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# Measurement uncertainties in mechanical tests on metallic materials — The evaluation of uncertainties in tensile testing

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 164, *Mechanical testing of metals*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Uniaxial testing*.

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# Introduction

This document is based on a CEN Workshop Agreement which was issued in 2005 following a trilogy of documents concerned with measurement uncertainties in mechanical tests on metallic materials. The trilogy includes three documents, one concerned with the evaluation of uncertainties in low cycle fatigue testing, one with creep testing and this document focused on tensile testing.

For a meaningful estimate of uncertainty, all primary sources of uncertainty are to be included and their effects are to be properly quantified in the analyses. Reporting and interpreting the results of the calculations is also of utmost importance.

The calculations given in this document only capture the uncertainty associated with the uncertainty of the testing equipment's sensors over a short time scale. The uncertainty of a test result is dependent on much more than the uncertainty of the testing equipment's sensors.

Contributions to uncertainty due to misalignment, long-term environmental effects, and intermittent procedural errors, to name a few, are not included in these analyses. This is demonstrated by the results of the interlaboratory reproducibility in <u>Annex CAnnex C</u> compared to the example given in <u>Annex B</u>.

A more realistic value of the uncertainty of the properties of material can be estimated using reproducibility data from laboratory intercomparisons involving several laboratories.

Results from reproducibility tests also include contributions to uncertainty from material inhomogeneity, different testing machines, controlling, and processing software together with the influence of different operators.

This document is based on CWA 15261-2<sup>1</sup> and UNCERT CoP 07<sup>[11]</sup>. It describes a method for evaluating the uncertainty in tensile test results obtained from a series of tests that are performed in accordance with ISO 3534-3 [2], <sup>[2]</sup> ISO 5725 series [3], <sup>[3]</sup> ISO 6892-1 [4], <sup>[4]</sup> ISO 6892-2 [5], <sup>[5]</sup> ISO 9513 [6], <sup>[6]</sup> ISO Guides 33 and 35 [7]<sup>[7]</sup> and [8], <sup>[8]</sup> For a general introduction on the subject of uncertainty in measurement and testing refer to References [12] and [13]. [12] and [13].

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# Measurement uncertainties in mechanical tests on metallic materials — The evaluation of uncertainties in tensile testing

#### 1 Scope

This document describes how the evaluation of uncertainties in tensile tests can be obtained from tests at room temperature (ISO 6892-1) or elevated temperature (ISO 6892-2).

This document reports how it can be applied to tests performed at ambient and elevated temperatures under axial loading conditions with a digital acquisition of force and displacement.

NOTE 1\_\_\_\_AS CWA 15261-2<sup>+2</sup> and UNCERT CoP 07,<sup>+++111</sup> reports, the tests are assumed to run continuously without interruptions on test pieces that have uniform gauge lengths.

**NOTE** Annex C<u>NOTE 2</u> Annex C gives for information an indication of the typical scatter in tensile test results for a variety of materials that have been reported during laboratory inter-comparison exercises.

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

# 3 Terms, definitions and symbols

# 3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>

IEC Electropedia: available at <u>https://www.electropedia.org/</u>

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coverage factor and a standard uncertainty, produces the expanded uncertainty and a standard uncertain

#### 3.1.2

3.1.1

#### level of confidence

probability that the value of the measurand lies within the quoted range of uncertainty

#### 3.1.3

measurand

specific quantity being reported as the measurement result

Note-\_1-to-entry:------\_A measurand can be a direct test reading or an estimate of a material property from other readings

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# 3.1.4

measurement

set of operations having the object of determining a value of the measurand

# 3.1.5

**result** distinction is made between:

# 3.1.5.1

**result of a measurement** value attributed to the measurand, obtained by measurement

# 3.1.6

**standard deviation** positive square root of the variance

. 3.1.7.1

# uncertainty of measurement

parameter, associated with the result of a measurement, that defines the range within which a specific fraction of the distribution of values that could reasonably be attributed to the measurand is estimated to fall (within a given confidence)

# 3.1.7.2

# standard uncertainty

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estimated standard deviation or estimated positive square root of the variance

#### 3.1.7.3 expanded uncertainty

value obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor

# 3.1.8

 variance

 measure of the dispersion of a set of n measurement results. It is the sum of the squares of the deviations

 of the measurement results from the average, divided by n-1

# 3.2 Symbols

The symbols used in this document and corresponding designations are given in Table 1. Table 1.

