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Solid biofuels — Determination of moisture content — Part 3: Moisture in general analysis sample

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ISO copyright office

CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8

CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva

Phone: +41 22 749 01 11

Email: [copyright@iso.org](mailto:copyright@iso.org)

Website: [www.iso.org](http://www.iso.org)

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## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see [www.iso.org/directives](http://www.iso.org/directives)).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see [www.iso.org/patents](http://www.iso.org/patents)).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see [www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html](http://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html).

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 238, *Solid biofuels*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 335, *Solid biofuels*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 18134-3:2015), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- Clause 6: statement added warning against loss or gain of moisture during sample preparation;
- references updated;
- minor editorial corrections.

A list of all parts in the ISO 18134 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at [www.iso.org/members.html](http://www.iso.org/members.html).

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## Solid biofuels — Determination of moisture content — Part 3: Moisture in general analysis sample

### 1 Scope

This document describes the method of determining the moisture content in the general analysis sample by drying in an oven. The method described in this document is applicable to all solid biofuels. The moisture content of solid biofuels (as received) is always reported based on the total mass of the test sample (wet basis).

Since biofuels in small particle size are very hygroscopic, their moisture content will change with humidity in the atmosphere and, therefore, the moisture of the general analysis sample is determined simultaneously with the determination of other properties being measured (e.g. calorific value, volatile matter, metals, etc.).

NOTE Biomass materials can contain small amounts of volatile organic compounds (VOC) which can evaporate when determining moisture content by oven drying (see References [1] and [2]). The release of such compounds is quite small relative to the overall moisture content as determined by this method and is disregarded in this document.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 11722, Solid mineral fuels — Hard coal — Determination of moisture in the general analysis test sample by drying in nitrogen

ISO 14780, *Solid biofuels — Sample preparation*

ISO 16559, *Solid biofuels — Vocabulary*

ISO 18135, *Solid Biofuels — Sampling*

ISO 21945, *Solid biofuels — Simplified sampling method for small scale applications*

### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 16559 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

## 4 Principle

The test portion of the general analysis sample is dried at a temperature of 105 °C in air atmosphere until constant mass is achieved and the percentage moisture is calculated from the loss in mass of the test portion.

Automatic equipment such as gravimetric analysers can be used when the method is validated with biomass reference test samples of selected biomass type. Analysis with such equipment shall fulfil all the requirements given in Clause 7 regarding sample size, temperature, atmosphere and weighing accuracy.

The general analysis sample may be dried in an air atmosphere or a nitrogen atmosphere. If the sample material is susceptible to oxidation (at 105 °C), drying in nitrogen atmosphere is performed in accordance with ISO 11722-~~3~~. The used drying atmosphere should be reported in accordance with Clause 10.

## 5 Apparatus

The usual laboratory apparatus and, in particular, the following shall be used.

**5.1 Drying oven**, capable of being controlled at a temperature within a range of  $(105 \pm \pm 2)$  °C and in which the air atmosphere changes between three and five times per hour.

The air velocity shall be such that the test portion particles are not dislodged from their tray.

The use of nitrogen atmosphere is detailed in ISO 11722.

It is important that drying ovens maintain a consistent temperature throughout the heated chamber. The temperature tolerance provided is intended for all locations within the oven.

~~The temperature tolerance provided is intended for all locations within the oven.~~

**5.2 Dishes and trays**, of non-corrodible and heat-resistant material and of such dimensions that they will hold the total test portion in a layer not exceeding 0,2-g of material per cm<sup>2</sup> and covered by a well-fitted lid. The surface of the trays shall be such that the possibility of adsorption or absorption is minimized (very clean and even surface).

**5.3 Balance**, capable of reading to the nearest 0,1-mg.

**5.4 Desiccator with desiccant** to minimize absorption by the test portion of moisture from the atmosphere.

## 6 Sample preparation

### 6.1 General

Test samples shall be obtained in accordance with ISO 18135 or ISO 21945 and the preparation of a general analysis sample shall be conducted in accordance with ISO 14780. ~~The nominal top size of the general analysis sample shall be reduced to below 1-mm.~~



**WARNING** Dried solid biofuels are hygroscopic. Precautions shall be taken to ensure that moisture is not lost during preparation of the test portion. Significant losses of moisture from the test portion will occur after a few minutes in room atmosphere.

Before commencing the determination, mix the general analysis sample in its container, preferably by mechanical means, to ensure a well-mixed sample.

## 6.2 Size of test portion

The test portion shall have a minimum mass of 1 g.

## 7 Procedure

Dry an empty weighing dish with its lid at  $(105 \pm 2)$  °C until constant in mass and cool to room temperature in a desiccator (5.4).

**NOTE** Several dishes can be handled at the same time.

Weigh the weighing dish with its lid to the nearest 0,1 mg.

Add minimum 1 g of the general analysis sample into the weighing dish in an even layer and weigh the weighing dish with its lid plus the test portion to the nearest 0,1 mg.

Heat the uncovered dish and its lid with the test portion at  $(105 \pm 2)$  °C in the drying oven until constant mass has been achieved. Constant mass is defined as a change not exceeding 1 mg in mass during a heating period of 60 min. The drying time required will depend on the particle size of the material, the rate of atmospheric change in the oven and the thickness of the layer of material. Allow for up to 3 h.

Replace the lid immediately upon removal from the oven. Transfer the dish and its contents to a desiccator. Let it cool in the desiccator to room temperature.

Remove the dish and its lid with the test portion from the desiccator and weigh to the nearest 0,1 mg. Since small particle size biofuels are very hygroscopic, it is important to weigh rapidly once the test portion is taken out of the desiccator.

The moisture content determination shall be conducted in duplicate.

## 8 Calculation

The moisture content of the general analysis sample on an as-determined (as analysed) basis,  $M_{ad}$ , is expressed as a mass fraction, shall be calculated in accordance with Formula (1):

$$M_{ad} = \frac{(m_2 - m_3)}{(m_2 - m_1)} \times 100 \quad (1)$$

where

$m_1$  is the mass in grams of the empty dish plus lid;

$m_2$  is the mass in grams of the dish plus lid plus test portion before drying;

$m_3$  is the mass in grams of the dish plus lid plus test portion after drying.

The result shall be calculated to two decimal places and the mean value of both determinations shall be rounded to the nearest 0,1 % for reporting.

The test result may be converted to different basis as described in ISO 16993-4<sup>[3]</sup>.

## 9 Performance characteristics

### 9.1 Repeatability

The result of duplicate determinations carried out in the same laboratory, by the same operator, with the same apparatus on representative portions weighed out at the same time from the analysis sample shall not differ by more than 0,2 % absolute.

### 9.2 Reproducibility

Since the humidity of the atmosphere and other factors in different laboratories can vary, it is not practical to quote a value regarding reproducibility.

## 10 Test report

The test report shall include at least the following information:

- a) identification of the laboratory performing the test;
- b) date of the test;
- c) identification of the product (or sample) tested;
- d) a reference to this document, i.e. ISO 18134-3—;
- e) results of the test on a wet basis (alternatively, results of the test, including the basis in which they are expressed, as indicated in Clause 8);
- f) any unusual features noted during the determination which could have affected the result;
- g) any deviation from this document or operations regarded as optional.