

Designation: D1369 - 84 (Reapproved 2012)

Standard Practice for Quantities of Materials for Bituminous Surface Treatments¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D1369; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers the rates of application of bituminous materials and aggregates and types and grades of bituminous materials for single and multiple bituminous surface treatments as applied to suitably prepared pavements or bases.
- 1.2 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

C29/C29M Test Method for Bulk Density ("Unit Weight") and Voids in Aggregate

D448 Classification for Sizes of Aggregate for Road and Bridge Construction

D490 Specification for Road Tar

D633 Volume Correction Table for Road Tar

D946 Specification for Penetration-Graded Asphalt Cement for Use in Pavement Construction

ASTM D1369

D977 Specification for Emulsified Asphalt

D1139 Specification for Aggregate for Single or Multiple Bituminous Surface Treatments

D1250 Guide for Use of the Petroleum Measurement Tables
D2027 Specification for Cutback Asphalt (Medium-Curing
Type)

D2028 Specification for Cutback Asphalt (Rapid-Curing Type)

D2397 Specification for Cationic Emulsified Asphalt

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

- ¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D04 on Road and Paving Materials and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D04.24 on Bituminous Surface Treatments.
- Current edition approved June 1, 2012. Published September 2012. Originally approved in 1955. Last previous edition approved in 2006 as D1369-84 (2006). DOI: 10.1520/D1369-84R12.
- ² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- 3.1.1 The types of surface treatments covered by this practice are as follows:
- 3.1.2 multiple-surface treatment—a wearing surface composed of bituminous material and aggregate, in which coarser aggregate is placed uniformly over an initial application of bituminous material and followed by one or more subsequent applications of bituminous material and smaller aggregate.
- 3.1.2.1 *Discussion*—Generally, the designated maximum size of the smaller aggregate is one half that of the aggregate used in the preceding application. Each application of aggregate is placed uniformly in a single layer, the thickness of which approximates the nominal maximum size of the aggregate.
- 3.1.3 *single-surface treatment*—a wearing surface of bituminous material and aggregate in which the aggregate is placed uniformly over the applied bituminous material in a single layer, the thickness of which approximates the nominal maximum size of the aggregate used.

4. Significance and Use

- 4.1 This practice is intended to be used as a guide by those involved in the design of bituminous surface treatments. It covers typical application rates for the various types of surface treatments and covers aggregate sizes and covers recommended grades of asphaltic material for both hot and cool weather conditions.
- 4.2 The typical bituminous material application rates given are for normal surfaces and non-porous aggregates. Provision is made for rate adjustment when other than normal surfaces or porous aggregates, or both, are involved.

5. Rates of Application

- 5.1 Typical quantities of materials for the several types of surface treatments are listed in Table 1 and Table 2.
- 5.2 The quantities of the various gradations are normally sufficient to provide a uniform cover over the area specified. The quantities of aggregate are shown by volume measurement in order to minimize the effect of variations due to specific gravity, particle shape, surface texture, and porosity. For job control, the quantity of aggregate by volume may be converted to a weight figure by determining the loose unit weight of the

TABLE 1 Quantities of Materials for Bituminous Surface Treatments (U.S. Customary Units)

Note 1—The values are typical design or target values and are not necessarily obtainable to the precision indicated.

Surface Treatment		Aggregate			Bituminous Mate- rial ^A
Туре	Application	Size No. ^B	Nominal Size (Square Openings)	Typical Rate of Application, ft ³ /yd ²	Typical Rate of Application, gal/yd ²
Single	initial	5	1 in. to ½ in.	0.50	0.42
-		6	¾ in. to ¾ in.	0.36	0.37
		7	½ in. to No. 4	0.23	0.23
		8	3/s in. to No. 8	0.17	0.19
		9	No. 4 to No. 16	0.11	0.13
Double	initial	5	1 in. to ½ in.	0.50	0.42
	second	7	½ in. to No. 4	0.25	0.26
Double	initial	6	3⁄4 in. to 3⁄8 in.	0.36	0.37
	second	8	3/8 in. to No. 8	0.18	0.20
Triple	initial	5	1 in. to ½ in.	0.50	0.42
•	second	7	½ in. to No. 4	0.25	0.26
	third	9	No. 4 to No. 16	0.13	0.14
Triple	initial	6	¾ in. to ¾ in.	0.36	0.37
•	second	8	3/s in. to No. 8	0.18	0.20
	third	9	No. 4 to No. 16	0.13	0.14

^AExperience has shown that these quantities should be increased slightly (5 to 10 %) when the bituminous material to be used was manufactured for application with little or no heating.

TABLE 2 Quantities of Materials for Bituminous Surface Treatments (Metric Units)

Note 1—The values are typical design or target values and are not necessarily obtainable to the precision indicated.

Surfa	ce Treatment		Aggregate		
Туре	Application	Size No. ^B	Nominal Size (Square Openings, mm)	Typical Rate of Application, m³/m²	Typical Rate of Application, litre/m²
Single	initial		25.0 to 12.5	0.017	1.90
		6	19.0 to 9.5	0.012	1.68
		7	12.5 to 4.75	0.008	1.04
		AST 84 D136	9.5 to 2.36	0.006	0.86
		A5191D130	4.8 to 1.2	0.004	0.59
tps://standards.ite	eh.ai/catalog/standard	ls/sist/7db0500b-	6b6a-4d9e-9476-134a 25.0 to 12.5	97b2165c/astm-	d1369-842012
	second	7	2.5 to 4.75	0.008	1.18
Double	initial	6	19.0 to 9.5	0.012	1.68
	second	8	9.5 to 2.36	0.006	0.91
Triple	initial	5	25.0 to 12.5	0.017	1.90
	second	7	12.5 to 4.75	0.008	1.18
	third	9	4.75 to 1.18	0.004	0.63
Triple	initial	6	19.0 to 9.5	0.012	1.68
	second	8	9.5 to 2.36	0.006	0.91
	third	9	4.75 to 1.18	0.004	0.63

^AExperience has shown that these quantities should be increased slightly (5 to 10 %) when the bituminous material to be used was manufactured for application with little or no heating.

aggregate and calculating or using Table 3 and Table 4 to determine the pounds per square yard or kilograms per square metre.

5.3 The quantities of bituminous materials for the various aggregate gradations are typical rates of application considered adequate to retain aggregate of the specified size on a normal surface. The quantity of bituminous material should be increased when highly absorptive or porous aggregate is used and when treating an old surface that is dry, in order to allow

for bituminous material absorbed. The quantity of bituminous material should be decreased when treating an existing surface that is rich in bitumen, in order to compensate for such excess. Quantities of bituminous materials shown are for volumes of the material at 60°F (15.6°C). For application at elevated temperatures these quantities should be adjusted to provide the desired volume at 60°F .

5.4 The typical rates of application shown in Table 1 and Table 2 may be adjusted for variations in the gradation of the

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