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An American National Standard

# **Standard Specification for** Oriented Poly(Vinyl Chloride), PVCO, Pressure Pipe<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1483; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

#### 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers requirements for materials, dimensions, sustained pressure, accelerated regression testing, burst pressure, flattening, impact resistance, workmanship, and methods of marking for oriented poly(vinyl chloride) (PVCO) pipe for pressure applications.

1.2 The PVCO pipe shall be joined using elastomeric seals (gaskets). The joint shall meet the requirements of Specification D3139 and the elastomeric seal shall meet the requirements of Specification F477. The PVCO shall not be joined by solvent cementing.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values in parentheses are given for information only.

1.4 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 8 of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

# 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

2.1 ASTM Standaras. D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

- D1598 Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure
- D1599 Test Method for Resistance to Short-Time Hydraulic Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings
- D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics
- D1784 Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds
- D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings
- D2152 Test Method for Adequacy of Fusion of Extruded Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Pipe and Molded Fittings by Acetone Immersion
- D2444 Test Method for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)
- D2837 Test Method for Obtaining Hydrostatic Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Materials or Pressure Design Basis for Thermoplastic Pipe Products
- D3139 Specification for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
- F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems
- F477 Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe

2.2 Other Standards:

- NSF Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials<sup>3</sup>
- ANSI/NSF Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water System Components—Health Effects<sup>3</sup>

PPI-TR 3 Policies and Procedures for Developing Recommended Hydrostatic Design Stresses for Thermoplastic Pipe<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.25 on Vinyl Based Pipe.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Available from the National Sanitation Foundation, P.O. Box 1468, Ann Arbor, MI 48106. <sup>4</sup> Available from Plastics Pipe Institute, 1275 K St. N.W., Suite 400, Washington, DC 20005.

# 3. Terminology

# 3.1 *Definitions*:

3.1.1 *General*—Definitions are in accordance with Terminologies D883 and F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise indicated. The abbreviation for poly(vinyl chloride) plastics is PVC.

3.1.2 *PVCO pipe*—abbreviation for oriented poly(vinyl chloride) plastics. PVCO pipe is PVC pressure pipe which attains a relatively high strength by reorienting the molecules. Conventionally extruded PVC pipe is expanded circumferentially (for example, 2-in. diameter is expanded to 4-in. diameter) through the application of pressure and temperature. The expansion reorients the PVC molecular structure in the hoop direction, thereby increasing the material strength.

## 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *expansion ratio* (*ER*)—the ratio of the finished PVCO pipe outside diameter to the outside diameter of the original starting stock.

3.2.2 standard thermoplastic pipe material designation code—the molecularly oriented poly(vinyl chloride) materials designation code shall consist of the abbreviation PVCO for the type of plastics, followed by the ASTM type and grade in arabic numerals and the hydrostatic design stress in units of 100 psi (0.69 MPa) with any decimal figures dropped. The ASTM type and grade shall be that of the starting stock material. The hydrostatic design stress shall be that of the finished PVCO pipe.

3.2.3 DISCUSSION—A complete material designation code shall consist of four letters and four figures (for example; a PVCO pipe manufactured from 12454 (Type 1, Grade 1) material starting stock and having an HDB of 7100 psi (48.92 MPa) [HDS of 3550 psi) (24.46 MPa)] will have a material designation code of PVCO 1135).

3.2.4 *starting stock*—the conventionally extruded PVC pipe of uniform wall thickness which will be expanded to a larger diameter, molecularly oriented pipe.

3.2.5 wall-thickness-ratio (WTR)—the ratio of the finished product wall thickness to the wall thickness of the starting stock.

#### 4. Classification

4.1 *General*—This specification covers PVCO made from PVC plastic pipe, starting stock, having a hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi (13.78 MPa) determined in accordance with Test Method D2837. Finished PVCO pipe shall have a hydrostatic design stress of 3550 psi (24.46 MPa) or 3150 psi (21.70 MPa) determined by testing in accordance with Test Methods D1598, with data evaluated in accordance with Test Methods D2837, as in 6.3.2.

#### 5. Materials

# **Document Preview**

5.1 General—Poly(vinyl chloride) plastics used to make PVCO pipe meeting the requirements of this specification are categorized by means of two criteria, namely (1) short-term strength tests; and (2) long-term strength tests.

5.1.1 *Supplementary Requirement*—This applies whenever a regulatory authority or user calls for the product to be used to convey or to be in contact with potable water. Potable water applications products intended for contact with potable water shall be evaluated, tested, and certified for conformance with ANSI/NSF Standard 61 or the health effects portion of NSF Standard No. 14 by an acceptable certifying organization when required by the regulatory authority having jurisdiction.

5.2 *Basic Materials*—This specification covers PVCO pipe made from PVC compounds having certain physical and chemical properties as described in Specification D1784.

5.3 The PVC compound used for the starting stock of this pipe shall equal or exceed the following cell classification described in Specification D1784: PVC 12454 (Type 1, Grade 1). Recycled materials shall not be used in the compound.

5.4 *Rework Materials*—Clean, rework material, generated from the manufacturer's own pipe production, shall be permitted to be used by the same manufacturer, as long as the pipe produced meets all the requirements of this specification.

## 6. Requirements

6.1 General-These requirements are for finished PVCO pipe, unless otherwise noted.

#### 6.2 Dimensions and Tolerances:

6.2.1 *Outside Diameters*—The outside diameters and tolerances shall be shown in Table 1 and Table 2 when measured in accordance with Test Method D2122. The tolerances for out-of-roundness shall apply only on pipe prior to shipment.

6.2.2 *Wall Thicknesses*—The wall thicknesses and tolerances shall be as shown in Table 3 and Table 4 when measured in accordance with Test Method D2122.

6.3 Qualification Tests-These tests are for qualification of the compound and extrusion process, not for quality control.

6.3.1 *Sustained Pressure*—The sustained pressure test shall be completed for each diameter at initial start-up. Thereafter, it shall be completed whenever there is a change in the ER (3.2.1), or the WTR (3.2.5), or whenever a change is made to the compound which is outside the allowable limits of the Plastics Pipe Institute PVC compound range formula (see PPI TR-3). The pipe shall not fail, balloon, burst, or weep as defined in Test Method D1598 at the test pressures given in Table 5 when tested in accordance with 7.4.