
**Acoustics — Specification of test
tracks for measuring sound emitted
by road vehicles and their tyres**

*Acoustique — Spécification des surfaces d'essai pour le mesurage du
son émis par les véhicules routiers et leurs pneumatiques*

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

[ISO 10844:2021](https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021)

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 10844:2021

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2021

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office
CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Email: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Contents

	Page
Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Requirements of the test track	3
4.1 Size and geometry.....	3
4.1.1 Size.....	3
4.1.2 Slope and step.....	4
4.2 Surface properties.....	6
4.2.1 Irregularity.....	6
4.2.2 Sound absorption.....	6
4.2.3 Texture.....	7
4.3 Material properties of the drive lane.....	7
4.4 Conformity tests.....	8
4.5 Break-in of the test track.....	9
4.6 Stability with time and maintenance.....	9
5 Measurement methods and data processing	10
5.1 Measurement points.....	10
5.1.1 Drive lane.....	10
5.1.2 Propagation area.....	11
5.2 Irregularity measurement method.....	12
5.3 Texture measurement methods.....	12
5.3.1 Texture profile measurement and MPD calculations.....	12
5.3.2 Texture skewness and shape factor (g-factor) calculations (optional).....	12
5.3.3 Texture spectrum calculations (optional).....	13
5.4 Sound absorption measurement method.....	13
5.5 Slope and step measurement methods.....	13
5.5.1 Gradient measurement.....	13
5.5.2 Cross fall measurement.....	13
5.5.3 Step measurement.....	14
5.6 Aggregate grading measurement method.....	14
5.7 Bitumen modification elastic material measurement method.....	15
5.8 Surface course thickness measurement method.....	15
6 Conformity report	15
7 Summary of improvements on the 2014 edition	17
Annex A (informative) Maintenance and stability of acoustic performance of test surface over time	18
Annex B (informative) Method of calculation of shape factor (g-factor)	19
Annex C (informative) Improvements to this version compared to ISO 10844:2014	23
Bibliography	24

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Noise*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 10844:2014), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- various revisions to improve track reproducibility;
- reduce ambiguity in the document.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

In general, the road surface parameters affecting the sound emission of vehicles are the texture and sound absorption characteristics. In addition, the mechanical impedance and the skid resistance properties of the surface layer can influence measured sound levels.

In order to minimize the variation in rolling sound emission and vehicle sound emission measurements made at different testing locations, it is therefore necessary to specify the relevant surface properties and recommend carefully the properties of the materials, design, and construction of the test surface.

The principal objective of this document is to provide a specification of the surface which improves the reproducibility of measurement.

This document is designed in a way that test tracks conforming to this document are compatible with previous editions, but in addition the variability of properties is reduced.

It is important that the test provides a high degree of reproducibility between different test sites and that the surface design should not only minimize the inter-site variation of tyre or road sound, but should also ensure that the propagation of sound is unaffected by the surface used. This latter consideration precludes the use of road surfaces which have open textures and which have the property of absorbing sound from the power unit and other related sources.

In relation to the previous editions, this document includes more restrictive specifications of the surface and recommendations for the test track construction process and maintenance. The basic properties of the surface remain unchanged.

Furthermore, this document recommends a non-destructive test method for periodic checking of the surface characteristics.

ISO 10844:2021
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 10844:2021

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>

Acoustics — Specification of test tracks for measuring sound emitted by road vehicles and their tyres

1 Scope

This document specifies the essential characteristics of a test track surface intended to be used for measuring rolling sound emission of vehicles and their tyres.

The surface design given in this document

- produces consistent levels of tyre or road sound emission under a wide range of operating conditions including those appropriate to vehicle sound testing,
- minimizes inter-site variation,
- limits absorption of the vehicle sound sources, and
- is consistent with road-building practice.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 362-1, *Measurement of noise emitted by accelerating road vehicles — Engineering method — Part 1: M and N categories*

ISO 13472-2, *Acoustics — Measurement of sound absorption properties of road surfaces in situ — Part 2: Spot method for reflective surfaces*

ISO 13473-1, *Characterization of pavement texture by use of surface profiles — Part 1: Determination of mean profile depth*

ISO 13473-3, *Characterization of pavement texture by use of surface profiles — Part 3: Specification and classification of profilometers*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 362-1, ISO 13473-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1

sound absorption

fraction of the sound power incident on the test object that is absorbed within the test object for a plane wave at normal incidence, expressed as a percentage

3.2 Surface profile

3.2.1

irregularity

maximum variation of a surface from the measurement edge of a straightedge of minimum 3 m, measured between two contact points of the straightedge when placed perpendicular to the surface

3.2.1.1

longitudinal irregularity

irregularity (3.2.1) in the direction parallel to the longitudinal axis of the track

3.2.1.2

transverse irregularity

irregularity (3.2.1) in the direction parallel to the transverse axis of the track

3.2.2

texture profile

surface profile of a cross-section through a pavement limited to the texture range

Note 1 to entry: The surface profile is as defined in ISO 13473-1.

