

SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST EN 301 786 V1.1.2:2003

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Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-point equipment; Parameters for digital radio systems for the transmission of digital signals operating at 52 GHz

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European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Fixed Radio Systems;
Point-to-point equipment;
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for the transmission of digital signals
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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Transmission and Multiplexing (TM).

The present document specifies the minimum performance parameters for radio equipment operating in the frequency ranges as detailed in clause 4.1.1.

The former title of the present document was "Transmission and Multiplexing; Digital Radio Relay Systems; Parameters for the DRRS for the transmission of digital signals operating at 52 GHz".

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National transposition dates					
Date of adoption of this EN:	4 May 2001				
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1 Scope

The present document specifies the minimum performance parameters for terrestrial digital fixed service radio communications equipments operating in the 52 GHz frequency band and provides for the following:

- introduction of unique system type codes for regulatory reference to the various system types detailed in the present document, refer to new annex C (normative) and related categories of equipment classes of spectral efficiency;
- payload capacities for spectrum efficiency classes 1 to 4;
- digital services operating in frequency division duplex (FDD) operation only;
- technical specifications relevant to the EMC Directive, detailed in annex B (normative);
- specific antenna radiation patterns as defined in EN 300 833 [11]).

As harmonized channel spacings lower than 14 MHz are not defined in the 52 GHz frequency band at the drafting date of the present document, channel spacings at 7 MHz and 3,5 MHz are shown for information purposes only.

However the present document can be considered as a guideline when national frequency plans based on 7 MHz and 3,5 MHz channel spacings exist.

Digital systems are intended to be used for point-to-point connections in local and regional networks at data rates between 2 Mbit/s and Synchronous Transport Module, level 1 (STM-1).

Digital systems considered in the present document will be able to meet the error performance objectives of the ITU-R national portion of the reference path, i.e. ITU-R Recommendation F.1189 [18] and the error performance objectives detailed in ITU-T Recommendation G.826 [25], ndards.iteh.ai)

The parameters to be specified fall into two categories:

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- a) those that are required to provide compatibility between channels from different sources of equipment on the same route, connected to separate antennas disconnected to separate and disconnected and disconnected and disconnected and disconnected and discon
- b) parameters defining the transmission quality of the proposed system.

The present document deals with Radio Frequency (RF) and baseband characteristics relevant to low, medium and high capacity Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy (PDH) transmission systems, and STM-0 and STM-1 Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) transmission systems. Antenna/feeder system requirements are covered in EN 300 833 [11].

The present document does not contain aspects related to test procedures and test conditions however they are to be found in EN 301 126-1 [3].

As the maximum transmission rate in a given bandwidth depends on system spectral efficiency, different equipment classes are defined:

Class 1:	equipment spectral efficiency based on typically 2-states modulation scheme (e.g. 2-FSK,
	Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK) with discriminator detection, or equivalent);

- Class 2: equipment spectral efficiency based on typically 4-states modulation scheme (e.g. 4-FSK, 4-QAM, or equivalent);
- Class 3: equipment spectral efficiency based on typically 8-states modulation scheme (e.g. 8PSK, or equivalent);
- Class 4: equipment spectral efficiency based on typically 16 or 32-states modulation scheme (e.g. 16-QAM, 32-QAM, or equivalent).

The above classes are indicative only and do not imply any constraint to the actual modulation format, provided that all the requirements in the present document are met.

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Safety aspects are not be considered in the present document. However compliance to CENELEC EN 60950 [33] will be required to comply with the 1999/5/EC Directive (R&TTE).

Technical background for most of the parameters and requirements referred in the present document may be found in TR 101 036-1 [13]

2 References

[14]

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

rectangular waveguides".

