



Designation: B624 – 07 (Reapproved 2012)

# Standard Specification for High-Strength, High-Conductivity Copper-Alloy Wire for Electronic Application<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B624; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\epsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers high-strength, high-conductivity round copper-alloy wire 0.00099 to 0.0720 in. [0.025 to 1.829 mm] in diameter, used for electronic hookup wire. The tensile strength of the wire is 60 ksi [414 MPa] minimum and the electrical conductivity at 20°C is 85 % IACS minimum.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*<sup>2</sup>

**B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials**

**E8 Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials**

## 3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for wire furnished to this specification shall include the following information:

3.1.1 Quantity (pounds or kilograms),

3.1.2 Wire size (**Table 1**),

3.1.3 Place of inspection (Section 7),

3.1.4 Package size (Section 9), and

3.1.5 Special marking, if required (Section 9).

<sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.04 on Conductors of Copper and Copper Alloys.

Current edition approved Oct. 15, 2012. Published November 2012. Originally approved in 1977. Last previous edition approved in 2007 as B624–07. DOI: 10.1520/B0624-07R12.

<sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, [www.astm.org](http://www.astm.org), or contact ASTM Customer Service at [service@astm.org](mailto:service@astm.org). For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

## 4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The wire shall be copper alloy of such quality and purity that the finished product shall have the properties and characteristics prescribed in this specification. Chemical analysis of a specific alloy is not a requirement of this specification unless definite agreement is reached between the manufacturer and the purchaser in the placing of individual orders.

## 5. General Requirements

5.1 *Tensile Properties*—The minimum breaking strength and elongation of the conductor shall be as prescribed in **Table 1**. Breaking strengths of intermediate sizes may be calculated in accordance with Explanatory **Note 1**.

5.2 *Electrical Resistance*—The electrical resistance of the wire at a temperature of 20°C shall not exceed the values in **Table 1**. Resistances of intermediate sizes may be calculated in accordance with Explanatory **Note 2**.

5.3 *Diameter*—The wire size shall be expressed as the diameter of the wire in decimal fractions of an inch to the nearest 0.0001 in. [0.003 mm]. For diameters under 0.0100 in. [0.254 mm], the wire shall not vary from the specified diameter by more than  $\pm 0.0001$  in. [0.003 mm]. For diameters 0.0100 in. [0.254 mm] and over, the wire shall not vary from the specified diameter by more than  $\pm 1\%$ , expressed to the nearest 0.0001 in. [0.003 mm].

5.4 *Joints*—Joints necessary to processing shall be of such quality that all requirements of this specification are met.

5.5 *Finish*—The finished material shall be free of defects that detract from the normal end use or longevity of the product. The material shall be smooth, bright, clean, and free of laps, slivers, seams, scratches, and other imperfections not consistent with good commercial practice.

## 6. Test Method

6.1 *Breaking Strength and Elongation*—Conduct tension and elongation tests in accordance with Test Methods **E8** and with a rate of loading not to exceed 10 in./min [250 mm/min]. The breaking strength shall equal or exceed the value specified in **Table 1**.

**TABLE 1 Tensile Properties and Resistance**

Nominal Diameter		Breaking Strength, min		Elongation, min, % in 10 in. or 250 mm	Resistance, max, at 20°C	
in.	mm	lbf	N		Ω/1000 ft	Ω/km
0.0720	1.829	239	1065	9	2.40	7.88
0.0641	1.628	190	844	9	3.03	9.94
0.0571	1.450	151	670	9	3.82	12.5
0.0508	1.290	119	530	9	4.82	15.8
0.0453	1.151	94.8	422	9	6.08	19.9
0.0403	1.024	75.0	334	9	7.66	25.1
0.0359	0.912	59.5	265	9	9.68	31.7
0.0320	0.813	47.3	210	9	12.1	39.9
0.0285	0.724	37.5	167	9	15.3	50.2
0.0253	0.643	29.6	132	9	19.5	63.7
0.0226	0.574	23.6	105	9	24.3	80.0
0.0201	0.511	18.7	83.1	9	30.8	101
0.0179	0.455	14.8	65.8	9	38.9	128
0.0159	0.404	11.7	52.0	9	49.5	161
0.0142	0.361	9.31	41.4	9	61.4	202
0.0126	0.320	7.33	32.6	9	78.1	257
0.0113	0.287	5.90	26.2	9	97.3	320
0.0100	0.254	4.62	20.6	8	124	408
0.0089	0.226	3.65	16.2	8	158	517
0.0080	0.203	2.94	13.1	8	195	643
0.0071	0.180	2.31	10.3	8	249	820
0.0063	0.160	1.81	8.1	8	317	1040
0.0056	0.142	1.43	6.3	8	403	1330
0.0050	0.127	1.13	5.0	7	508	1670
0.0045	0.114	0.91	4.0	7	630	2080
0.0040	0.102	0.72	3.2	7	802	2610
0.0035	0.089	0.54	2.4	7	1060	3450
0.0031	0.079	0.42	1.9	7	1360	4410
0.0028	0.071	0.34	1.5	6	1670	5490
0.0025	0.064	0.27	1.2	6	2120	6950
0.0022	0.056	0.21	0.9	6	2770	9080
0.0020	0.051	0.17	0.8	6	3380	11 100
0.00176 <sup>A</sup>	0.045	0.22	1.0	...	4430	14 500
0.00157 <sup>A</sup>	0.040	0.17	0.8	...	5650	18 500
0.00140 <sup>A</sup>	0.036	0.13	0.6	...	7220	23 700
0.00124 <sup>A</sup>	0.031	0.10	0.5	...	9390	30 800
0.00111 <sup>A</sup>	0.028	0.08	0.4	...	12 000	39 200
0.00099 <sup>A</sup>	0.025	0.06	0.3	...	15 400	50 500

<sup>A</sup> These single ends will be hard temper.

6.2 *Resistance*—Measure resistance in accordance with Test Method B193.

6.3 *Diameter*—Make diameter measurements with a micrometer or equivalent caliper equipped with a vernier graduated in 0.0001 in. or 0.003 mm. Gage each coil in three places, one near each end and one near the center. From each spool, unreel approximately 12 ft [4 m] and gage the wire in six places between the second and twelfth foot from the end. The average of the measurements obtained shall be considered the wire size specified in 5.3.

**7. Inspection**

7.1 *General*—All tests and inspections shall be made at the place of manufacture unless otherwise agreed upon between

the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of purchase. The manufacturer shall afford the inspector representing the purchaser all reasonable facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification (Explanatory Note 3).

7.1.1 Unless otherwise agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser, conformance of the wire to the various requirements listed in Section 5 shall be determined on samples taken from each lot of wire presented for acceptance.

7.1.2 The manufacturer, when requested before inspection, shall certify that all wire in the lot was made under such conditions that the product as a whole conforms to the requirements of this specification as determined by regularly made and recorded tests.