

⁰ Designation: E1665 – 95a (Reapproved 2012)

Standard Classification for Serviceability of an Office Facility for Facility Protection^{1,2}

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E1665; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This classification covers pairs of scales for classifying an aspect of the serviceability of an office facility, that is, the capability of an office facility to meet certain possible requirements for protection of a building or site.

1.2 Within that aspect of serviceability, each pair of scales, shown in Figs. 2-7, are for classifying one topic of serviceability. Each paragraph in an Occupant Requirement Scale (see Figs. 2-7) summarizes one level of serviceability on that topic, which occupants might require. The matching entry in the Facility Rating Scale (see Figs. 2-7) is a translation of the requirement into a description of certain features of a facility which, taken in combination, indicate that the facility is likely to meet that level of required serviceability.

1.3 The entries in the Facility Rating Scale (see Figs. 2-7) are indicative and not comprehensive. They are for quick scanning to estimate approximately, quickly, and economically, how well an office facility is likely to meet the needs of one or another type of occupant group over time. The entries are not for measuring, knowing, or evaluating how an office facility is performing.

1.4 This classification can be used to estimate the level of serviceability of an existing facility. It can also be used to estimate the serviceability of a facility that has been planned but not yet built, such as one for which single-line drawings and outline specifications have been prepared.

1.5 This classification indicates what would cause a facility to be rated at a certain level of serviceability but does not state how to conduct a serviceability rating nor how to assign a serviceability score. That information is found in Practice E1334. The scales in this classification are complimentary to and compatible with Practice E1334. Each requires the other.

2. Referenced Documents

- 2.1 ASTM Standards:³
- E631 Terminology of Building Constructions
- E1334 Practice for Rating the Serviceability of a Building or Building-Related Facility (Withdrawn 2013)⁴
- E1679 Practice for Setting the Requirements for the Serviceability of a Building or Building-Related Facility, and for Determining What Serviceability is Provided or Proposed
- 2.2 ISO Document:⁵
- ISO 6240 International Standard, Performance Standards in Building—Contents and Presentation

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 *facility*—a physical setting used to serve a specific purpose. **E631**

3.1.1.1 *Discussion*—A facility may be within a building, a whole building, or a building with its site and surrounding environment; or it may be a construction that is not a building. The term encompasses both the physical object and its use.

3.1.2 *facility serviceability*—the capability of a facility to perform the function(s) for which it is designed, used, or required to be used. <u>37cf5fc7/astm-e1665-95a2012</u>

3.1.2.1 *Discussion*—The scope of this performance is of the facility as a system, including its subsystems, components and materials and their interactions, such as acoustical, hydrothermal, air purity, and economic; and of the relative importance of each performance requirement. **E631**

3.1.3 *office*—a place, such as a room, suite, or building, in which business, clerical or professional activities are conducted.

3.1.4 For standard definitions of additional terms applicable to this classification, see Terminology E631.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

¹This classification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E06 on Performance of Buildings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E06.25 on Whole Buildings and Facilities.

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² Portions of this document are based on material originally prepared by the International Centre for Facilities (ICF) and © 1993 by ICF and Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada. Their cooperation in the development of this standard is acknowledged.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

⁴ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁵ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

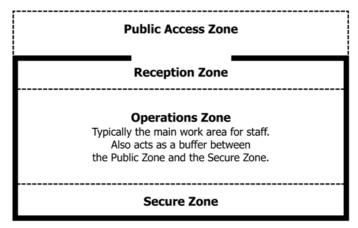


FIG. 1 Zones of Physical Security

3.2.1 *easement*—a right held by one person in the land of another, such as the right to cross one parcel of land to get to another parcel of land; or to use the land, as for installation and maintenance of public utilities. (See Fig. 1.)

3.2.2 security functions:

3.2.2.1 *detection*—devices and methods such as guards, alarms and access control, and monitoring systems designed to indicate, and possibly verify, attempted or actual unauthorized access.

3.2.2.2 *protection*—physical and psychological barriers that will delay or deter someone attempting unauthorized access.

3.2.2.3 *response*—reactions to attempted or actual unauthorized access, such as involvement of guard or police forces, damage assessments, and remedial measures to forestall a repetition of a security breach.

3.2.3 hours of operation:

3.2.3.1 *active hours*—the time when a facility is normally fully occupied and operational.

3.2.3.2 *normal working hours*—the time during the day when staff are normally at work, starting with the normal arrival in the morning of first staff and ending with the normal departure time of last staff. Excludes time of an evening or night shift, time when staff are working later than normal, weekends, and legal holidays.

3.2.3.3 *silent hours*—the period when a facility is essentially unoccupied, although security, cleaning, and building operations staff may be present.

3.2.3.4 *transitional hours*—the time in the morning after the first workers normally arrive until a facility is fully operational, and in the evening from the end of normal work until the normal workers have left, although security, cleaning, and building operations staff may be present.