• A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

number.	
[1]	CEPT /ERC Recommendation 12-11 E (Luxembourg 1999): "Radio frequency channel arrangement for fixed service systems operating in the band 51.4 GHz - 52.6 GHz".
[2]	CEPT/ERC Recommendation 74-01: "Spurious emissions".
[3]	ETSI EN 301-126-1 (V1.1-2): "Fixed Radio Systems; Conformance testing; Part 1: Point-to-point equipment - Definitions, general requirements and test procedures".
[4]	ETSI ETS 300 019: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment". SIST EN 301 786 V1.1.2:2003
[5]	ETSI-ETS/300/132-1: "Equipment Engineering (EE): Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 13 Operated by alternating current (ac) derived from direct current (dc) sources".
[6]	ETSI ETS 300 132-2: "Equipment Engineering (EE); Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment; Part 2: Operated by direct current (dc)".
[7]	ETSI EN 300 385: "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for fixed radio links and ancillary equipment".
[8]	ETSI ETS 300 635: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH); Radio specific functional blocks for transmission of Mx STM-N".
[9]	ETSI EN 300 645: "Telecommunications Management Network (TMN); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) radio relay equipment; Information model for use on Q interfaces".
[10]	ETSI ETS 300 785: "Transmission and Multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH); Radio specific functional blocks for transmission of M x sub-STM-1".
[11]	ETSI EN 300 833: "Fixed Radio Systems; Point to Point Antennas; Antennas for point-to-point fixed radio systems operating in the frequency band 3 GHz to 60 GHz".
[12]	ETSI TR 101 035 (V1.1.3): "Transmission and multiplexing (TM); Synchronous Digital Hierarchy (SDH) aspects regarding Digital Radio Relay Systems (DRRS)".
[13]	ETSI TR 101 036-1 (V1.2.1): "Fixed Radio Systems; Point-to-point equipment; Generic wordings for standards on digital radio systems characteristics; Part 1: General aspects and point-to-point equipment parameters".

IEC 60154-2: "Flanges for waveguides. Part 2: Relevant specifications for flanges for ordinary

[15]	ITU-R Recommendation F.750: "Architectures and functional aspects of radio-relay systems for SDH-based networks".
[16]	ITU-R Recommendation F.751: "Transmission characteristics and performance requirements of radio-relay systems for SDH-based networks".
[17]	ITU-R Recommendation F.1102: "Characteristics of radio-relay systems operating in frequency bands above about 17 GHz".
[18]	ITU-R Recommendation F.1189: "Error performance objectives for constant bit rate digital paths at or above the primary rate carried by digital radio-relay systems which may form part or all of the national portion of a 27 500 km hypothetical reference path".
[19]	ITU-R Recommendation F.1191: "Bandwidths and unwanted emissions of digital radio-relay systems".
[20]	ITU-T Recommendation G.703: "Physical/electrical characteristics of hierarchical digital interfaces".
[21]	ITU-T Recommendation G.707: "Network node interface for the synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH)".
[22]	ITU-T Recommendation G.773: "Protocol suites for Q-interfaces for management of transmission systems".
[23]	ITU-T Recommendation G.783: "Characteristics of synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) equipment functional blocks".
[24]	ITU-T Recommendation G.784: "Synchronous digital hierarchy (SDH) management".
[25]	ITU-T Recommendation G.826: "Error performance parameters and objectives for international, constant bit rate digital paths at or above the primary rate".
[26]	ITU-T Recommendation G.828; "Error performance parameters and objectives for international synchronous digital paths" catalog/standards/sist/23b396c8-a454-402c-9931-
[27]	ITU-T Recommendation G.861: Principles and guidelines for the integration of satellite and radio systems in SDH transport networks".
[28]	ITU-T Recommendation G.957: "Optical interfaces for equipments and systems relating to the synchronous digital hierarchy".
[29]	ITU-T Recommendation O.151: "Error performance measuring equipment operating at the primary rate and above".
[30]	ITU-T Recommendation O.181: "Equipment to assess error performance on STM-N interfaces".
[31]	ITU-R Recommendation P.530-6: "Propagation data and prediction methods required for the design of terrestrial line-of-sight systems".
[32]	Council Directive 89/336/EEC of 3 May 1989 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility.
[33]	CENELEC EN 60950: "Safety of information technology equipment".
[34]	ITU-R Recommendations SM.329-8: "Spurious emissions".

