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Standard Specification for Structural Paste Adhesive for Sandwich Panel Repair¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E 1555; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification defines those characteristics that are required of adhesives to be used in the repair of sandwich panels for durable, rigidwall, relocatable structures.

1.1.1 This specification covers two-part epoxy adhesive suitable for bonding aluminum alloy facings to nonmetallic core and core to core in the repair of durable rigidwall relocatable structures. The adhesive shall be suitable for forming bonds that will withstand exposure to temperatures from -54 to 93° C (-65 to 199° F) and high relative humidity and will also withstand the combinations of stress, temperature, and relative humidity that are expected to be encountered in service. The adhesive shall also be suitable for the bonding of panel inserts and edge attachments.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard where only SI units are given, or where SI units are given first followed by inch-pound units; where inch-pound units are given first followed by SI units, the inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard.

1.3 The following safety hazards caveat pertains only to the test methods described in this specification. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

- D 1002 Test Method for Apparent Shear Strength of Single-Lap-Joint Adhesively Bonded Metal Specimens by Tension Loading (Metal-to-Metal)²
- D 1781 Test Method for Climbing Drum Peel for Adhesives²
- D 2919 Test Method for Determining Durability of Adhesive Joints Stressed in Shear by Tension Loading²
- E 4 Practices for Force Verification of Testing Machines³

E 864 Practice for Surface Preparation of Aluminum Alloys to Be Adhesively Bonded in Honeycomb Shelter Panels⁴ E 1091 Specification for Nonmetallic Honeycomb Core for Use in Shelter Panels⁴

2.2 Federal Specifications:⁵

QQ-A-250/8d Aluminum Alloy 5052 H34 Plate and Sheet QQ-A-250/11d Aluminum Alloy 6061 T6 Plate and Sheet MMM-A-132A Adhesives, Heat Resistant, Air Frame Structural, Metal-to-Metal

3. Material

3.1 The adhesive shall be a two-part thermosetting epoxy paste containing no asbestos and when tested using the test methods described in Section 6, shall meet the requirements of Section 4. The adhesive shall not have a deleterious effect on the components being bonded over the range of temperatures at which the adhesive will be used.

4. Physical Requirements

4.1 Working Characteristics:

4.1.1 *Application*—The adhesive shall be suitable for application to facings and core materials. The adhesive shall not drip and shall not develop an overall average sag of 6.3 mm (0.25 in.) or more when tested in accordance with the procedures described in 6.7.

4.1.2 Adhesive Life—The adhesive, when mixed in 1-qt kit quantities in a standard quart paint can, allowed to sit for 30 min at $23 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (73.4 \pm 5.4°F), and then used to prepare test specimens as prescribed in 6.1-6.3, shall still be able to deliver the lap shear property levels listed in Table 1 for the 23°C temperature test condition.

4.1.3 The adhesive, when mixed in a quart kit and allowed to stand in ambient still air, shall not, as a result of an exothermic reaction, heat itself to a temperature of 49°C (120°F) or above. This shall be performed in a chemical fume hood so that heat and any potentially toxic fumes that may be released as a result of exothermic reaction are controlled. A preliminary test, using a pint kit, shall be conducted to determine if a potential problem exists.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E-6 on Performance of Buildings and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E06.53 on Materials and Processes for Durable Rigidwall Relocatable Structures.

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 15.06.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

MIL-STD-401 Sandwich Constructions and Core Materials; General Test Methods

⁴ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 04.11.

⁵ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.

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Test Condition ^A		Number of Specimens to be -	mens Exceed		Minimum Must Exceed ^B	
°C	(°F)	Tested	MPa	(psi)	MPa	(psi)
-54 ± 3	(-65 ± 5)	6	13.8	(2000)	11.7	(1700)
23 ± 3	(73 ± 5)	6	17.9	(2600)	15.2	(2200)
60 ± 3	(140 ± 5)	6	16.5	(2400)	14.1	(2050)
93 ± 3	(199 ± 5)	6	10.3	(1500)	8.6	(1250)
60 ± 3	(140 ± 5)	6	8.3	(1200)	7.0	(1020)

TABLE 1 Tensile Lap Shear (Test Method D 1002)

 A After 30 day exposure to 60 \pm 3°C (140 \pm 5°F) and 95 to 100 % relative humidity.

^B All specimens tested must exceed these minimum values.

TABLE 3 Climbing Drum Peel (Method D 1781)

Test Condition		Number of Specimens Average Must Excee to be		Aust Exceed	Minimum Must Exceed ^A		
°C	(°F)	Tested	N-m/m	(inlb/in.)	N-m/m	(inlb/in.)	
-54 ± 3	(-65 ± 5)	6	18	(4.04)	15.3	(3.4)	
23 ± 3	(73 ± 5)	6	36	(8.08)	30.6	(6.8)	
60 ± 3	(140 ± 5)	6	24	(6.06)	22.7	(5.1)	

^A All specimens tested must exceed these minimum values.

