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Information technology — Artificial intelligence — Management system

FDIS stage

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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 42, *Artificial intelligence*.

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Introduction

Artificial intelligence (AI) is increasingly applied across all sectors utilizing information technology and is expected to be one of the main economic drivers. A consequence of this trend is that certain applications can give rise to societal challenges over the coming years.

This document intends to help organizations responsibly perform their role with respect to AI systems (e.g. to use, develop, monitor or provide products or services that <u>utiliseutilize</u> AI). AI potentially raises specific considerations such as:

- The use of AI for automatic decision-making, sometimes in a non-transparent and non-explainable way, can require specific management beyond the management of classical IT systems.
- The use of data analysis, insight and machine learning, rather than human-coded logic to design systems, both increases the application opportunities for AI systems and changes the way that such systems are developed, justified and deployed.
- All systems that perform continuous learning change their behaviour during use. They require special consideration to ensure their responsible use continues with changing behaviour.

This document provides requirements for establishing, implementing, maintaining and continually improving an AI management system within the context of an organization. Organizations are expected to focus their application of requirements on features that are unique to AI. Certain features of AI, such as the ability to continuously learn and improve or lack of transparency or explainability, can warrant different safeguards if they raise additional concerns compared to how the task would traditionally be performed. The adoption of an AI management system to extend the existing management structures is a strategic decision for an organization.

The organization's needs and objectives, processes, size and structure as well as the expectations of various interested parties influence the establishment and implementation of the AI management system. Another set of factors that influence the establishment and implementation of the AI management system are the many use cases for AI and the need to strike the appropriate balance between governance mechanisms and innovation. Organizations can elect to apply these requirements using a risk-based approach to ensure that the appropriate level of control is applied for the particular AI use cases, services or products within the organization's scope. All these influencing factors are expected to change and be reviewed from time to time.

It is important that the The AI management system is should be integrated with the organization's processes and overall management structure. Specific issues related to AI need to should be considered in the design of processes, information systems and controls. Crucial examples of such management processes are:

- _____determination of organizational objectives, involvement of interested parties and organizational policy;
- ___management of risks and opportunities;
- ____processes for the management of concerns related to the trustworthiness of AI systems such as security, safety, fairness, transparency, data quality and quality of AI systems throughout their life cycle;

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___ processes for the management of suppliers, partners and third parties that provide or develop AI systems for the organization.

This document provides guidelines for the deployment of applicable controls to support such processes.

This document avoids specific guidance on management processes. The organization can combine generally accepted frameworks, other International Standards and its own experience to implement crucial processes such as risk management, life cycle management and data quality management which are appropriate for the specific AI use cases, products or services in scope.

An organization conforming with the requirements in this document can generate evidence of its responsibility and accountability regarding its role with respect to AI systems.

The order in which requirements are presented in this document does not reflect their importance or imply the order in which they are implemented. The list items are enumerated for reference purposes only.

Compatibility with other management system standards

-This document applies the harmonized structure (identical clause numbers, clause titles, text and common terms and core definitions) developed to enhance alignment among management system standards (MSS). The AI management system provides requirements specific to managing the issues and risks arising from using AI in an organization. This common approach facilitates implementation and consistency with other management system standards, e.g. related to quality, safety, security and privacy.

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Information technology — Artificial intelligence — Management system

1 Scope

This document specifies the requirements and provides guidance for establishing, implementing, maintaining and continually improving an AI (artificial intelligence) management system within the context of an organization.

This document is intended for use by an organization providing or using products or services that utilize AI systems. This document is intended to help the organization develop, provide or use AI systems responsibly in pursuing its objectives and meet applicable regulatory requirements, obligations related to interested parties and expectations from them.

This document is applicable to any organization, regardless of size, type and nature, that provides or uses products or services that utilize AI systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC-_22989:2022, Information technology —_Artificial intelligence — Artificial intelligence concepts and terminology

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 22989:2022 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

organization

person or group of people that has its own functions with responsibilities, authorities and relationships to achieve its *objectives* (3.6)

Note 1 to entry: The concept of organization includes, but is not limited to, sole-trader, company, corporation, firm, enterprise, authority, partnership, charity or institution or part or combination thereof, whether incorporated or not, public or private.

Note 2 to entry: If the organization is part of a larger entity, the term "organization" refers only to the part of the larger entity that is within the scope of the AI *management system* (3.4).

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3.2

interested party

person or *organization* (3.1) that can affect, be affected by, or perceive itself to be affected by a decision or activity

Note 1 to entry: An overview of interested parties in AI is provided in ISO/IEC 22989:2022, 5.19.

3.3

top management

person or group of people who directs and controls an organization (3.1) at the highest level

Note 1 to entry: Top management has the power to delegate authority and provide resources within the organization.

Note 2 to entry: If the scope of the *management system* (3.4) covers only part of an organization, then top management refers to those who direct and control that part of the organization.

3.4

management system

set of interrelated or interacting elements of an *organization* (3.1) to establish *policies* (3.5) and *objectives* (3.6), as well as *processes* (3.8) to achieve those objectives

Note 1 to entry: A management system can address a single discipline or several disciplines.

Note 2 to entry: The management system elements include the organization's structure, roles and responsibilities, planning and operation.

3.5

policy

intentions and direction of an organization (3.1) as formally expressed by its top management (3.3)

3.6

objective

result to be achieved

Note 1 to entry: An objective can be strategic, tactical, or operational.

Note 2 to entry: Objectives can relate to different disciplines (such as finance, health and safety, and environment). They can be, for example, organization-wide or specific to a project, product or *process* (3.8).

Note 3 to entry: An objective can be expressed in other ways, e.g. as an intended result, as a purpose, as an operational criterion, as an AI objective or by the use of other words with similar meaning (e.g. aim, goal, or target).

Note 4 to entry: In the context of AI *management systems* (3.4), AI objectives are set by the *organization* (3.1), consistent with the AI *policy* (3.5), to achieve specific results.

3.7

risk

effect of uncertainty

Note 1 to entry: An effect is a deviation from the expected — positive or negative.

Note 2 to entry: Uncertainty is the state, even partial, of deficiency of information related to, understanding or knowledge of, an event, its consequence, or likelihood.

Note 3 to entry: Risk is often characterized by reference to potential events (as defined in ISO Guide 73) and consequences (as defined in ISO Guide 73), or a combination of these.

Note 4 to entry: Risk is often expressed in terms of a combination of the consequences of an event (including changes in circumstances) and the associated likelihood (as defined in ISO Guide 73) of occurrence.

3.8

process

set of interrelated or interacting activities that uses or transforms inputs to deliver a result

Note 1 to entry: Whether the result of a process is called an output, a product or a service depends on the context of the reference.

3.9

competence

ability to apply knowledge and skills to achieve intended results

3.10

documented information

information required to be controlled and maintained by an *organization* (3.1) and the medium on which it is contained

Note 1 to entry: Documented information can be in any format and media and from any source.

Note 2 to entry: Documented information can refer to:

- ——_the management system (3.4), including related processes (3.8);
- ——_information created in order for the organization to operate (documentation);
- ——_evidence of results achieved (records).

3.11

performance

measurable result

Note 1 to entry: Performance can relate either to quantitative or qualitative findings.

Note 2 to entry: Performance can relate to managing activities, *processes* (3.8), products, services, systems or *organizations* (3.1).

Note 3 to entry: In the context of this document, performance refers both to results achieved by using AI systems and results related to the AI *management system*: (3.4). The correct interpretation of the term is clear from the context of its use.

3.12

continual improvement

recurring activity to enhance *performance* (3.11)