

### SLOVENSKI STANDARD SIST ISO 9177-3:2023

01-september-2023

Nadomešča:

SIST ISO 9177-3:1995

Tehnični svinčniki za tehnično risanje - 3. del: Grafitni vložki - Upogibna trdnost grafitnih vložkov HB

Mechanical pencils for technical drawings - Part 3: Black leads — Bending strengths of HB leads

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Porte-mines pour le dessin technique - Partie 3: Mines graphite — Résistance à la flexion des mines HB ards itch ai/catalog/standards/sist/5fcf7b85-93b3-4f95-a126-

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ICS:

97.180

01.100.40 Risalna oprema

Razna oprema za dom in

trgovino

Drawing equipment

Miscellaneous domestic and

commercial equipment

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### INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 9177-3

Second edition 2022-01

### Mechanical pencils for technical drawings —

Part 3: Black leads — Bending strengths of HB leads

Porte-mines pour le dessin technique —

Partie 3: Mines graphite — Résistance à la flexion des mines HB

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#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, *Technical product documentation*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 9177-3:1994), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes are as follows: alalog/standards/sist/5fcf7b85-93b3-4f95-al26-

- The first element of the title has been revised for consistency with ISO 9177-1, with the addition of "for technical drawings".
- Clause 2 has been updated.
- A Bibliography has been added.
- Minor editorial changes.

A list of all parts in the ISO 9177 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

#### Introduction

This document was developed for mechanical pencils and their leads that are limited to technical drawing usage only.

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### Mechanical pencils for technical drawings —

#### Part 3:

### **Black leads** — Bending strengths of HB leads

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies bending strengths and a test method for black leads of HB hardness degree used for mechanical pencils for technical drawings.

#### Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

#### Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.1

### bending strength tandards.itch.ai/catalog/standards/sist/5fcf7b85-93b3-4f95-a126-

quality requirement of lead strength as determined by bending the lead to its breaking point, using a prescribed test method and formula

#### **Bending strength**

#### 4.1 General

Bending strength of HB leads used for mechanical pencils shall be tested in accordance with Clause 5 and shall satisfy the requirements specified in 4.2.

#### 4.2 Bending strength of HB leads for mechanical pencils

The bending strength ( $\sigma$ ) shall be not less than the value specified in Table 1 corresponding to the respective nominal diameter.

Table 1 —	Bending strength of HB leads for mechanical pencils
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Load tymo	Nominal diameter	Minimum bending strength, $\sigma$
Lead type	mm	МРа
	0,35 <sup>a</sup>	240
D - l (D)	0,5	190
Polymer (P)	0,7	160
	1 <sup>a</sup>	95
Ceramic (C)	2	70

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Current practice is to label or mark mechanical pencils and boxes 0,3 and 0,9 as applicable. The user should note that leads with new standardized designations apply perfectly well to mechanical pencils with the old designations and vice versa; i.e. 0,35 and 1 correspond respectively to 0,3 and 0,9.

#### 5 Test method

On a lead sample taken at random, bending strength shall be tested as follows:

Arrange the lead test piece as shown in <u>Figures 1</u> and <u>2</u> and apply a load on the lead at a distance halfway between the two supporting anvils at the following rates (±10 %):

- 0,5 N/s for 2 mm nominal diameter lead;
- 0,1 N/s for 0,35 mm, 0,5 mm, 0,7 mm and 1 mm nominal diameter leads.

These loading rates shall be verified beforehand using a rigid test piece instead of a lead.

Determine the load (F) at which the lead has broken and use this value to calculate the bending strength ( $\sigma$ ) according to the following formula:

$$\sigma = \frac{8Fl}{\pi d^3}$$
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where

- $\sigma$  is the bending strength, in megapascals;
- *F* is the load, in newtons;
- *l* is the distance, in millimetres, between the two supporting anvils according to Table 2;
- *d* is the actual diameter of the lead, in millimetres.

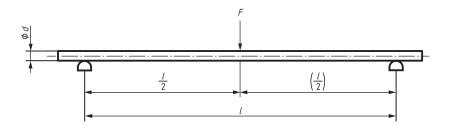


Figure 1 — Arrangement for bending strength test