3.2.4 zones of physical security:

3.2.4.1 *high-security zone*—an area that is continuously monitored and where access is limited to authorized personnel.

3.2.4.2 *occupant zone*—the occupant's premises, which includes all of the zones listed below. May be the same as the occupied area, if that does not include any public access zone.

3.2.4.3 *operations zone*—an area where access is limited to employees and to visitors with a legitimate reason for being there.

3.2.4.4 *public access zone*—that area to which the public has free access. Normally, these are the grounds of a facility, and the public corridors in multi-tenant buildings.

3.2.4.5 *reception zone*—an area to which the general public's access can be limited. Access could be limited to specific times of day or for specific reasons.

3.2.4.6 *secure zone*—an area that is continuously monitored and where access is controlled.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Each Facility Rating Scale (see Figs. 2-7) in this classification provides a means to estimate the level of service-ability of a building or facility for one topic of serviceability and to compare that level against the level of any other building or facility.

4.2 This classification can be used for comparing how well different buildings or facilities meet a particular requirement for serviceability. It is applicable despite differences such as location, structure, mechanical systems, age, and building shape.

4.3 This classification can be used to estimate the amount of variance of serviceability from target or from requirement, for a single office facility, or within a group of office facilities.

4.4 This classification can be used to estimate the following:

4.4.1 Serviceability of an existing facility for uses other than its present use.

4.4.2 Serviceability (potential) of a facility that has been planned but not yet built.

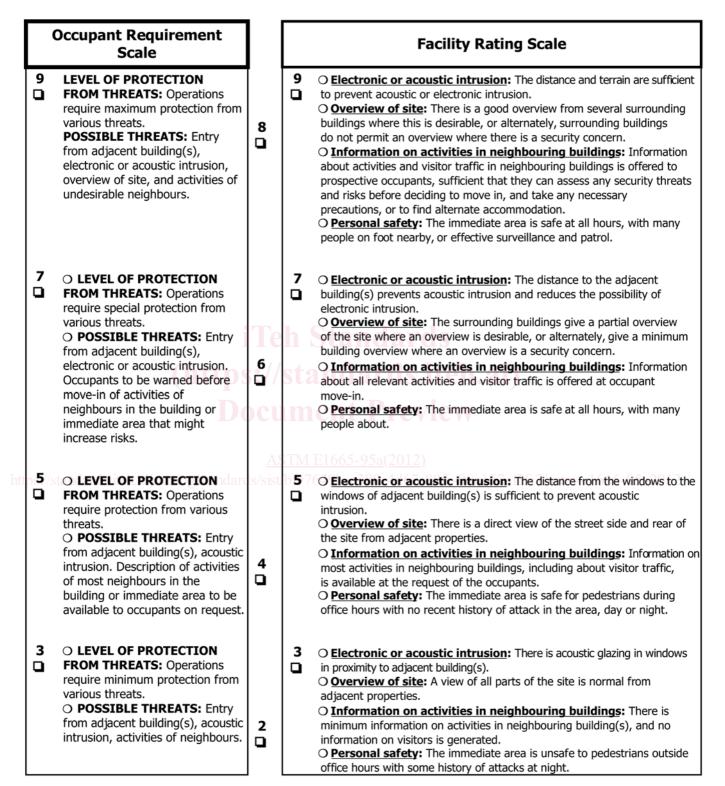
4.4.3 Serviceability (potential) of a facility for which remodeling has been planned.

4.5 Use of this classification does not result in building evaluation or diagnosis. Building evaluation or diagnosis generally requires a special expertise in building engineering or technology and the use of instruments, tools, or measurements.

4.6 This classification applies only to facilities that are building constructions, or parts thereof. (While this classification may be useful in rating the serviceability of facilities that are not building constructions, such facilities are outside the scope of this classification.)

A.9. Facility Protection

Scale A.9.1. Protection around building



Scale A.9.1. continued on next page

FIG. 2 Scale A.9.1 for Protection Around Building

A.9. Facility Protection

Scale A.9.1. Protection around building (continued)

Occupant Requirement Scale		Facility Rating Scale		
1	 LEVEL OF PROTECTION FROM THREATS: No protection required at this level. POSSIBLE THREATS: No protection required at this level. 	 C <u>Electronic or acoustic intrusion</u>: Close proximity of building windows to adjacent building(s) windows allows easy acoustic or electronic intrusion. O <u>Overview of site</u>: View of the site is normal from adjacent properties. O <u>Information on activities in neighbouring buildings</u>: No information concerning activities in neighbouring building(s), or on visitors, is generated. O <u>Personal safety</u>: The immediate area is dangerous with a history of attacks on pedestrians during day and night. 		

Exceptionally important. Important. Importance.						
Minimum $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ hreshold level =		🗖 NA	🗖 NR	🗖 Zero	DP	

NOTES Space for handwritten notes on Requirements or Ratings

FIG. 2 Scale A.9.1 for Protection Around Building (continued)

4.7 This classification is not intended for, and is not suitable for, use for regulatory purposes, nor for fire hazard assessment nor for fire risk assessment.