3.3 Slope and step

3.3.1

gradient

ratio of the height difference to the length measured parallel to the longitudinal axis of the track

Note 1 to entry: The gradient is expressed as a percentage.

3.3.2

cross fall

ratio of the height difference to the length measured parallel to the transverse axis of the track

Note 1 to entry: The cross fall is expressed as a percentage.

3.3.3

step

height difference between the edge of the drive lane and the propagation area

3.4

propagation area

part of the test track on each side of the drive lane

Note 1 to entry: See [Figure 1](#).

3.5

drive lane

part of the test track where the vehicle operates

3.6

dense asphalt concrete

asphalt in which the aggregate particles are essentially continuously graded to form an interlocking structure

3.7

mean profile depth

average value of the *texture profile* (3.2.2) depth

Note 1 to entry: The mean profile depth is as defined in ISO 13473-1, expressed in millimetres.

ITEH STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 10844:2021

https://standards.iteh.ai/en/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021

3.8

heavy vehicle

vehicle category M2 above 3,5 t, M3, N2, and N3

Note 1 to entry: Vehicle categories are as defined in ISO 362-1.

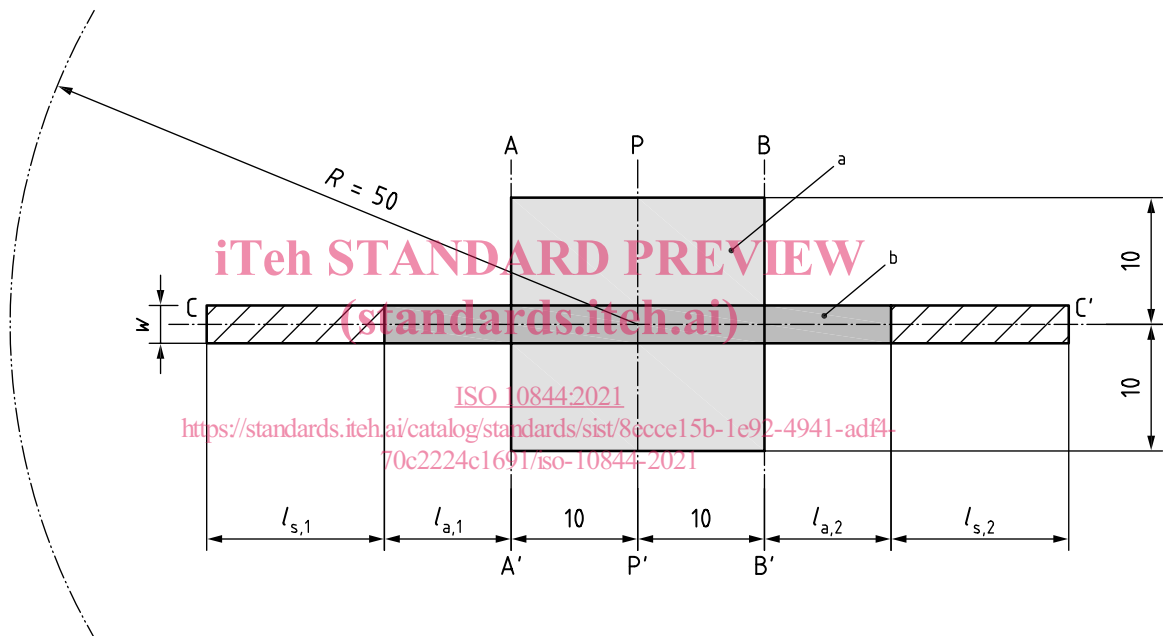
4 Requirements of the test track

4.1 Size and geometry

4.1.1 Size

The test track shall consist of two areas, a drive lane and a propagation area. The dimensions of the drive lane and propagation areas to be tested in this standard shall comply with [Figure 1](#) and [Table 1](#).

