

Designation: B131 - 12

Standard Specification for Copper Alloy Bullet Jacket Cups ¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B131; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

- 1.1 This specification establishes the requirements for bullet jacket preform cups produced of Copper Alloy UNS No. C22000 for processing into bullet jackets of the following types and classes:
 - 1.1.1 *Type I*—Caliber 0.30.
 - 1.1.2 Type II—Caliber 0.45.
 - 1.1.3 Type III—Caliber 0.50.
 - 1.1.4 Type IV—As specified in the contract or order.
 - 1.1.5 Class I—Not annealed.
 - 1.1.6 Class II—Annealed.
- 1.2The values stated in inch-pound units are the standard, except for grain size, which is given in SI units. Values in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.2 *Units*—Values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard, except for grain size, which is given in SI units. The values in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units, which are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

2. Referenced Documents

iTeh Standards

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B601 Classification for Temper Designations for Copper and Copper AlloysWrought and Cast

B846 Terminology for Copper and Copper Alloys

E3 Guide for Preparation of Metallographic Specimens

- E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications
- E112 Test Methods for Determining Average Grain Size
- E255 Practice for Sampling Copper and Copper Alloys for the Determination of Chemical Composition
- E478 Test Methods for Chemical Analysis of Copper Alloys

3. Terminology dards. iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/945ca475-8c80-4665-8b46-d0971ea70e12/astm-b131-12

- 3.1 For definitions of terms related to copper and copper alloys, see Terminology B846.
- 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.2.1 *cup (cupping)*, *n*—a shallow cylindrical shell closed at one end, normally intended for further fabrication, formed from a blank.

4. Ordering Information

- 4.1Orders for product under this specification should include the following information:
- 4.1 Include the following specified choices when placing orders for product under this specification, as applicable:
- 4.1.1 ASTM designation and year of issue.
- 4.1.2 Type and class (Section 1),
- 4.1.3 Grain size (Section 7),
- 4.1.4 Dimensions and tolerances (see 8.1),
- 4.1.5 Drawing number to which order applies (see 8.1), and
- 4.1.6 Work test requirements if required (Section 11).

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B05 on Copper and Copper Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B05.01 on Plate, Sheet, and Strip.

Current edition approved $\underbrace{\text{Oet-April}}_{1, 2007, 2012.}$ Published $\underbrace{\text{Oetober 2007.May 2012.}}_{2007, 2012.}$ Originally approved in 1940. Last previous edition approved in $\underbrace{\text{2002}\underline{2007}}_{2007}$ as B131 - 027. DOI: $\underbrace{\text{10.1520/B0131-07.}}_{10.1520/B0131-12.}$

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



4.1.7 In addition, when material is purchased for agencies of the U.S. Government (see Supplementary Requirements section).

5. Material and Manufacture

- 5.1 Material:
- 5.1.1 The material of manufacture shall be annealed plate, sheet, strip, or disks of wrought Alloy UNS No. C22000 processed to produce even-topped cups.
 - 5.2 Manufacture:
- 5.2.1 The materialproduct shall be blanked and cupped to meet the cup dimensions specified, and subsequently annealed, if required. The annealed cups shall be cleaned to provide a surface suitable for subsequent redrawing into bullet jackets.

6. Chemical Composition

- 6.1 The product shall conform to the chemical composition requirements prescribed in Table 1.
- 6.2Composition limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements by agreement between manufacturer and purchaser.
- 6.3Either copper or zine may be taken as the difference between the sum of all elements analyzed and 100%. Copper, when determined by difference, must conform to the requirements of
- 6.2 These composition limits do not preclude the presence of other elements. By agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser, limits may be established and analysis required for unnamed elements.
- 6.3 Because zinc is listed as "remainder", either copper or zinc may be taken as the difference between the sum of results of all elements determined and 100 %. When all elements in Table 1 . When all elements in Table 1 are analyzed, the sum shall be 99.8% min. are determined, the sum of the results shall be 99.8 % min.

7. Grain Size of Annealed Tempers

- 7.1 Unless there is a prior agreement between the purchaser and supplier the grain size of class II cups shall be produced to have average grain size corresponding to the limits of the OS025 or OS040 tempers as specified in Table 2.
- 7.1.1 Grain size ranges other than those specified in Table 2 are to be established by agreement between manufacturer and purchaser.
 - 7.2Grain size ranges for other cups shall established be by agreement between manufacturer and purchaser.
 - 7.2 Grain size ranges for other cups shall be established by agreement between manufacturer and purchaser.
- 7.3 Acceptance or rejection based upon grain size shall depend only on the average grain size of a test specimen taken from each of two sample portions, and each specimen shall be within the limits prescribed in Table 2 when determined in accordance with Test Method E112.

