



Designation: D6136/D6136M – 97(Reapproved 2013)^{ε1}

Standard Test Method for Kerosine Number of Unsaturated (Dry) Felt by Vacuum Method¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D6136/D6136M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

^{ε1} NOTE—Units information was editorially corrected in January 2013.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the relative saturating capacity of unsaturated (dry) felt papers used in roofing.

1.2 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D585 Practice for Sampling and Accepting a Single Lot of Paper, Paperboard, Fiberboard, and Related Product (Withdrawn 2010)³

D1298 Test Method for Density, Relative Density, or API Gravity of Crude Petroleum and Liquid Petroleum Products by Hydrometer Method

D3699 Specification for Kerosine

3. Summary of Test Method

3.1 The kerosine number of unsaturated (dry) felt is computed from the weight of a kerosine of known specific gravity

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D08 on Roofing and Waterproofing and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D08.04 on Felts, Fabrics and Bituminous Sheet Materials.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

retained by the felt after displacement of the air from interior voids. It is the millilitres of kerosine held /100 g of felt, and thus, is a measure of the quantity of saturant that a given felt will absorb.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 The ability to absorb kerosine is an indication of the ability to absorb hot asphalt. The kerosine number is used in calculating saturation efficiency.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Glass Vessel*, approximately 1500 mL capacity, for soaking specimens of felt in kerosine, under vacuum.

5.2 *Vacuum Pump*, capable of reaching and maintaining a vacuum of at least 700 mm Hg in the glass vessel.

5.3 *Lightweight Glass or Metal Weighing Container*, with tightly fitting cover, 60 by 140 mm [2.5 by 5.5 in.] or larger, to contain felt strips in a horizontal position without bending or distortion.

5.4 *Drying Oven*, with dimensions at least 300 by 300 by 300 mm [12 by 12 by 12 in.].

5.5 *Other Apparatus*— Desiccator, wire hook, and if necessary, a punch to make a small hole in a corner of the specimens after they are cut.

6. Materials

6.1 *Water-White Kerosine*, complying to the requirements of Specification **D3699** and having a specific gravity of 0.800 ± 0.025 at 25°C, as determined in accordance with Practice **D1298**.

7. Sampling

7.1 Obtain a sample of the felt in accordance with Practice **D585**.

8. Test Specimen

8.1 From each test unit of the sample cut two sets of six test specimen strips, each strip measuring 51 by 127 ± 13 mm [2