## ISO/<del>DISPRF</del> 5474-4:2024(E)

ISO/TC 22/SC 37/WG 5

Secretariat: DIN

Date: 2024-<del>05-15</del>11-27

Electrically propelled road vehicles — Functional and safety requirements for power transfer between vehicle and external electric circuit — Part 4: Magnetic field wireless power transfer —

Part 4:
Magnetic field wireless power transfer
Document Preview

ISO 5474-4

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

# **PROOF**

#### © ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office

CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: + 41 22 749 01 11 EmailE-mail: copyright@iso.org

Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

## iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 5474-4

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

## ISO/**DISPRF** 5474-4:2024(**Een**)

## **Contents**

Forew	ord	iv
Introd	uction	v
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	2
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	System structure	5
5	Requirements regarding environmental conditions	6
6	Classification	
7	MF-WPT power transfer requirements	7
7.1	General	
7.2	Frequency	8
7.3	Geometrical operating space	8
7.4	Requirements for output power	
7.5	Requirements for power transfer efficiency	
7.6	Requirements for output voltage	11
7.7	MF-WPT power transfer test procedure	11
8	Requirements for communication and MF-WPT activities	19
9	EMC requirements	
10	Safety requirements	19
10.1	Emergency shutdown triggered by the EV	
10.2	Protection against electric shock	
10.3	Protection against thermal incidents	
10.4	Protection of people against electromagnetic effects	
10.5	Protection against overheating	
ուսյ 11	Owner's manual and marking	
11.1	Owner's manual	
11.2	Marking	
	A (normative) Reference supply power circuit for EVPCs with a rated output power ≤ 3,7 kW	
Annex	B (normative) Reference supply power circuit for EVPCs with a rated output power ≤ 11,1 kW	32
Annex	C (informative) Example for a different implementation of a supply power circuit	39
Annex	D (informative) Conformance demonstration for protection of people against electromagnetic effects	46
	<u> </u>	
Kihlin	granhy	56

## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, SC 37, *Electrically propelled vehicles*.

This first edition cancels and replaces ISO 19363:2020, which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous ISO 19363:2020 are as follows:

- ——The main changes are as follows:
- the Scope has been adjusted to include passenger cars and light commercial vehicles only;
- the terms and definitions have been aligned with the ISO 5474 series and the IEC 61980 series;
- the efficiency requirements for unmatched power levels between on-board and off-board devices have been specified;
- the source for EMC limits and the corresponding test procedure have been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 5474 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

## Introduction

This document specifies requirements for the onboard side of a magnetic field wireless power transfer system for vehicles intended for passenger use and for light duty commercial applications. This document also addresses safety and functionality with off-board systems from different manufacturers.

The systems specified in this document are intended to work with off-board systems that meet the MF-WPT-related requirements of IEC 61980-1, IEC 61980-2 and IEC 61980-3.

## iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 5474-4

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

## iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 5474-4

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

Electrically propelled road vehicles — Functional requirements and safety requirements for power transfer — between vehicle and external electric circuit —

## Part 4:

Magnetic field wireless power transfer — Safety and interoperability requirements

## 1 Scope

This document defines the requirements and operation of the on-board vehicle equipment that enables magnetic field wireless power transfer (MF-WPT) between supply device and electric vehicles (EV). It is intended to be used for passenger cars and light commercial vehicles.

This document addresses the following aspects for an EV device:

- ——safety requirements;
- transferred power and power transfer efficiency;
- ground clearance of the EV device; Standards.iteh.ai)
- functionality with associated off-board systems under various conditions and independent of manufacturer (interoperability);
- test procedures.
  https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

This document does not provide:

- requirements for dynamic (vehicle in motion) applications;
- requirements for reverse WPT, and;
- requirements for the operation of EV devices specified in this document with supply devices according to IEC 61980-4<sub>r</sub>.