3 Symbols and abbreviations

Symbols 3.1

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

dB decibel

dBi decibel relative to isotropic radiator

decibel relative to 1 mW dBm dBu decibel relative to 1microVolt dBW decibel relative to 1 W

GigaHertz GHz kiloHertz kHz

Mbit/s Mega-bits per second

MegaHertz MHz parts per million ppm milliWatt mW Ω Ohm

3.2 **Abbreviations**

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

alternating current ac

Automatic Transmit Power Control ARD PREVIEW **ATPC**

AU Administrative Unit

Background Block Errot Rate dards.iteh.ai) **BBER**

BER Bit Error Rate

C/I Carrier to Interference ratio

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1fb3e2694bbe/sist-en-301-786-v1-1-2-2003 dc direct current

DRRS Digital Radio Relay Systems

Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power **EIRP**

ElectroMagnetic Compatibility **EMC**

Errored Second Ratio ESR Frequency Division Duplex FDD

Frequency-Shift Keying (modulation) **FSK**

GMSK Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (modulation) **IEC** International Electrotechnical Committee

IF Intermediate Frequency IPI Inter-Port Isolation LO Local Oscillator not applicable n.a.

PDH Plesiochronous Digital Hierarchy Pseudo Random Binary Sequence **PRBS** Quadrature Amplitude Modulation OAM

Residual Bit Error Rate **RBER** RF Radio Frequency

RFC Remote Frequency Control

RL Return Loss

RSL Receive Signal Level

RTPC Remote Transmit Power Control **SDH** Synchronous Digital Hierarchy

Section OverHead SOH

STM-N Synchronous Transport Module, level N

medium capacity SDH radio transport module (51,840 Mbit/s AU-3 equivalent, also referred as STM-0

STM-0 by ITU-T Recommendation G.861 [27])

TC **ETSI Technical Committee** 10

TM	ETSI TC-Transmission and Multiplexing		
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network		
VDD	anaga Dalan Diganimination		

4 General characteristics

4.1 Frequency bands and channel arrangements

4.1.1 Channel arrangements

The equipment shall operate on one or more of the channels as defined below:

The frequency range shall be 51,4 GHz to 52,6 GHz. The channel arrangements shall be in accordance with CEPT/ERC Recommendation 12-11 E (Luxembourg 1999) [1].

Harmonized channel spacings below 14 MHz are not currently defined in the 52 GHz CEPT channel plan. Therefore channel spacings at 7 MHz and 3,5 MHz are shown for information purposes only although these can be considered as a guide for national frequency plans based on 7 MHz and 3,5 MHz channel spacings."

For reader convenience, the basic parameters of the CEPT Recommendation are shown in informative annex A.

4.1.2 Co-polar channel spacing for systems operating on the same route

System bit rates and their relevant channel spacing in the present document are reported in table 1 (for the precise payload bit rates, see clause 5.1). (standards.iteh.ai)

Table 1: Digital systems channel spacing for various bit rates

	Payload Bit Rate [Mbit/s] teh.ai/ca	talog/stand	/85 V2.1 lards/sist/2	<u>.2:2003</u> 23b396c8	2 × 8 -a454-40	34 12c-9931-	51	140 and 155
Channel	Class 1 equipments 62694	bbe/sast-ei	1-30 7 -786)-VI14-2-	²⁰⁰ 28	56		
Spacing [MHz]	Class 2 equipments	3,5	3,5	7	14	28	56	
	Class 3 equipment						28	
	Class 4 equipment			3,5	7	14	14	56
NOTE: n x 2 Mbit/s and n x 34 Mbit/s bit rates may be used where appropriate.								

For regulatory purposes in national procedures for licensing radio equipment according to the present document, the above system types shall be identified by the "system type codes" reported in normative annex C.

4.2 Compatibility requirements between systems

The compatibility requirements between systems are as follows:

- there shall be no requirement to operate transmitting equipment from one manufacturer with receiving equipment from another;
- there shall not be a requirement to multiplex different manufacturers equipment on the same or on different polarization of the same antenna;
- depending on the application, it shall be possible to operate the system in vertical and/or horizontal polarization, if required by the channel arrangement.