Dimensions in metres



Key

- $l_{s,1}$ entrance construction run-up section (diagonal hatch area), in metres
- $l_{s,2}$ exit construction run-up section (diagonal hatch area), in metres
(length of entrance and exit construction run-up sections can differ)
- $l_{a,1}$ entrance drive lane extension beyond propagation area, in metres
- $l_{a,2}$ exit drive lane extension beyond propagation area, in metres
(length of entrance and exit drive lane extensions can differ)
- w drive lane width, in metres
- AA' entrance to propagation area 10 m before line PP'
- BB' exit from propagation area 10 m after line PP'
- CC' drive lane centre line (longitudinal axis)
- PP' microphone line (transverse axis)
- a Propagation area.
- b Drive lane.

Figure 1 — Size of the test track

The drive lane shall have a length of 20 m centred around line PP', plus drive lane extensions on both ends, each with a minimum length of l_a as defined in Table 1. The drive lane shall have a minimum width of 3,0 m. The drive lane is not necessarily constructed as a single paved lane. However, this practice is recommended.

Wheel tracks shall be designated based on the vehicles anticipated to use the track.

NOTE 1 The drive lane width is not necessarily the same as the paved lane width.

Table 1 — Minimum drive lane extension length

Length	For testing tyres, passenger cars, motorcycles, light duty vehicles, and trucks	For testing long vehicles with rear engine, having a distance of more than 10 m between the reference point and the front axle (reference point as defined in ISO 362-1)
l_a	10 m	20 m ^a
^a 20 m is necessary only for the exit side (BB'), as defined in ISO 362-1, of the test track according to the purpose of this requirement.		

For the stabilization of the laying process, a minimum construction run-up section length of $l_s = 60$ m is recommended on at least one side.

The propagation area shall extend at least 10 m from the centre of the drive lane (line CC') and at least 10 m to both sides of the line PP'.

Within a radius of 50 m around the intersection of CC' and PP', the space shall be free of large reflecting objects such as solid fences, bridges, or buildings. Objects suspected to be large reflecting may be evaluated using appropriate acoustical measurement methods.

NOTE 2 Buildings outside the 50 m radius can have significant influence if their reflection focuses on the test track.

<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>
 ISO 10844:2021

4.1.2 Slope and step

Conformity for cross fall shall be evaluated separately for the drive lane and propagation area.

Principal requirements for conformity:

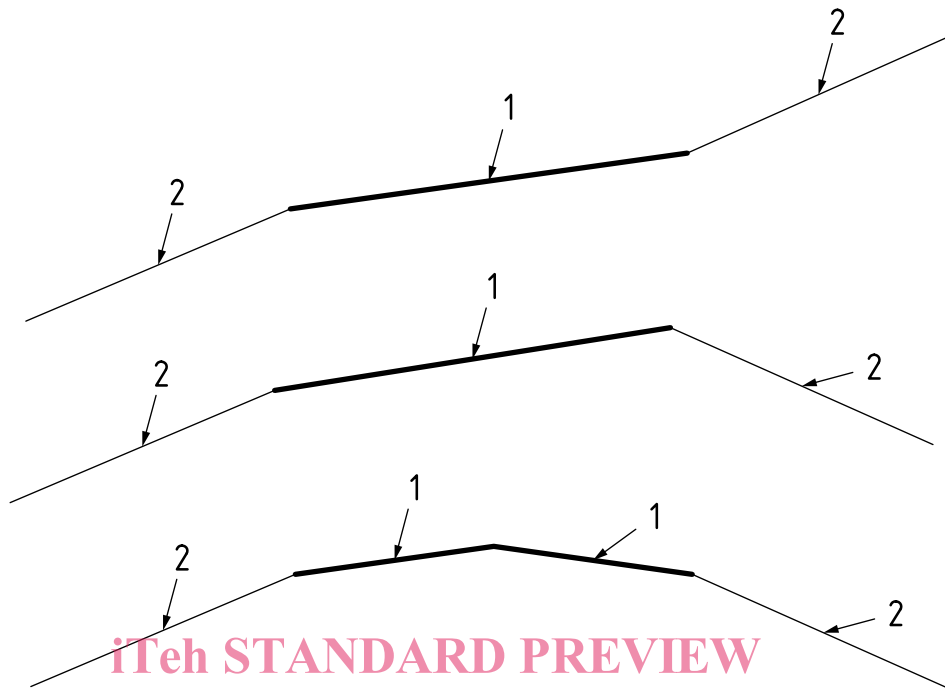
- cross fall arithmetically averaged over all measurement intervals shall be equal to or less than the requirement;
- at least 80 % of all measurement intervals shall have cross fall equal to or less than the requirement;
- gradient arithmetically averaged over all measurement intervals shall be equal to or less than the requirement;
- at least 80 % of all measurement intervals shall have gradient equal to or less than the requirement;
- absolute value of step arithmetically averaged over all measurement points shall not exceed the requirement;
- at least 80 % of all measurement points shall have step that does not exceed the requirement.