### but they are under consideration.

EV devices that fulfil the requirements of this document are intended to operate with supply devices that fulfil the MF-WPT related requirements of IEC 61980-1, IEC 61980-2 and IEC 61980-3.

NOTE-2 IEC 61980-4 specifies requirements for supply devices of power levels above the limits of the reference supply power circuits in this document. Requirements related to dynamic applications of supply devices are specified in IEC 61980-5 and IEC 61980-6.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5474–1, Electrically propelled road vehicles — Functional and safety requirements for power transfer between vehicle and external electric circuit — Part 1: General requirements for conductive power transfer

ISO 6469-<u>-</u>3:<u>2018</u>2021, Electrically propelled road vehicles — Safety specifications — Part 3: Electrical safety

ISO 20653, Road vehicles — Degrees of protection (IP code) — Protection of electrical equipment against foreign objects, water and access

IEC 60664 (all parts), Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems

IEC 61980-\_1, Electric vehicle wireless power transfer (WPT) systems - Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61980-\_2, Electric vehicle wireless power transfer (WPT) systems - Part 2: Specific requirements for communication between electric road vehicle (EV) and infrastructure

IEC 61980-\_3, Electric vehicle wireless power transfer (WPT) systems - Part 3: Specific requirements for magnetic field wireless power transfer systems

ICNIRP  $\frac{\text{guidelines}}{\text{Guidelines}}$  for limiting exposure to time-varying electric and magnetic fields (1 Hz – 100 kHz), Health Physics 99(6):818-836; 2010

IEC 60664 (all parts), Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems

## 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5474-1 and the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ——ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1 <del>3.1</del>

## alignment

relative position in the x- and y-directions of the secondary device (3.14(3.14)) to the primary device (3.9(3.9)) for a given secondary device ground clearance (3.15(3.15))

Note 1 to entry: The coordinate system conforms with ISO 4130.

## 3.2 <del>3.2</del>

#### alignment tolerance area

intended <u>wireless power transfer (WPT) (3.20 (3.20)</u>) operating area in the x- and y-directions for a given secondary device ground clearance (3.15(3.15))

#### 3.3 <del>3.3</del>

## centre alignment point

spatial X, Y centre of the alignment tolerance area (3.2(3.2))

Note 1 to entry: The centre alignment point is not a fixed point for any single coil. It only has relevance for a primary and secondary device combination and is specific for that combination.

[SOURCE: IEC 61980-3:2022, 3.104]

#### 3.4 **3.4**

#### EV device

on-board component assembly of WPT system (3.21(3.21))

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

#### $3.5 \frac{3.5}{}$

## **EV** power circuit

#### **EVPC**

on-board component assembly, comprising the *secondary device* (3.14(3.14)) and *EV power electronics* (3.6(3.6)), as well as the electrical and mechanical connections

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

## 3.6 <del>3.6</del>

#### **EV** power electronics

on-board component that converts the power and frequency from the *secondary device* (3.14(3.14)) to the DC power output of the *EV power circuit* (*EVPC*) (3.5 (3.5))

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

#### 3.7 <del>3.7</del>

#### magnetic field WPT

ISO 5474-4

MF-WPT //standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a97/iso-5474-4

transfer of electrical energy from a power source to an electrical load via a magnetic field without galvanic connection

#### 3.8 3.8

## operational design domain

#### ODD

specific operating conditions in which the *EV power circuit (EVPC)* (3.5-(3.5-)) is designed to properly operate

## 3.9 **3.9**

## primary device

off-board component comprising the primary coil and its compensation network to generate and shape the magnetic field for <u>wireless power transfer (WPT) (3.20WPT (3.20))</u>

Note 1 to entry: Includes housings, covers and cabling.

Note 2 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

[SOURCE: IEC 61980-3:2022, 3.124, modified — "MF-WPT" changed to "WPT" and Note 2 to entry added.]

