INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 3040

Second edition 1990-12-01

Technical drawings — Dimensioning and tolerancing — Cones

Dessins techniques — Cotation et tolérancement — Cônes

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ISO 3040:1990(E)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 3040 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, Technical drawings, product definition and related documentation.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 3040:1974), of which it constitutes a technical revision.

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Introduction

In this International Standard the figures illustrate the text only and should not be considered as design examples. For this reason, the figures are simplified and are not to scale.

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Technical drawings — Dimensioning and tolerancing — Cones

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes the definition of cones and specifies the graphical symbol to be used for their indication and methods for their dimensioning and tolerancing.

For the purposes of this International Standard, the term "cone" relates to right-angle circular cones only.

NOTES

- 1 For simplicity, only truncated cones have been represented in this International Standard. However, this International Standard can be applied to any type of cone within its scope.
- 2 This International Standard is not intended to prevent the use of other methods of dimensioning and tolerancing.

rate of taper *C*: Ratio of the difference in the diameters of two sections of a cone to the distance between them. It is expressed by the following formula (see also figure 1):

$$C = \frac{D-d}{L} = 2 \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)$$

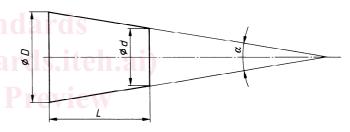


Figure 1

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 1119:1975, Series of conical tapers and taper angles.

ISO 3461-2:1987, General principles for the creation of graphical symbols — Part 2: Graphical symbols for use in technical product documentation.

3 Definition

For the purposes of this International Standard, the following definition applies.

4 Graphical symbol for a cone

A cone shall be indicated using the graphical symbol illustrated in figure 2 positioned on a reference line (see figure 7). The orientation of the graphical symbol shall coincide with that of the cone (see figure 7 and figure 8).

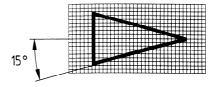


Figure 2

For the size and line thickness of the graphical symbol, see ISO 3461-2.

5 Dimensioning of cones

5.1 Characteristics of cones

In order to define a cone, the characteristics and dimensions shown in table 1 may be used in those combinations most appropriate for the function of the cone.

No more dimensions than are necessary shall be specified. However, additional dimensions (for example, half the included angle) may be given as "auxiliary" or "reference" dimensions in brackets for information.

Typical combinations of cone characteristics and dimensions are shown in figure 3, figure 4, figure 5 and figure 6.

Table 1 — Characteristics and dimensions of cones

Characteristics and dimensions	Letter symbol	Examples of indication	
		Preferred method	Optional method
Characteristics			
Rate of taper	C	1:5	0,2:1
		1/5	20 %
Cone angle	α	35°	0,6 rad
Cone diameter			
— at the larger end	D		
 at the smaller end 	Len duand	arus	
- at the selected cross-section	://standar	ds.iteh.ai)	
Length	A D		
Cone length	cument P	review	
Length including cone length	L'		
Length locating a cross-section at which $D_{\mathbf{x}}$ is specified	ISQ 3040:1990	411 5 0555 1 11004	

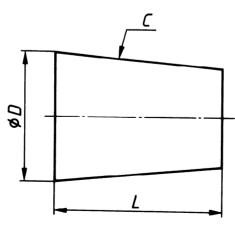


Figure 3