TABLE 4	Durability	Test	(Test	Method	D	2919))
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Test Condition	Number of	Applied	Average Time to	
Test Condition	Specimens to be Tested	MPa	(psi)	Failure to Exceed
$60 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (140 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ F) and	6	8.3	(1200)	400 h
95 to 100 % R.H.	6	11.0	(1600)	50 h

4.1.4 *Curing*—The adhesive shall be capable of curing at 23 \pm 3°C (73.4 \pm 5.4°F) in 7 days, or for no longer than 3 h at a temperature of 60 to 66°C (140 to 150.8°F), with a curing pressure not to exceed 14 psig. In a 23 \pm 3°C (73.4 \pm 5.4°F) cure, the curing pressure shall also be a maximum of 14 psig and shall only be required during the first 24 h of cure. In a 23 \pm 3°C (73.4 \pm 5.4°F) cure, the adhesive shall be capable of developing 3.45 MPa (500 psi) lap shear strength, when tested at 23°C temperature, within the first 24 h of cure.

4.1.5 *Mix Ratio*—The mix ratio for the two parts of the adhesive shall be defined by the manufacturer but shall be in the range from 10:1 to 1:1 by weight.

4.2 Storage Life—The storage life of the two parts of the adhesive, from date of shipment, when stored in airtight containers at $23 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (73.4 \pm 5.4°F)j, shall be at least 12 months. The adhesive shall be considered to have met this storage life requirement if all the characteristics described in 4.1 and 4.3 are met by the adhesive after the 12-month storage period described above.

4.3 *Mechanical Properties*— The mechanical properties of the adhesive, when cured for 3 h at $63 \pm 3^{\circ}$ C (145.4 $\pm 5.4^{\circ}$ F) or 7 days at 23 $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C (73.4 $\pm 5.4^{\circ}$ F) at a cure pressure not to exceed 14 psig, shall meet the requirements of Tables 1-4.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Adhesives used in the repair of sandwich panels for durable, rigidwall, relocatable structures must have a combination of mechanical property levels and environmental resistance that will ensure long-term durability of the adhesive bonds when exposed to severe climatic exposures. In addition, these adhesives must have processability characteristics that permit their use in a variety of repair scenarios and environments.

5.2 This specification defines those characteristics that are required of adhesives to be used in the repair of sandwich panels for durable, rigidwall, relocatable structures.

TABLE 2 Flatwise Tension (Specification E 1091)

Test Condition		Number of Specimens - to be	Average N	Average Must Exceed		Minimum Must Exceed ^A	
°C	(°F)	Tested	MPa	(psi)	MPa	(psi)	
-54 ± 3	(-65 ± 5)) 6	2.11	(306)	1.79	(260)	
23 ± 3	(73 ± 5)) 6	2.11	(306)	1.79	(260)	
60 ± 3	(140 ± 5)) 6	1.56	(226)	1.33	(192)	

^A All specimens tested must exceed these minimum values.

6. Test Methods

6.1 *Preparation of Test Specimens*—The adherends shall be either 6061 T6 or 5052 H34 aluminum alloy and shall be cleaned as prescribed in Practice E 864.

6.2 *Apparatus*—The testing machine shall conform to the requirements of Practices E 4. The load range shall be selected so that the maximum loads for each type of test conducted falls between 15 and 85 % of the full-scale capacity. Autographic equipment, or equipment that will produce equivalent accuracy, shall be used to record loads.

6.3 *Lap-Shear Strength*—The lap shear tests shall be performed in accordance with Test Method D 1002 and at the test conditions listed in Table 1. In all tests the test chamber shall be stabilized at the test temperature for 45 min prior to the test and before the specimens are placed in it.

6.3.1 *Reduced and Elevated Temperature Tests*—For the test to be conducted on specimens that have not been humidity-aged, bring the specimens to the test temperature, as indicated by a thermocouple at the bond area, and stabilize for 10 min just prior to test.

6.3.2 Elevated Temperature Test after Humidity Aging—The specimen shall be maintained in the humid environment until immediately before insertion into the test chamber. The specimen shall be inserted into the test chamber and the chamber temperature returned to the test temperature as rapidly as possible to minimize specimen dryout. Based on the thermocouple located at the bond area, commence the test 2 min after the thermocouple returns to the test temperature.

6.4 *Flatwise Tensile Strength*—Sandwich specimens shall be prepared using nonmetallic honeycomb core meeting the requirements of Specification E 1091, Type IV. The specimens shall have an area of 58 cm² (9 in.²) and be tested in accordance with the requirements in MIL-STD-401. The facing skins shall be a minimum of 0.51 mm (0.020 in.) thick. The adhesive layer between the facing skins and the honeycomb core shall be uniformly applied at a rate of 0.0488 gm/cm² (0.1 lb/ft²).

6.4.1 *Reduced and Elevated Temperature Tests*—Stabilize the chamber used to test the specimens at the test temperature for 45 min prior to the test and before the specimens are placed in it. Bring the specimens to the required test temperature, as indicated by a thermocouple at the bond area, and stabilize for 10 min just prior to test.