5. Basis of Classification

5.1 The scales shown in Figs. 2-7 contain the basis for classification.

5.2 Instructions for the use of this classification are contained in Practices E1334 and E1679.

6. Keywords

6.1 building; building; protection of; facility; facility occupants; function; office; performance; rating; rating scale; requirements; serviceability

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A.9. Facility Protection

Scale A.9.2. Protection from unauthorized access to site and parking

Γ	Occupant Requirement Scale		Facility Rating Scale			
	 9 O PROTECTION OF SITE: The entire site needs maximum protection against unauthorized intrusion. Easements through the site cannot be tolerated. Emergency work by utilities must be supervised by security staff. O CONTROL OF PARKING USE: The parking area requires control against unauthorized use. O PROTECTION OF ON-SITE STORED VEHICLES: Organization's stored vehicles on-site require maximum protection. 	8	 <u>Perimeter control</u>: The entiratended during active and transand camera surveillance during <u>Easements</u>: There are no ease <u>Permission for access to sinaccess</u> must obtain prior permission der the control of the occupatemergencies. <u>Control of access</u>: Indoor pastation and no outdoor parking. <u>Security of stored vehicles</u> in indoor parking with TV monitor 	sition hours, and has intercom silent hours. ements within the fenced site. te : Utility companies requiring sion to enter, and must work nt security personnel, even in arking with attended control : Company stored vehicles		
1	 PROTECTION OF SITE: A portion of the site needs special protection against unauthorized intrusion. Easements through the secure area can only be entered with permission of the occupants, and can only perform work under supervision of security staff. CONTROL OF PARKING USE: The parking area requires control against unauthorized use. PROTECTION OF ON-SITE STORED VEHICLES: Organization's stored vehicles on-site require special protection. 	Si Bi	 Perimeter control: Restricted The gate is attended during activated at other times. Easements: Easements within require permission of the occupation of the occupation	ve hours, and key control is in the fenced security area ants to enter. <u>e:</u> Utility companies must obtain ust work under the control of parking with attended control : Company vehicles in fenced		
s//	 5 O PROTECTION OF SITE: A portion of the site needs protection against unauthorized intrusion. Easements within 15 m of the building require that restricted access or work only be performed under supervision of security staff. O CONTROL OF PARKING USE: Parking areas require limited control against unauthorized use. O PROTECTION OF ON-SITE STORED VEHICLES: Organization's stored vehicles on-site require basic protection. 	<u>E10</u> 7649 4	 Perimeter control: Restricted and there is a locked gate. Easements: Easements within permission of the occupants to of under the control of a building s Permission for access to sitted building, no permission is required arriving unannounced. Control of access: Visitor arriving unannounced. Security of stored vehicles compound, or indoor parking, lockey access. 	n 15 m of the building require enter and crews must work ecurity guard. E For work beyond 15 m of the d for access by utility crews ad staff parking in separate atrol. Company vehicles in fenced		
l	 O PROTECTION OF SITE: Portions of the site need minimum protection from public trespass. Work on easements within 15 m of the building require advance notice. O CONTROL OF PARKING USE: Parking areas require minimum control against unauthorized use. O PROTECTION OF ON-SITE STORED VEHICLES: Organization's stored vehicles on-site require minimum protection. 	2	 Perimeter control: Signage are public and areas that are rest. Easements: Some easements: the building. Permission for access to site day notice if working within 15 m Control of access: Parking a Security of stored vehicles site in separate area, illuminated 	stricted from public trespass. s on the site are within 15 m of e: Utility crews must give one of the building. rea controlled by signage. : Company vehicles stored on-		

Scale A.9.2. continued on next page

FIG. 3 Scale A.9.2 for Protection from Unauthorized Access to Site and Parking

A.9. Facility Protection

Scale A.9.2. Protection from unauthorized access to site and parking (continued)

Occupan	t Requirem	ent Scale
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 PROTECTION OF SITE: There is no requirement at this level.
 CONTROL OF PARKING USE: There is no requirement at this level.
 PROTECTION OF ON-SITE STORED VEHICLES: There is no requirement at this level.

Facility Rating Scale

- 1 O <u>Perimeter control</u>: There are no restrictions on access to the site.
 - O **Easements:** Easements on the site are adjacent to the building.

O **<u>Permission for access to site</u>**: Utility crews have no obligation to give notice to work on the site.

- O Control of access: Parking area uncontrolled.
- O Security of stored vehicles: No security for stored vehicles.

□ Exceptionally important. □ Important. □ Minor Importance.					
Minimum Threshold level =		🗖 NA	🗖 NR	🗖 Zero	DP

NOTES Space for handwritten notes on Requirements or Ratings

FIG. 3 Scale A.9.2 for Protection from Unauthorized Access to Site and Parking (continued)

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