TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION



First edition

Health informatics — Traditional Chinese medicine — Labelling metadata of human biological sample information

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO/PRF TS 5568</u> https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/isoprf-ts-5568





Reference number ISO/TS 5568:2022(E)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/PRF TS 5568

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/isoprf-ts-5568



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2022

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Page

Contents

word		iv
oductio	on	v
Scop	pe	
Nori	mative references	
Terr	ms and definitions	
Stru	ıcture	
Stan biolo	ndard table of traditional Chinese medicine labelling metadata of h	uman 3
Elen	nent dictionary	
6.1	General	5
6.2	Sample information Labelling	
	6.2.1 Demographic information	
	6.2.2 Basic information	
	6.2.3 Collecting and distribution information	
6.3		
	6.3.1 Medical history	
	6.3.2 Observation information	
	6.3.4 Biomedicine diagnosis	8
	6.3.5 Intervention methods	
iograpl	hy	9
	oducti Sco Nor Ter Stru Star biol Eler 6.1 6.2	 6.2 Sample information Labelling

<u>ISO/PRF TS 5568</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/isoprf-ts-5568

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 215, *Health informatics,* in collaboration with ISO/TC 249, *Traditional Chinese medicine*.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

Biobanks play an integral role in research and precision medicine by acquiring, processing, storing, and distributing high-quality, clinically annotated biological material. There are a lot of mature biobanks that can be utilized in Europe and the US. The construction of bio-sample databases for traditional Chinese medicine (TCM) is still evolving. Such databases imitate the labelling methods used in biomedicine samples. Information loss and ambiguity is unavoidable in these systems because of inconsistent content of labelling information for samples. For example, loss of TCM syndrome and physique information. There is no unified semantic information framework for labelling sample information, especially for clinical information of bio-samples in the TCM field. This lack of framework affects the effectiveness, safety and efficiency of data exchange and sharing between different organizations and databases and researchers.

The establishment of a unified semantic classification framework for clinical information labelling of TCM biological samples will greatly

- improve the completeness, accuracy and safety of clinical information labelling of TCM biological samples,
- establish a communication platform for basic research and clinical research of TCM, and
- lay a solid foundation for future information sharing and use.

At the same time, it can enhance the level of international scientific and technological cooperation of TCM and promote the modernization of TCM.

(standards.iteh.ai)

<u>ISO/PRF TS 5568</u>

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/isoprf-ts-5568

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO/PRF TS 556

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/isoprf-ts-5568

Health informatics — Traditional Chinese medicine — Labelling metadata of human biological sample information

1 Scope

This document defines the metadata elements to accurately and consistency label clinical information in traditional Chinese medicine human biological samples.

Animal biological samples are outside the scope of this document. This document is not applicable for bioinformatics labelling of biological samples. Human biological samples obtained to support the clinical application of biomedical products of human origin are outside the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp

-ttIEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/le-a599-1926ad43fb1a/iso-

3.1

metadata data that defines and describes other data

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 11179-1:2015, 3.2.16]

3.2 dataset identifiable collection of data

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.3, modified — Note to entry removed.]

3.3

biological sample

specimen

discrete portion of a body fluid (e.g. blood, urine, saliva), breath, hair or tissue taken from the human body, which is assumed to represent the whole patient, to support the assessment, diagnosis, treatment, mitigation or prevention of a disease, disorder or abnormal physical state, or its symptoms.

Note 1 to entry: Human biological samples obtained to support the clinical application of biomedical products of human origin are out of this scope.

3.4 biological sample bank biobank

legal entity or part of a legal entity that performs *biobanking* (3.12)

[SOURCE: ISO 20387:2018, 3.5, modified — Preferred term changed to "biological sample bank".]

3.5

clinical information

information about a person relevant to their health or healthcare

3.6

labelling

process of applying a classification, name or data to describe a sample

Note 1 to entry: Labelling of information includes health information, disease information and treatment information of samples related to traditional Chinese medicine. Accurate and comprehensive labelling is beneficial for identification, use, storage and retrieval of samples.

