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Technical product documentation (TPD) — General principles of representation — Part 2: Basic conventions for lines

Documentation technique de produits (TPD) — Principes généraux de représentation — Partie 2: Conventions de base pour les traits

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT)], see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, *Technical product documentation*...in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/SS F01, *Technical drawings*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 128-2:2020), of which it constitutes a minor revision. The changes are as follows:

- the term "line element" is changed to "graphical basic element" in all places throughout;
- in Annex C, Table C.1, the right-hand cell in the header has been changed from "Example" to "Figure no." to be consistent with Table E.1;
- in Annex D, Table D.1, item 04.2.1-<u>duplicated, duplicate</u> text <u>has been deletedremoved</u>;
- in Annex G, Table G.1, the third <u>header</u> cell from <u>the left</u>, in the header has been changed from "Example" to "Application" to be consistent with Table C.1 and Table E.1;
- in Annex E, Table E.1 and in Annex G, Table G.1, the right-hand cell in the header has been changed from "Figure" to "Example" to be consistent with the rest of the document;

minor editorial changes.

A list of all parts in the ISO 128 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

ISO 128-2This document contains generally applicable rules for the presentation of lines in all kinds of technical product documentation.

All figures in this document have been drawn in first-angle projection. It should be understood that thirdangle projection or other methods could have been used equally well without prejudice to the principles established.

The application of lines within drawings of special technical fields varies considerably. Therefore, rules of application specific to technical fields are given in Annexes B to G.

Annex A provides information for the calculation of the most important basic types of non-continuous lines according to types of lines and their graphical basic elements.

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Technical product documentation — General principles of representation — Part 2: Basic conventions for lines

1 Scope

This document establishes the types of lines used in technical drawings (e.g. diagrams, plans or maps), their designations and their configurations, as well as general rules for the draughting of lines. In addition, this document specifies general rules for the representation of leader and reference lines and their components as well as for the arrangement of instructions on or at leader lines in technical documents. Annexes have been provided for specific information on mechanical, construction and shipbuilding technical drawings.

For the purposes of this document the term "technical drawing" is interpreted in the broadest possible sense, encompassing the total package of documentation specifying the product (workpiece, subassembly, assembly).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 128-3, Technical drawings — General principles of representation — Part 3: Views, sections and cuts

ISO 128-15, Technical product documentation (TPD) — General principles of presentation — Part 15: – Presentation of shipbuilding drawings

ISO 129-1, Technical product documentation (TPD) — Presentation of dimensions and tolerances — Part 1: General principles

ISO 129-5, Technical product documentation (TPD) Presentation Indication of dimensions and tolerances — Part 5: Dimensioning of structural metal work

ISO 1101, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Tolerances of form, orientation, location and run-out

ISO 2203, Technical drawings — Conventional representation of gears

ISO 2538-2, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Wedges — Part 2: Dimensioning and tolerancing

ISO 2553, Welding and allied processes — Symbolic representation on drawings — Welded joints

ISO 3040, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Dimensioning and tolerancing — Cones

ISO 3766, Construction drawings — Simplified representation of concrete reinforcement

ISO 4463-1, Measurement methods for building — Setting-out and measurement — Part 1: Planning and organization, measuring procedures, acceptance criteria

ISO 4463-3, Measurement methods for building — Setting-out and measurement — Part 3: Check-lists for the procurement of surveys and measurement services

ISO 5261, Technical drawings — Simplified representation of bars and profile sections

ISO 5455, Technical drawings — Scales

ISO 5456-4, Technical drawings — Projection methods — Part 4: Central projection

ISO 5459, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Geometrical tolerancing — Datums and datum systems

ISO 6410-1, Technical drawings — Screw threads and threaded parts — Part 1: General conventions

ISO 6428, Technical drawings - Requirements for microcopying

ISO 7437, Technical drawings — <u>Technical drawings</u> — Construction drawings — General rules for execution of production drawings for prefabricated structural components

ISO 7519, Technical drawings — Construction drawings — General principles of presentation for general arrangement and assembly drawings

ISO 8560, Technical drawings — Construction drawings — Representation of modular sizes, lines and grids

ISO 10110-1, Optics and photonics — Preparation of drawings for optical elements and systems — Part 1: General

ISO 10135, Geometrical product specifications (GPS) — Drawing indications for moulded parts in technical product documentation (TPD)

ISO 10209, Technical product documentation — Vocabulary — Terms relating to technical drawings, product definition and related documentation

ISO 11091, Construction drawings — Landscape drawing practice

ISO 12671, Thermal spraying — Thermally sprayed coatings — Symbolic representation on drawings

ISO 15785, Technical drawings — Symbolic presentation and indication of adhesive, fold and pressed joints

ISO 15787, Technical product documentation — Heat-treated ferrous parts — Presentation and indications

ISO 16792, Technical product documentation — Digital product definition data practices

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 10209 and the following apply. ISO and IEC maintain terminologicalterminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>

IEC Electropedia: available at <u>https://www.electropedia.org/</u>

3.1

graphical basic element

2

continuous graphical object with rounded or squared end shape which is represented in any way (e.g. straight, curved), which has a length and a width

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.1.

3.2 dot

graphical basic element (3.1) having a length equal to the width, d

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.2.

3.3

line

set of one or more graphical basic elements (3.1) having a length of more than the width

Note 1 to entry: See Figure A.3.

3.4

technical drawing

drawing showing a technical installation, process or product with a view to clarifying its structure and enabling its construction

[SOURCE: ISO 5127:2017, 3.4.7.54, modified — Note 1 to entry removed.]

4 Types of lines

4.1 General

The line type designation consists of a combination of a basic line type and a subtype, depending on the line width, see 4.2.