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved

#### $3.10 \frac{3.10}{1.10}$

## protection area

volume in and around the vehicle that has uniform requirements with regard to effects of exposure to electromagnetic fields

## 3.11 3.11

#### rated output power

maximum power the <u>EV power circuit (EVPC) (3.5 (3.5)</u>) is designed to deliver consistently during a charging cycle

## 3.12 <del>3.12</del>

#### reference EVPC

<u>EV power circuit (EVPC) (3.5 (3.5)</u>) that serves for conformance testing purposes

[SOURCE: IEC 61980-3:2022, 3.125]

## 3.13 3.13

### reference supply power circuit

*supply power circuit* (3.18(3.18)) that serves for conformance testing purposes

[SOURCE: IEC 61980-3:2022, 3.126]

### 3.14 3.14

## secondary device

on-board component comprising the secondary coil and its compensating network to capture the magnetic field

Note 1 to entry: Includes housings, covers and cabling.

Note 2 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

[SOURCE: IEC 61980-3:2022, 3.129, modified — Note 2 to entry added.]

### 3.15 3.15

## secondary device ground clearance

vertical distance between the ground surface and the lowest point of the *secondary device* (3.14(3.14)) including the housing

Note 1 to entry: The lower surface does not need to be planar or parallel to the ground surface

### 3.16 **3.16**

#### steady state

state of a system at which all state and output variables remain constant in time while all input variables are constant

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-351:<del>2006</del>2013, 351-<del>24-09</del>45-10]

## 3.17 3.17

#### supply device

off-board component assembly of WPT system (3.21(3.21))

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

### 3.18 3.18

## supply power circuit

off-board component assembly, comprising the *primary device* (3.9(3.9)) and *supply power electronics* (3.19(3.19)), as well as the electrical and mechanical connections

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

### 3.19 3.19

## supply power electronics

off-board component that converts the power and frequency from the supply network to the power and frequency needed by the *primary device* (3.9(3.9))

Note 1 to entry: See Figure 1 Figure 1.

### 3.20 3.20

### wireless power transfer

**WPT** 

transfer of electrical energy from a power source to an electrical load without galvanic connection

### 3.21 3.21

### MF-WPT system

system comprising all necessary components for <u>magnetic field wireless power transfer (MF-WPT) (3.7-(3.7-)</u>) and control

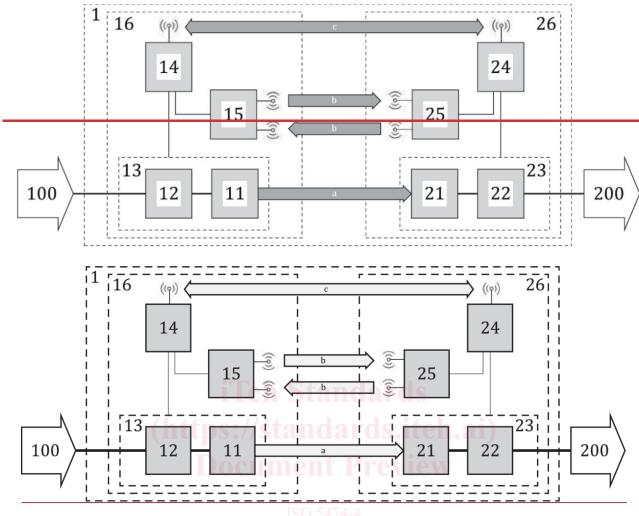
## 4 System structure

To establish a general baseline for the requirements defined in this document, in IEC 61980-2 and in IEC 61980-3, the MF-WPT system is structured into functional entities. Figure 1 shows this structure of functional entities in an exemplary architecture.

NOTE <u>Figure 1</u> does not give an indication on hardware packaging.

https://standards.iten.ai/catalog/standards/iso/81a061c1-0633-4284-8ef8-39a3ef1e5a9//iso-54/4-4

© ISO 2024 – All rights reserved



Key

1 MF-WPT system

21 secondary device

22 EV power electronics

primary device 22 EV power electronics 23 EV power circuit

13 supply power circuit 24 EV communication controller (EVCC)

14 supply equipment communication controller (SECC) 25 EV device P2PS controller

15 supply device P2PS controller16 supply device26 EV device200 RESS

100 supply network

NOTE The functional elements 14, 15, 24, and 25 are addressed in IEC 61980-2.

