

Designation: E 1380 – 90 (Reapproved 1999)^{€1}

Standard Specification for Color Coding of Laboratory Pipets with Multiple Graduations, 0.1 mL and Larger, But Excluding Disposable Prothrombin and Disposable Micropipets¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E 1380; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

 ϵ^1 Note—Keywords were added editorially in March 2000.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This specification provides a system for color coding disposable pipets (glass and plastic) with multiple graduations. The color will indicate capacity and subdivisions for identification purposes.
- 1.2 The intent of this specification is to ensure that when color coding is utilized, all manufacturers will be encouraged to use the same color for nominal value identification.

TABLE 1 Color Coding

Note 1—The above mentioned color codes are consistent with Specification E 1273.

•	Nominal Vol- ume mL	Sub-division mL	Color Code
	0.1	0.001	2 green
		0.005	1 red
		0.01	1 white
		0.05	2orange
	0.125	0.0125	2 yellow
	0.2	0.001	2 blue
		0.002	2 white
		0.01	1 black
		0.1	1orange
	0.5	0.005	1 green
		0.01	2 yellow
		0.02	2 red
		0.05	2 black
		0.25	2 green
	1	0.01	1 yellow
		0.05	2 green
		0.1	1 red
	90(1 <u>939)e</u> 1	0.5,1.0,1.1	1 purple
	07_4415_201	10.01,2393da22d1/astm-e	2 red 1000-1
	200-201	0.01	2 white
		0.02	1 black
		0.05	2orange
		0.1	1 green
	2.2	1.0,2.0,2.1,2.2	1 black
	3	0.01	2 blue
	5	0.05	1 red
		0.1	1 blue
	10	0.1	1orange
		0.2	2orange
	15	0.1	2 green
	20	0.1	2 yellow
	25	0.1	1 white
		0.2	1 green
	50	0.1	2orange
		0.2	1 black
		0.5	1 purple

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

E 1273 Specification for Color Coding of Reusable Laboratory Pipets²

3. General Requirements

- 3.1 Colors shall be as specified in Table 1.
- 3.2 *Durability*—Disposable pipet coding shall be as durable as the graduations of the pipet. (Any institution or individual who reuses a disposable product must bear full responsibility for its safety and effectiveness).

4. Style

- 4.1 Each pipet may be color coded by one or more of the following methods:
- 4.1.1 A single or double color band. The single color band shall be 6 to 10 mm wide and the double color bands shall be 3 to 5 mm wide and separated by a clear space of 2 to 3 mm. Color bands need not be continuous, but may be broken as long as 40 % of the circumference of the pipet is covered.
 - 4.1.2 Colored plugging material.
- 4.1.3 Permanent color constituent (ingredient) of the pipet material(s).
- 4.1.4 Coloring of the standard identification marking(s) of the pipet.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E-41 on Laboratory Apparatus and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E41.01 on Apparatus.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.04.

^{4.2} A color blow out band or bands shall not be the only method used to signify size.

^{4.3} Location—Color coding shall be near the top end of the pipet. In the instances where a separate band or bands are utilized to indicate "blow-out" or "blow-out" style pipets, there