| Symbol                | Unit            | Designation   |  |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| ao                    | mm              | Original thickness of a flat test piece   |  |
| au                    | mm              | Minimum thickness after fracture  |  |
| $b_{\mathrm{o}}$      | mm              | Original width of the parallel length of a flat test piece  |  |
| $b_{\mathrm{u}}$      | mm              | Minimum width after fracture  |  |
| $d_{ m o}$            | mm              | Diameter of the parallel length of a circular test piece  |  |
| $d_{\mathrm{u}}$      | mm              | Minimum diameter of a circular test piece after fracture  |  |
| $m_{\rm E}$           | MPa             | Slope of the elastic part of the stress-extension curve   |  |
| Ε                     | GPa ª           | Young's modulus (modulus of elasticity)   |  |
| F                     | N               | Force   |  |
| $\Delta F \Delta F$   | N               | Force increment   |  |
| $F_{ m eH}$           | N               | Force at R <sub>eH</sub>  |  |
| $F_{\rm eL}$          | N               | Force at R <sub>eL</sub>  |  |
| $F_{\rm p}$           | N               | Force at <i>R</i> <sub>p</sub>  |  |
| $F_{\rm m}$           | N               | Maximum force   |  |
| Lo                    | mm              | Original gauge length   |  |
| Le                    | mm              | Extensometer gauge length   |  |
| $L_{\mathrm{u}}$      | mm              | Gauge length after fracture   |  |
| n<br>ttps://sta       | ndards.iteh     | Number of readings or results or evaluated data pairs in the linear regression<br>or numerical coefficient<br>NOTE This is also used for other parameters e.g., number of samples in a<br>batch (See 3.4.2) |  |
| R                     | MPa ª           | Stress  |  |
| R <sub>eH</sub>       | МРа             | Upper yield strength  |  |
| $R_{eL}$              | МРа             | Lower yield strength  |  |
| R <sub>m</sub>        | МРа             | Tensile strength  |  |
| Rp                    | МРа             | Proof strength, plastic extension (e.g., $0,2 \%$ , $R_{p0,2}$ )  |  |
| Α                     | %               | Percentage elongation after fracture  |  |
| So                    | mm <sup>2</sup> | Original cross-sectional area   |  |
| $S_{ m u}$            | mm <sup>2</sup> | Smallest cross-sectional area after fracture  |  |
| Ζ                     | %               | Percentage reduction of area after fracture   |  |
| и                     | b               | Standard uncertainty (in general)   |  |
| $u(x_i)$              | b               | Standard uncertainty on measurement <i>x</i> <sub>i</sub>   |  |
| <i>u</i> <sub>c</sub> | b               | Combined uncertainty (in general)   |  |
| v                     | b               | Test (or measurement) mean result   |  |

