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(partie 3: Audio 3D)*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see <https://patents.iec.ch>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html. In the IEC, see www.iec.ch/understanding-standards.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 23008-3:2019), which has been technically revised. It also incorporates Amendments ISO/IEC 23008-3:2019/Amd 1:2019 and ISO/IEC 23008-3:2019/Amd 2:2020.

The main changes are as follows:

- specification of audio metadata enhancements;
- carriage of Earcon metadata and PCM data in MHAS packets;
- specification of baseline profile;
- signaling of compatibility to multiple profiles and levels.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 23008 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html and www.iec.ch/national-committees.

Introduction

3D sound systems are able to realize a significantly enhanced sound experience relative to current widespread 5.1 channel audio programs and playback systems. These systems demand high quality audio coding and error-free transmission in order to keep the timbre, sound localization and sound envelopment of the original audio program. Presentation over headphones with suitable spatialization are also considered.

This document provides means for all scenarios where there is a need to compress a multi-channel audio program (e.g. 22.2 channel program) and to render it to the native target number of loudspeakers. In order to reach a wide market, a 3D audio program is able to be downmixed to a lower hierarchy of loudspeakers, for example 10.1 or 8.1 channels. In addition, all scenarios support a level of random access to facilitate broadcast break-in, and “trick modes” such as fast forward when playing from stored media.

This document focuses on applications such as audio for home theatres where the audio presentation is immersive, involving many loudspeakers (e.g. from 10 to more than 20) surrounding the listener and placed below, at and above ear-level. Moreover, applications as personal TV, TV for smartphones and multi-channel audio-only programs are envisioned. These require that 3D audio encoding/decoding systems are able to operate at low bitrates appropriate for efficient transmission over a cellular channel. At the same time, the sense of envelopment and accurate sonic localization even for systems having a tablet-sized visual displays with loudspeakers built into the device and headphone listening are maintained. The definition of the main profile, its associated bitstream syntax, semantics, and decoding process description was provided in the first edition of this document (ISO/IEC 23008-3:2015).

The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) draw attention to the fact that it is claimed that compliance with this document may involve the use of a patent.

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Information technology — High efficiency coding and media delivery in heterogeneous environments —

Part 3: 3D audio

1 Scope

This document specifies technology that supports the efficient transmission of immersive audio signals and flexible rendering for the playback of immersive audio in a wide variety of listening scenarios. These include home theatre setups with 3D loudspeaker configurations, 22.2 loudspeaker systems, automotive entertainment systems and playback over headphones connected to a tablet or smartphone.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 13818-1, *Information technology — Generic coding of moving pictures and associated audio information — Part 1: Systems* ISO/IEC 23008-3:2022
<https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/ecc9989f-3bc9-4277-8e55-c5ee773fe97c/iso-13818-1>

ISO/IEC 14496-3:2019, *Information technology — Coding of audio-visual objects — Part 3: Audio*

ISO/IEC 14496-11, *Information technology — Coding of audio-visual objects — Part 11: Scene description and application engine*

ISO/IEC 23091-3, *Information technology — Coding-independent code-points — Part 3: Audio*

ISO/IEC 23003-1:2007, *Information technology — MPEG audio technologies — Part 1: MPEG Surround*

ISO/IEC 23003-2, *Information technology — MPEG audio technologies — Part 2: Spatial Audio Object Coding (SAOC)*

ISO/IEC 23003-3:2020, *Information technology — MPEG audio technologies — Part 3: Unified speech and audio coding*

ISO/IEC 23003-4:2020, *Information technology — MPEG audio technologies — Part 4: Dynamic range control*

IETF RFC 4122, *A Universally Unique IDentifier (UUID) URN Namespace*