3.7

traditional Chinese medicine

тсм

traditional medicine that originated in china, and is characterized by holism and treatment based on pattern identification/syndrome differentiation

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17948:2014, 2.2]

3.8

3.9

metadata element

metadata entity

resource property name that can be used in metadata and that can be given a value

Note 1 to entry: A metadata element is referred to as metadata attribute in other communities.

[SOURCE: ISO 24622-1:2015, 2.12, modified — Example deleted.]

(standards.iteh.ai)

set of metadata elements (3.8) describing the same aspect of data

Note 1 to entry: Can contain one or more metadata entities.

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/8dea55c9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/iso-

Note 2 to entry: Equivalent to a class in UML terminology. ts-5568

EXAMPLE Sample type, sample test method

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.12, modified — Example added.]

3.10

section

subset of *metadata* (3.1) which consists of a collection of related *metadata entities* (3.9) and *metadata elements* (3.8)

Note 1 to entry: equivalent to a package in UML terminology.

EXAMPLE Demographic information, sample information

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.13, modified — Example added.]

3.11

element refinement

property of a resource which shares the meaning of a particular element but with narrower semantics

[SOURCE: ISO/TS 17948:2014, 2.7]

3.12

biobanking

process of acquisitioning and storing, together with some or all of the activities related to collection, preparation, preservation, testing, analysing and distributing defined biological material as well as related information and data

[SOURCE: ISO 20387:2018, 3.6]

3.13

four examinations

collective expression for inspection, listening and smelling, inquiry and palpation

4 Structure

The metadata of TCM information labelling of biological samples includes two metadata parts:

Identification subset

Subset of content information

5 Standard table of traditional Chinese medicine labelling metadata of human biological sample information

	Sections	Elements (Stal	Element refinements and encoding scheme	Element refinements and encoding scheme
		1.1 dataset Name		
nttps	tion section ://standards.i	1.2 dataset Iden- tifier /catalog/sta	ISO/PRF TS 5568 ndards/sist/8dea55c	<u>}</u> 9-1f7c-4f1e-a599-1926ad43fb1a/iso-
1		1.3 dataset Pub- lisher - Unit Name		
		1.4 Key word		
		1.5 dataset Lan- guage	International Stand- ard used	

Table 1 — Table of TCM labelling metadata	
Table I — Table of I CM fabelling metauata	

		Table 1 (contin	lucuj
Sections	Elements	Element refinements and encoding scheme	Element refinements and encoding scheme
2. Content section	2.1 Sample infor- mation Labelling	2.1.1 demographic information	2.1.1.1 sex
			2.1.1.2 date of birth
			2.1.1.3 occupation
			2.1.1.4 ID
			2.1.1.5 marriage status and date
			2.1.1.6 home address and recording date
			2.1.1.7 contact number
		2.1.2 basic informa- tion	2.1.2.1 material type
			2.1.2.2 processing time
			2.1.2.3 security level
			2.1.2.4 coding system
		2.1.3 collecting and distribution information	2.1.3.1 collection method
			2.1.3.2 collection time
	iTeh S	TANDAR	2.1.3.3 collection personnel
			2.1.3.4 reception time
		standard	2.1.3.5 transportation mode
			2.1.3.6 distribution method
	ndarda itab ai/aata	2.1.4 storage infor- mation	2.1.4.1 storage address
	L aarus.non.ar/oata	nrf_ts_4	2.1.4.2 storage method
		pri-us-,	2.1.4.3 storage container and equipment
			2.1.4.4 storage sign
			2.1.4.5 delivery time
			2.1.4.6 destruction method
			2.1.4.7 destruction time
	2.2 Clinical infor- mation labelling	2.2.1 medical history	
		2.2.2 observation in- formation	
		2.2.3 diagnosis of dis- eases and syndromes in TCM	2.2.3.1 diagnosis of TCM diseases
			2.2.3.2 diagnosis of TCM syndromes
		2.2.4 biomedicine di- agnosis	2.2.4.1 biomedicine diseases diagnosis
			2.2.4.2 biomedicine pathological diagnosis
		2.2.5 intervention method	2.2.5.1 TCM Intervention
			2.2.5.2 biomedicine intervention
			2.2.5.3 physical therapy

Table 1 (continued)