For the purposes of this document a line type application number is used to number the application 7 a 9-8770b7a9acd6/iso-examples for the line types.

Basic line type number	IUIS-120-2
	XX.Y.Z
	↑
Sub line type number	
Line type application number	

Basic line type number	
	* XX.Y.
	Ť
Sub line type number	
Line type application number	

For applying line types to construction technical drawings, Annex B shall be applied. For applying line types to mechanical engineering technical drawings, Annex D shall be applied. For applying line types to ship building technical drawings, Annex F shall be applied.

4.2 Basic types

The basic line types are given in Table 1.

Table 1 — Basic line types

No.	Representation	Description	EW
01	(stand o	Continuous line	
02		Dashed line	
03		Dashed spaced line	
04	https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sis	Long-dashed dotted line	19-8770b7a9acd6/iso
05		Long-dashed double-dotted line	
06		Long-dashed triplicate-dotted line	
07		Dotted line	
08		Long-dashed short-dashed line	
09		Long-dashed double-short-dashed line	
10		Dashed dotted line	
11		Double-dashed dotted line	
12		Dashed double-dotted line	
13		Double-dashed double-dotted line	

14		Dashed triplicate-dotted line	
15		Double-dashed triplicate-dotted line	
4.3 Line sub types subtypes			
The line sub types<u>subtypes</u> are given in Table 2.			
Table 2 — Line sub types subtypes			
Sub- type<u>Subty</u> no.ª	pe Representation	Description	
.1		Narrow	
.2		Wide	
.3		Extra_wide	
^a Line identification structure			

4.4 Variations of the basic types of lines

The straight lines in Table 1 and the line widths of Table 2 can have variations as shown in Table 3.

Table 3 — Line variations

Representation	Description	
	Uniform wavy continuous line 5-97a	9-8770b7a9acd6/iso
<u> </u>	Uniform spiral continuous line	
	Uniform zigzag continuous line	
	Freehand <mark>/or</mark> freeform curve continuous line	
NOTE <u>Table 3 This table</u> contains only variations of the basic type of line <u>Nono</u> . 01. Va are possible and are presented in the same way.	riations of the basic types of Nos<u>no</u>. 02 to <u>ro.</u> 15	
4.5 Combinations of lines with the same length		

4.5.1 Arrangement of two or more lines parallel to each other

For examples see Figure 1.

Figure 1 — Example of lin	es parallel to each other	
4.5.2 Arrangement of two different types of lines		
a) With different line widths superimposed. See Fig	gure 2 a) and b) for examples.	
·····		
a) A continuous line and a dotted line	b) A continuous line and a dashed spaced line	
Figure 2 — Example o	f superimposed lines	
b) Arranged next to each other. See Figure 3 for an	example.	
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Figure 3 — Two continuous narrow li	nes either side of a wide dashed line	
4.5.3 Arrangement of two continuous lines paral connecting elements between them	lel to each other with regularly recurring	
See Figure 4 a) and b) for examples.		
https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog	/standards/sist/ed38e2d0-844f-4eb5-97	
a) Filled circular elements	b) Filled trapezoidal elements	
Figure 4 — Example of lines parallel to each othe	er with regularly recurring connecting elements	
4.5.4 Arrangement of regularly recurring geome continuous lines	tric pictorial elements in association with	
a) Without interruption of a continuous line. See Fi	gure 5 for examples.	
$\frac{1}{1}$		
$- \wedge - \wedge$	$- \wedge - \wedge - \wedge - \wedge$	

Figure 5 — Without interruption of a continuous line

b) With interruption of a continuous line. See Figure 6 for examples.

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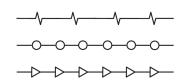


Figure 6 — With interruption of a continuous line

5 Line dimensions

5.1 Line width

The width, *d*, of all types of lines shall be one of the following depending on the type and size of the technical drawing. This series is based on a common ratio $1:\sqrt{2}$ (\approx 1:1,4).

0,13 mm; 0,18 mm; 0,25 mm; 0,35 mm; 0,5 mm; 0,7 mm; 1 mm; 1,4 mm; 2 mm.

The widths of extra_wide, wide and narrow lines are in the ratio 4:2:1.

The line width of any one line shall be constant throughout the whole line.

See Annexes B, D and F for information on line widths pertaining to construction, mechanical and shipbuilding technical drawings.

5.2 Deviation in line width

Line widths can deviate from those specified in 5.1 providing that it is possible to differentiate unambiguously between two adjacent lines with different widths. If technical drawing equipment which produces constant line width is used, the deviation in line width between two such lines shall not be greater than $\pm 0.1d$.

Table 4 — Lengths of graphical basic elements

5.3 Configuration of lines

<u>SO/FDIS 128-2</u>

For the preparation of technical drawings, the lengths of graphical basic elements should conform to a 9-8770b7a9acd6/iso-those of Table 4.

Drawing element	Line type no.	Length
Dot	04 to 07 and 10 to 15	≤ <i>d</i>
Gap	02 and 04 to 15	3d
Short dash	08 and 09	6 <i>d</i>
Dash	02, 03 and 10 to 15	12 <i>d</i>
Long dash	04 to 06, 08 and 09	≈24 <i>d</i>
Space	03	18 <i>d</i>

NOTE The lengths shown in this table are valid for graphical basic elements with semicircular and squared ends. In the case of graphical basic elements with semi-circular ends the length of the graphical basic element corresponds to the distance covered by a technical pen (with a tubular tip and using India ink) from the origin up to the end of the graphical basic element. The total length of such a graphical basic element is the sum of the length shown in this table, plus *d*.