INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION MEXQYHAPODHAR OPFAHU3AUUR ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ

Acceptance conditions for boring and milling machines with horizontal spindle — Testing of the accuracy —

Part 1:

Table-type machines STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

Conditions de réception des machines à aléser et à fraiser, à broche horizontale - Contrôle de la précision - <u>ISO 3070-1:1987</u>

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Partie 1: Machines a montant fixe lefc74ab7ddc/iso-3070-1-1987

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Part 1: Table-type machines

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW

1 Scope and field of application

This part of ISO 3070 describes, with reference to ISO 230-1,-1:1987 protect in any order. geometrical and practical tests on general purpose and normalds/sist/ec20b708-0d50-41e9-a17caccuracy boring and milling machines, horizontal spindle, table-3070 **2**, **4**₁₉. When inspecting a machine type, defined in ISO 3070-0, and the corresponding deviations which apply.

In addition it should be noted that this part of ISO 3070 concerns machines which have both longitudinal and traverse movement of the table, and may include a rotary or indexing table. It will also have a vertical movement of the spindle head, and possibly a facing head.

It deals only with the verification of the accuracy of the machine. It does not apply to the testing of the running of the machine (vibrations, abnormal noises, stick-slip motion of components, etc.) or to machine characteristics (such as speeds, feeds, etc.) which should generally be checked before testing the accuracy.

2 Preliminary remarks

2.1 In this part of ISO 3070, deviations and ranges are expressed in millimetres and inches.

2.2 To apply this part of ISO 3070, reference should be made to ISO 230-1, especially for installation of the machine before testing, warming up of spindles and other moving parts, description of measuring methods and recommended accuracy of testing equipment.

2.3 The sequence in which the geometrical tests are given is related to the sub-assemblies of the machine and this in no way

(standards.it.effnes.the practical order of testing. In order to make the mounting of instruments or gauging easier, tests may be

12:4 When inspecting a machine, it is not always necessary to carry out all the tests given in this part of ISO 3070. It is up to the user to choose, in agreement with the manufacturer, those tests relating to the properties which are of interest to him, but these tests are to be clearly stated when ordering a machine.

2.5 Practical tests shall be made with finishing cuts.

2.6 When establishing the tolerance for a measuring range different from that given in this part of ISO 3070 (see subclause 2.311 in ISO 230-1) it should be taken into consideration that the minimum tolerance value is 0,002 5 mm (0.000 1 in).

NOTE - Rotary table machines are covered by an addendum.

3 References

ISO 230-1, Acceptance code for machine tools — Part 1: Geometric accuracy of machines operating under no-load or finishing conditions.

ISO 1101, Technical drawings — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerancing of form, orientation, location and run-out — Generalities, definitions, symbols, indications on drawings.

ISO 3070-0, Acceptance conditions for boring and milling machines with horizontal spindle — Testing of the accuracy — Part 0: General introduction.

Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references
mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code
a) 0.02	a) 0.000 8		a) Subclauses 3.11, 3.21, 5.212.21 and 5.212.22
up to 1 000 (fl	up to 40		Measurements shall be made at number of positions equally spac along the length of the bed :
Lo 0,006 over any	cal tolerance: 0.000 24 measuring length of	Precision level, optical or other methods	 the table shall be placed in the mide of its longitudinal travel and tran verse travel;
300 For each 1 000 mm (40 in (40 in), add to the co	12 increase in length beyond 1 000 mm rresponding preceding tolerance :		 the table shall then be placed at extremities of the longitudinal tra and in the middle of the transve travel.
0,01 Maximum 0,05	0.000 4 permissible deviation : 0.002		The levels may be placed on the table [t is valid for a) and b)].
	<u>iTeh STANDAR</u>	<u>D PREVI</u>	<u>EW</u>
b) Va	riation of level (standards	.iteh.ai)	b) Subclause 5.412.7
0,0271000	ISO 3070-1 Itps://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards. 1 efc74ab7ddc/iso-3	9 87ecision level and support 5000208708-0d50-4 70-1-1987	measurements taken at a number positions equally spaced along length of the bed. The variation of le measured at any position shall exceed the permissible deviation.
a) 0,02 up to 1 000	a) 0.000 8 up to 40	Precision level	a) Subclauses 3.11, 3.21, 5.212.21 and 5.212.22 er Measurements shall be made a number of positions equally spa along the length of the slideways.
For each 1 000 mm (40 in (40 in), add to the co) increase in length beyond 1 000 mm rresponding preceding tolerance :	optical or other methods	
Maximum	permissible deviation :		Levels may be placed on the table [this valid for a) and b)].
0,05	0.002		
b) Va 0,03/1 000	riation of level : 0.001 2/40	Precision level and support	b) Subclause 5.412.7 A level shall be placed transversely the slideways and measurements tal at a number of positions equally spa- along the length of the slideways. variation of level measured at any p ition shall not exceed the permiss



Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references	
	mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code
	0,03	0.001 2		
	up to 1000 (flat to)			
				Subclauses 5.322 and 5.323 Table in its mid-position.
		bierance:		
	over any meas	uring length of	Precision level	
	300	12	and gauge	
For ea	ich 1 000 mm (40 in) incr	 ease in length beyond 1 000 mm onding, preceding, tolerance :	blocks	Table saddle and table base may be locke in the middle of their travel.
(-1	0.01	0.000 4		
	Maximum parm	esible deviation :		
a) For ea (4(b)	0,04 up to 1 000 Local to 0,015 over any meas 300 ach 1 000 mm (40 in) incr 0,01 Maximum perm 0,06 0,04 over any meas 1 000	a) 0.0016 up to 40 erance : STANDAR 0.000 6 suring length of and ards 12 ease in length beyond 1 000 mm onding preceding tolerance : 0.000 4 issible deviation : 0.002 4 b) 0.001 6 suring length of 40	D PREVI iteh.ai) : 987 /sist/ec20b708-0d50 3070-1-1987 Straightedge and dial gauge	Subclause 5.232.1 or 5.422.21 The stylus of the dial gauge shall be place approximately in a vertical plane coaxi with the spindle axis. Measurement may be made on a straigh edge laid parallel to the table surface. If the table length is greater than 1 600 mm (64 in), carry out the inspection by sur- cessive movements of the straightedge. If the spindle can be locked, the dial gauge may be mounted on it. If the spindle canno- be locked, the dial gauge shall be placed of a fixed part of the machine. a) Carry out the test with the transverse movement locked for the table. b) Carry out the test with the longitudin movement locked for the table saddle
	0,02 for any meas 1 000 Maximum perm 0,03	0.000 8 uring length of 40 issible deviation : 0.001 2	Straightedge and dial gauge, or gauge blocks, or microscope and taut wire	Subclauses 5.212, 5.212.1, 5.212.3 or 5.232 The straightedge may be set directly on t table.

Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references	
mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code	
0,03 for a measuri 1 000 Maximum permis 0,04	0.001 2 ng length of 40 ssible deviation : 0.001 6	Straightedge, gauge blocks and dial gauge	Subclauses 5.232.1 and 5.422.21 If the spindle can be locked, the dial gauge may be mounted on it; otherwise, it shall be mounted on a fixed part of the machine.	
a) 0,02 for a measur 500 b) 0,02 for a measur 500	Teh STANDARI (standards. (standards. (standards.) a) 0.000 & SO 3070-1:1 tandards.iteb.ai/catalog/standards/s lefc74ab7ddc/iso-30 20 b) 0.000 & 0.000 & ing length of 20	D PREVI iteh.ai) 2Dial gauge is and straightedge 7 or isquare	Subclause 5.232.1 Carry out the test with the table saddle locked; the table and table base may be locked in mid-position. As an exception to the acceptance code, a square may be used instead of a straight- edge. If the spindle can be locked, the dial gauge can be mounted on it. If the spindle cannot be locked, the dial gauge shall be placed on the spindle head of the machine.	
a) 0,02/500 b) 0,02/500	a) 0.000 8/20 b) 0.000 8/20	Dial gauge and square	Subclause 5.522.2 Carry out the test with the table saddle locked; the table base may be locked in mid-position. Lock the spindle head when taking measurements. If the spindle can be locked, the dial gauge can be mounted on it. If the spindle cannot be locked, the dial gauge shall be placed on the spindle head of the machine. The square is placed at the centre of the table.	

	Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references	
	mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code	
	$D^{(1)} \le 125$: a) 0,01 b) 0,02 $D^{(1)} > 125$: a) 0,015 b) 0,03	$D^{1)} \le 5:$ a) 0.000 4 b) 0.000 8 $D^{1)} > 5:$ a) 0.000 6 b) 0.001 2	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclause 5.612.3 Carry out measurements with the spindle retracted (sliding spindle). 1) D = diameter of boring spindle.	
	$D^{1)} \le 125:$ a) 0,01 b) 0,02 $D^{1)} > 125:$ a) 0,015 b) 0,03	$D^{1} < 5:$ a) 0.000 4 b) 0.000 8 eh STA ¹ N ⁵ DARD a) 0.000 6 b) (stoloo12 ards.i ISO 3070-1:19	Dial gauge PREVIE teh.ai)	Subclause 5.612.2 W 1) D = diameter of boring spindle.	
	0,01	1 efc74ab7ddc/iso-307 0.000 4	Dec200708-0030-41	Subclauses 5.622.1 and 5.622.2 Carry out this test with the spindle retracted (sliding spindle). The existence, value and direction of application of the force <i>F</i> shall be stated by the manufacturer.	
	0,03/1 000 ¹⁾ with α	0.001 2/40 ¹⁾ < 90°	Dial gauge or optical means	Subclauses 5.512.1, 5.512.42 and 5.442 Spindle head locked in mid-travel, spindle retracted (sliding spindle). For large machines for which sizes have a great importance, the measuring reference shall be related to a plane parallel to the vertical movement of the spindle head (Y axis).	
-				Distance between the two points touched.	

Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references
mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code
0,02 over a measu 300	0.000 8 ring length of 12	Dial gauge and test mandrel	Subclause 5.412.4 Spindle head locked in mid-travel, table and table saddle locked. Spindle out (sliding spindle).
a) 0,02 for a measur 300 b) 0,02 https://s for a measur 300	The STANDAR a) 0.000 8 ing length of 12 12 <u>ISO 3070-1:1</u> tab)lards.iteh.0/00018g/standards/s ing length of 1 efc74ab7ddc/iso-30 12	D PREVI iteh.ai) Straightedge 9and dial gauge ist/ec20b708-0d50-4 70-1-1987	Subclause 5.232.1 Spindle head locked. The straightedge shall be set parallel to the sliding spindle movement; then, with the stylus of a dial gauge fixed on the spindle nose, touch the functional surface of the straightedge. Repeat the same operations in the two planes (horizontal and vertical) after rotating the spindle by 90°. It should be noted that for b) the permissible deviation includes the normal deflection of the spindle. For a machine having a ram, it shall be maintained locked, retracted.
For an extension of the spind diam + 0,015 (upw For an extension of the spindle diam ± 0,02 For an extension of the spindle diam - 0,06 (down NOTE – The extension of the spind diameter, and s 900	lle equal to twice the spindle leter $+ 0.000 6$ ards) equal to four times the spindle leter $\pm 0.000 8$ e equal to six times the spindle leter $- 0.002 4$ wards) dle is limited to six times the spindle shall not exceed 36	Straightedge, gauge blocks and dial gauge	Subclause 5.232.1 Place a straightedge on the machine table and align it in the vertical plane containing the spindle axis, and adjust the straight- edge to bring it parallel to the table plane. Touch the functional surface of the straightedge with a dial gauge fixed on the spindle nose. Extend the spindle to the required length and note the dial gauge readings for each of the successive positions.

Permissible deviation		Measuring	Observations and references	
	mm	in	instruments	to the ISO 230-1 acceptance code
				Subclauses 5.412.1 and 5.422.3
2)	0.03	a) 0.001.2		Spindle head locked in mid-travel.
a)	for a measu	ring length of	Dial gauge	central position.
	500	20	and test mandrel	The measurement shall be carried out with
b)	0,03	b) 0.001 2		the aid of a test mandrel mounted in the spindle nose.
	for a measu	ring length of 20		Evaluate the mean value of measurements taken at two positions of the spindle at 180°.
	0,03/1 000 ¹⁾	0.001 2/40 1)	Dial gauge	Subclauses 5.512.1 and 5.512.52 Spindle head locked in mid-travel. Table saddle and possibly table base locked in central position.
	i	eh STANDARI	PREVIE	Distance between the two points touched.
	https://s 0,02/5001)	ISO 3070-1:1 standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/s 1efc74ab7ddc/iso-30 0.000 8/201)	987 t/ec20b708-0d50-4 0-1-1987 Gauge blocks, dial gauge and dial gauge support	Ie9-a17c- Subclause 5.522.3 Place the stylus of the dial gauge against the gauge block on the table. Turn the boring spindle 180° and move the table to touch the gauge block at the same point. Determine the difference between the two readings.
				1) Distance between the two points touched.
a) b) c) a) b) c)	$D^{1)} < 125:$ 0,01 0,01 0,02 $D^{1)} > 125:$ 0,015 0,015 0,03	$D^{1)} \le 5:$ a) 0.000 4 b) 0.000 4 c) 0.000 8 $D^{1)} > 5:$ a) 0.000 6 b) 0.000 6 c) 0.001 2	Dial gauge	 a) Subclause 5.612.2 b) Subclauses 5.622.1 and 5.622.2 The existence, value and direction of application of the force <i>F</i> shall be specified by the manufacturer. c) Subclause 5.632 The distance <i>A</i> of dial gauge c) from the spindle axis shall be as large as possible. 1) <i>D</i> = diameter of milling spindle.
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