	ai)

**Document Preview** 

ASTM F2016-00(2012)

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/513a983c-0e23-4207-8083-739c2bc97620/astm-f2016-002012

	F2016 -	00	(2012)
--	---------	----	--------

I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS			
Division		Sub-ass	embly UNIT:mm			
Section Sub-section		Item S		Tolerance Limits	Remorks	
		Breadth of Sub-assembly	±4.0	±6.0	Cut, when too long	
		Length of Sub-assembly	±4.0	±6.0	Cut, when too long	
	ub-assembl y	Squareness of Sub-assembly	±4	±8	Measured difference of di agonal length of final marking lines. When the difference is ov the limits.correct the fin marking line.	
	late S	Distortion of Sub-assembly	±10	±20	Measured on the face of web on girder.	
	Flat p				Excluding the case when interior members are con- nected by lapped joint.	
ø		Deviation of Interior members from shell plating	±5.0	±10.0	Frame etc.	
mens tor		Breadth of Sub-assembly	±4.0	±8.0	Measured along the girth. Cut,when too long,	
r of Dı	- ossembl Y	Length of Sub-assembly	±4.0	±8.0	Cut,when too long.	
Accurac		Distortion of Sub-assembly <u>ASTM F2016-00</u> (	±10 2012)	±20	Measured on face of web or girder, Correct the final marking line,when the distortion exceeds the limits.	
tandaro	ls.itelyni/cata	log/standards/sist/513a983c-0e23- Squareness of Sub-assembly	±10	83-739c	Difference of base line t marking or difference of diagonal lengths along marking	
	ن د C				d=i el=- e2=1 odjust morking where practicable.	
		Deviation of intertor members from shell plating	The sam above.	e as for	the flat plate Sub-assembl	
		Breadth of each panel			······································	
	* >	Length of each panel	1			
	emble	Squareness of each panel	1			
	e B B S S S S S S	Distortion of each panel	The som	e as for	the flat plate Sub-assembl	
	Plate Sub-at	Distortion of interior members from skin plating	_ ubove.			

FIG. A1.10 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING OUALITY STANDARDS		
D	Division Sub-asser				UNIT:mm
Section	Sub-section	Item	Standard Tolerance Range Limits		Remarks
	õub-assembl x	Twist of Sub-assembly	±10	±20	Measured as follows:
	Plate Block 9	B.L. = baseline			The points A,B and C are established in the same plane. Measure the deviation of point D from that plane. May re-assemble partially when the deviation exceeds the limits.
		Deviation of upper/lower panel from & or B.L.	±5	±10	B I FLUB.
S L O		Deviation of upper/lower panel from & or FR.L	±5	±10	Accuracy of this dimension
- sue	<b>.</b> .	Breadth of each panel			
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	- A	Length of each panel Dlall	aiu		The same as for the flat
J L	8 0 10	Distortion of each panel		ah	plate Sub-assembly (previous page)
Č Č	- a	Deviation of interior members from skin plating	U2.1	CII.a	1)
Accura	ock Su	Twist of Cument P	r£15/1	e ±25	The same as for the flat plate Sub-assembly (previous page)
	ate Bl	Deviation of upper/lower panel from % or B.L.	2 <u>01<b>*7</b>)</u>	±15	Re-assemble partially when
standar	ds.itebēai/cata	Deviation of SISUS 13:49830-0:23- upper/lower ponel from & or FR.L	4207-80 ±7	83-739c) ±15	limits
	Block Sub-assembly Including stern frame	Distance between upper/lower gudgeon (a)	±5.0	±10.0	

FIG. A1.11 Hull Structure

I. HULL STRUCTURE			SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS			
Division		000	racy		UNIT: mm	
Section	Sub-section	Item	Standord Range	Tolerance Limiis	Remarks	
Principal Dimensions	Length	Length between Perpendiculors	±50.0 Per 100M	Not defined	Applied to ships of 100 me- ters length and below. For the convenience of the measurement the point where the keel is connected to the curve of the stem may be substituted for the fore perpendicular in the meas- urement of the length.	
		Length between aft edge of boss and moin engine	±25.0	Not defined		
	Breadth	Molded breadth Amidships	±15.0	Not defined	Applied to ships of 15 me- ters breadth and above. Measured on the upper deck.	
	Depth	Molded depth Amidships	±10.0	Not defined	Applied to ships of 10 me- ters depth and above.	
standarton of hull form	Flatness of Keel	Deformation for the whole length	±25.0	Not defined	Ups(-) and Downs(+) against the check line of keel sighting.	
		Deformation for the distance between two adjacent bulkheads	±15.0	Not defined	Sighting by the transit or using slits.	
	Forebody Alignment	Alignment of fore-body to baseline. Alignment of fore-body to baseline. Alignment of fore-body to baseline.	430.0 ds.i	S <sub>Not</sub> defined	Ups(-) and Downs(+) against the baseline of the keel at the foremost frame on the flat part of the keel.	
		Alignment of aft-body to P baseline. A.P. TMF2016-00( base line 3	<b>revi</b> ±20.0 2012) 4207-80	Not defined	Ups(-) and Downs(+) against the baseline of the keel at the aft- perpendicular. bc97620/astm-f2016-00201	
	Rise of Floor	Rise of floor amidships	±15.0	Not defined	The height of the lower turn of the bilge.compared with the planned height. Measured from the plane passing through the outer surface of the keel plate.	

FIG. A1.12 Hull Structure

Ι.	HULL	STRUCTURE		SHIPBUILDING QUALITY STANDARDS			
Division		Wel	ding		UNIT: mm		
Section	Sub-section	Item	Tolerance Limits		Remarks		
	elght of nforcement dth of bead ank angle		h:not defined B:not defined e≤90°		In case where e is over 90°		
	I - 0 9 9 L L L 00				grinding or welding to make e≤90°		
	Under cut (butt weld)	Shell plate and face plate be- tween 0.61 @	over 90mm continuous d≤0.5		Repair using fine electrode (Avoid short beads for higher tensile steel)		
po e o		Other	d≤0.8				
Shape of t	Under cut (fillet weld)						
	l ang th	Compared with Correct ones (l,d)	L:Leg length d:Throat depth 20.9d		When over tolerance limits, weld up. {Avoid short beads for higher tensile steels)		
	đej	iTeh Stand					
orslon Ing joint	Anglular distorston welding joint	Shell plate between 0.6Lox	span of frame or bean WS6		When over tolerance limits, repair by line heating or re-weld ofter cutting and re-fitting.		
Dist weld		Fore and Aft shell plating and Transverse strength member	₩≤7 (2012) ₩≤8				
of	ه ب	Others ASIM P2010-00					
Standard Peed Short	Tack welding bead Repairing of scar	H_50HT and ards/sist/513a983c-Ue23 .Cost steel TMCP type 50HT (ceq.>0.36%)	-4207-808 ≥5	83-739c 0	In case where short bead ts unavoidable, preheat to ±25°C. If short bead is made		
		Grade E of mild steel	≥30		Indvertently,remove the bead by grinding,and weld over length of visible crack.		
		TMCP type 50HT (ceq.≤0.36%)	210				
	Repatring of ★elding bead	.50HT .Cost steel TMCP type 50HT (ceq.>0.36%)	≥50				
		Grade E of mild steel	≥30 ≥30				
		TMCP type 50HT (ceg. \$0.36%)					

FIG. A1.13 Hull Structure