- a Wireless power flow.
- b Wireless signalling (P2PS).
- c Wireless communication.

Figure 1 — Example of system structure

## 5 Requirements regarding environmental conditions

The requirements given in this document shall be met across the range of environmental conditions as specified by the vehicle manufacturer.

The environmental requirements applicable to a component depend on its mounting position. The component shall withstand and retain its degree of protection under the typical loads and stresses it is subjected to in its intended mounting position.

Components of the EV device installed at the underbody of the EV shall have IP degree IP6K7 and IP6K9K in accordance with ISO 20653.

NOTE See the ISO 16750 series, the ISO 21498 series and the ISO 19453 series for guidance.

## 6 Classification

This document specifies requirements that address the following aspects of MF-WPT systems:

- system safety (Clause 10 (Clause 10),),
- system performance (Clause 7 (Clause 7), ),
- interoperability.

Requirements regarding system safety and system performance are relevant and applicable to any MF-WPT system (including dedicated single-supplier solutions).

The interoperability requirements supplement the safety and performance requirements in order to allow for interoperability of a supply device and an EV device provided by independent suppliers.

There are two compatibility classes to accommodate these design considerations:

- Compatibility class A: EV devices of this class are intended for interoperable application and are required to meet a set of safety and performance requirements. Cross-supplier interoperability is tested with the reference supply power circuits as specified in <a href="#">Annex Annex Annex B</a> and <a href="#">Annex B</a> Annex B</a>.
- Compatibility class B: EV devices of this class are not intended for interoperable application but still are required to meet the set of safety requirements. Performance requirements may be different than those of compatibility class A. EV devices of this class are tested with supplier-specified supply power circuits.

## 7 MF-WPT power transfer requirements

### 7.1 General

Unless otherwise specified, the requirements in <u>Clause 7 Clause 7 refer</u> to EVPCs of both compatibility classes.

Conformance to the requirements in 7.2 to 7.6 is tested according to 7.7 EVPCs of compatibility class A are tested with the reference supply power circuits described in Annexes A Annexes A and BB. EVPCs of compatibility class B are tested with supplier specific supply power circuits.

The supplier shall specify the ODD of an EVPC according to Table 1 Table 1.

© ISO 2024 - All rights reserved

Table 1 — EVPC ODD

Specifications of EVPC		Compatibility class A	Compatibility class B	
Frequency range		Operation within 79 <u>kHz</u> – 90 kHz		
Secondary devic clearance ra		EVPC specific within 100 mm – 250 mm	EVPC specific	
Alignment	x-direction	±75 mm	EVPC specific	
tolerance area	y-direction	±100 mm	EVPC specific	
Centre alignmen	t point(s)	EVPC specific		
Output voltage	e range	EVPC specific within voltage classes A and B according to ISO 6469-3.		
Rated output	power	EVPC specific up to 11,1 kW	EVPC specific	

- NOTE 1 Typically, the output voltage range of the EVPC is aligned with the voltage range of the RESS.
- NOTE 2 7.37.3 gives additional information for the determination of centre alignment point(s).

## 7.2 Frequency

MF-WPT for EVs operates in the frequency range of 79 kHz - 90 kHz. The operating frequency during power transfer is set by the supply device according to IEC 61980-2.

## 7.3 Geometrical operating space

An EVPC shall meet the requirements of 7.47.4 and 7.57.5 within its entire geometrical operating space defined by its secondary device ground clearance range and the alignment tolerance area according to Table 1 Table 1.

In case of MF-WPT between a primary device and a secondary device of different topologies, several centre alignment points can exist. Examples are shown in <u>Figure 2.284-868-39a361165a97/iso-5474-4</u>