8. Dimensions, Mass, and Permissible Variations

8.1 All dimensions and tolerances of cups shall be as indicated on the drawings furnished with the purchase order or contract.

9. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

9.1 The cups shall be uniform in quality and shall be free of conditions which would interfere with the purpose for which the cups are intended.

10. Sampling

- 10.1 The lot size, portion size, and selection of pieces shall be as follows:
- 10.1.1 Lot Size—40 000 lb (18 144 kg) or fraction thereof.
- 10.1.2 Portion Size:
- 10.1.2.1 For chemical analysis—5 cups. In accordance with Practice E255, drillings, millings, etc., shall be taken in approximately equal weight from each of the sample cups selected and combined into one composite sample. The minimum weight of the composite sample that is divided into three equal parts shall be 150 g. Each of the three equal parts shall be placed in a package and sealed: one for the seller, one for the purchaser, and one for an umpire.
 - 10.1.2.2 For grain size determination—20 cups.
 - 10.1.2.3 For the determination of dimensions—200 cups.
 - 10.1.2.4 For the visual inspection—2000 cups.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

| Element | Composition, % | |
|--------------|----------------|--|
| Copper | 89.0-91.0 | |
| Lead, max | 0.05 | |
| Iron, max | 0.05 | |
| Bismuth, max | 0.006 | |
| Zinc | remainder | |

TABLE 2 Grain Size Requirements

| Standard Designation | Average Grain Size, mm | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|
| (B601) | nominal | min | max |
| OS025 | 0.025 | 0.015 | 0.035 |
| OS040 | 0.040 | 0.025 | 0.050 |

10.1.2.5 For work tests—500 cups or 5000 cups, when and as required.

11. Number of Tests and Retests

- 11.1 Visual Inspection—Each cup in the sample shall be visually inspected.
- 11.1.1 *Major Defects*—Not more than 0.25 % of the cups in the sample shall contain the following major defects: scaly metal, deep scratches, laminations, slivers, laps, cracks, or wrinkles.
- 11.1.2 *Minor Defects*—Not more than 2 % of the cups in the sample shall contain the following minor defects: oily cup, greasy cup, dirty cup, oxidized cup, dented or bent edges, or scratches.
- 11.2 Work Test—If required by the purchase order or contract, one of the following work tests may be performed by the purchaser before approval of a lot for shipment:
- 11.2.1 Five hundred cups or more shall be subjected to a working test by processing them through the first drawing operation. The cups shall draw satisfactorily without showing defects that will cause them to be unsuitable for the purpose intended.
 - 11.2.2 Five thousand cups shall be subjected to a working test by processing them satisfactorily into bullet jackets.
 - 11.3 Grain Size—Each cup in the sample shall be tested.
- 11.3.1 If the material fails to pass the visual inspection examination or a work test, or if more than one specimen fails the grain size test, a retest shall be permitted on a sample double that of the original sample. The result of the retest or retests shall meet the specified requirements.
 - 11.4 Chemical Analysis—An additional sample in accordance with 10.1.2.1 is permitted to be made and tested.

12. Specimen Preparation

- 12.1 For grain size measurements, either tangential grinding and polishing, or cutting, mounting, and polishing methods may be used to reach the zone (Fig. 1).
 - 12.1.1 The test specimen shall be prepared in accordance with Practice E3.
 - 12.2 Specimens for chemical analysis shall be prepared in accordance with Practice E255.

13. Test Methods

13.1 The properties and chemical composition enumerated in this specification shall, in case of disagreement, be determined in accordance with the following ASTM methods:

ASTM B131-12

https://standardsTest.n.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9_ASTM Designation ()_4665-8b46-d0971ea70e12/astm-b131-12
Copper
Lead E478
Iron E478
Zinc E478 (Titrimetric)
Grain size E3, E112

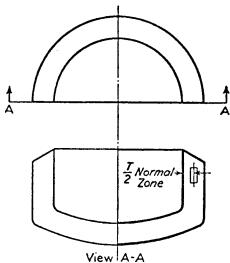


FIG. 1 Location of Areas to Be Examined for Grain Size in Bullet Jacket Cups