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| Symbol                                      | Unit            | Designation   |  |
|---|-----------------|---|--|
| $u_{c}(y)$                                  | b               | Combined uncertainty on the mean result of a measurement  |  |
| Y   | b               | Evaluated value of the measurand  |  |
| $d_{\rm v}$                                 | -               | Divisor associated with the assumed probability distribution  |  |
| С   | b               | Sensitivity coefficient (in general)  |  |
| Ci  | b               | Sensitivity coefficient associated with uncertainty on measurement <i>x</i> <sub>i</sub>  |  |
| Ст  | b               | Temperature sensitivity coefficient   |  |
| Xi  | b               | Individual value  |  |
| $\frac{-}{x\bar{x}}$                        | b               | Arithmetic mean   |  |
| S   | b               | Sample standard deviation   |  |
| а, <del>б<u>б</u></del>                     | b               | Mid-point value between the upper and lower limits<br>NOTE Subscripts corresponding to the concerned property, e.g., ອີພະອົງລຸດ.                      |  |
| k, k <sub>p</sub>                           | -               | Coverage factor   |  |
| U   | b               | Expanded uncertainty  |  |
| + <sup>≁</sup> eff <u></u> <sup>ν</sup> eff | -               | Effective degrees of freedom given by the Welsh-Satterthwaite method  |  |
| f   | -               | Degree of freedom (n - 1)   |  |
| Y   | b               | Evaluated value of the measurand  | h ai)                                  |
| р   | %               | Coverage probability; confidence level  | 11.al)                                 |
| t   | -               | Factor of Student's distribution  |  |
| т   | b               | Slope of the regression line or strain rate sensitivity <b>CONTE</b> Subscript corresponding to the concerned property, e.g., <i>m</i> <sub>E</sub> . | VV IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII |
| b   | b               | Intercept in the regression line  |  |
| S <sub>xy</sub>                             | b<br>//         | Empirical covariance in the linear regression   | 0226 1 166 - 051 701.1 / 4. 15262      |
| $S_x$                                       | // Stanuar      | Standard deviation of <i>x</i> -values in the linear regression   | 7830-101088507900/1so-atr-15263        |
| $S_y$                                       | b               | Standard deviation of <i>y</i> -values in the linear regression   |  |
| r   | -               | Correlation coefficient in the linear regression  |  |
| Sm  | b               | Standard deviation of the slope of the regression line  |  |
| S <sub>b</sub>                              | b               | Standard deviation of the intercept of the regression line  |  |
| $S_{m(rel)}$                                | -               | Bound regarding the upper and the lower proportional limit for the determination of Young's modulus in the linear regression                          |  |
| <u>ALAL</u>                                 | mm              | Displacement increment based on initial gauge length  |  |
| <u>AL<sub>pl</sub>ΔL<sub>pl</sub></u>       | mm              | Plastic displacement  |  |
| <u>AL</u> <sub>≆</sub> - <u>ΔL</u> z        | mm              | Calculated zero-point   |  |
| $AL_{ef}\Delta L_{el}$                      | mm              | Elastic displacement  |  |
| $A_{(a)}$                                   | %               | Elongation automatically given by an extensometer   |  |
| $A_{(m)}$                                   | %               | Elongation determined manually  |  |
| е   | -               | Strain / extension  |  |
| ėė  | S <sup>-1</sup> | Strain rate   |  |

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| Symbol  | Unit            | Designation   |  |  |
|---|-----------------|---|--|--|
| epl   | -               | Plastic strain  |  |  |
| e(rupt)   | -               | Strain at fracture  |  |  |
| R(rupt)   | МРа             | Stress at fracture  |  |  |
| $C_{A(m)}$  | %               | Correction in comparison with the percentage elongation value measured manually |  |  |
| σ   | МРа             | True stress   |  |  |
| З   | -               | True plastic strain   |  |  |
| <del>ė</del> ė  | S <sup>-1</sup> | True plastic strain rate  |  |  |
| m′  |                 | Strain rate sensitivity   |  |  |
| Κ'  | МРа             | Material flow stress at a true strain rate of unity                             |  |  |
| Т   | °C              | Ambient temperature during testing  |  |  |
| η΄, <del>σ<sub>yo</sub>,σ<sub>yo</sub>,</del><br>Γ1, Co | b               | Numerical coefficients  |  |  |
|   |                 |   |  |  |

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# 4 Steps for the evaluation of uncertainty

#### 4.1 General

Figure 1 Figure 1 shows the different steps for the evaluation of uncertainty.



# 4.2 Step 1 — Defining the measurands for which uncertainty is to be evaluated

The measurands (quantities) for which the uncertainties are to be calculated are listed.

 Table 2 Table 2
 shows the measurands that can be reported in tensile testing. These measurands are measured directly or are not measured directly and are determined from other quantities (or measurements).

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### <u>Table 2 — Measurands, measurements and their units and symbols</u>

| Measurand   | Unit            | Symbol            |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| Original cross-sectional area                           | mm <sup>2</sup> | So                |
| Slope of the elastic part of the stress-extension curve | МРа             | $m_{\rm E}$       |
| Proof strength at 0,2 % plastic extension               | МРа             | R <sub>p0,2</sub> |
| Upper yield strength                                    | МРа             | $R_{ m eH}$       |
| Lower yield strength                                    | МРа             | $R_{eL}$          |
| Tensile strength  | МРа             | $R_{ m m}$        |
| Percentage elongation after fracture                    | %               | Α                 |
| Percentage reduction of area                            | %               | Ζ                 |
| Test piece original thickness (rectangular test piece)  | mm              | ao                |
| Test piece original width (rectangular test piece)      | mm              | bo                |
| Test piece original diameter (circular test piece)      | mm              | do                |

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