Requirements for acceptance of the track only:

- drive lane cross fall shall be equal to or less than 1,0 % (see Figure 2);
- drive lane gradient shall be equal to or less than 0,5 %;
- propagation area cross fall shall be equal to or less than 2,0 % (see Figure 2);

— step from the edge of the drive lane to the propagation area shall not exceed 20 mm down or 5 mm up (see Figure 3).

The slope and step should be designed in such a way that the draining of water is possible.



iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)

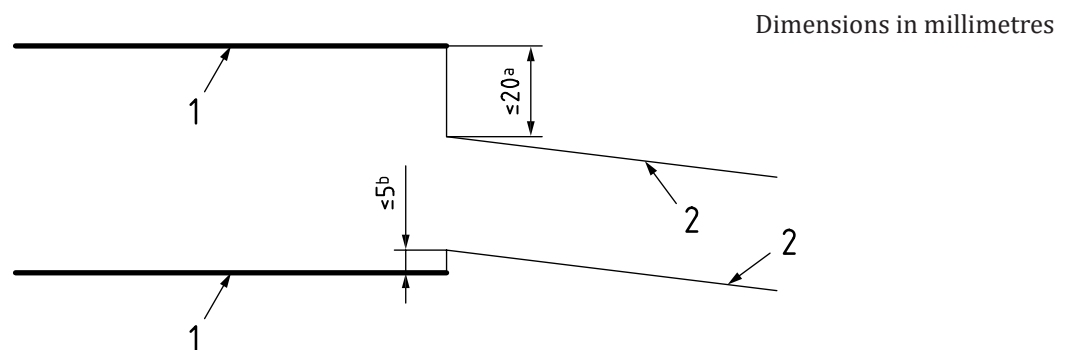
Key

1 drive lane 1,0 % maximum

2 propagation area 2,0 % maximum

ISO 10844:2021
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>

Figure 2 — Cross fall examples



Key

1 drive lane

2 propagation area

a Step down.

b Step up.

Figure 3 — Step from drive lane to propagation area

4.2 Surface properties

4.2.1 Irregularity

Conformity for irregularity shall be evaluated separately for the drive lane and propagation area.

Conformity shall be evaluated separately for transverse and longitudinal irregularity measurements.

Principal requirements for conformity include both:

- irregularity arithmetically averaged over all measurement points shall be equal to or less than the requirement;
- at least 80 % of all measurement points shall have irregularity equal to or less than the requirement.

4.2.1.1 Drive lane

The drive lane shall fulfil the following requirements for acceptance of the track only:

- transverse irregularity equal to or less than 3 mm;
- longitudinal irregularity equal to or less than 2 mm.

The drive lane shall fulfil the following requirements for periodic checking of the track only:

- transverse irregularity equal to or less than 5 mm;
- longitudinal irregularity equal to or less than 5 mm;
- if exclusively used for testing heavy vehicles, transverse irregularity equal to or less than 10 mm;
- if exclusively used for testing heavy vehicles, longitudinal irregularity equal to or less than 10 mm.

iteh STANDARD PREVIEW
(standards.iteh.ai)
ISO 10844:2021
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8ecce15b-1e92-4941-adf4-70c2224c1691/iso-10844-2021>

4.2.1.2 Propagation area

The propagation area shall fulfil the following requirements for acceptance of the track only:

- transverse irregularity equal to or less than 20 mm;
- longitudinal irregularity equal to or less than 20 mm.

4.2.2 Sound absorption

4.2.2.1 Drive lane

For each individual one-third-octave band from 315 Hz to 1 600 Hz, calculate an arithmetic average using the sound absorption from all measurement points. The average in each individual one-third octave band shall be equal to or less than 8 %.

At least 80 % of all measurement points shall have sound absorptions of all one-third-octave bands equal to or less than 8 %.

4.2.2.2 Propagation area

For each individual one-third-octave band from 315 Hz to 1 600 Hz, calculate an arithmetic average using the sound absorption from all measurement points. The average in each individual one-third octave band shall be equal to or less than 10 %.

At least 80 % of all measurement points shall have sound absorptions of all one-third-octave bands equal to or less than 10 %.