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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation ~~of~~ the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see ~~the following URL:~~ www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 159, *Ergonomics*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Ergonomics of human-system interaction*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 122, *Ergonomics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/IEC TR 25060:2010), which has been technically revised.

The main changes ~~compared to the previous edition~~ are as follows:

— Information on ~~various parts~~ the ISO 2506X family of ~~the 2506x series of standards documents~~ has been updated.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html ~~reflect currently published standards.~~

Introduction

The purpose of this document is to define a framework and consistent terminology for the specification and evaluation of the usability of an interactive system. Specifying and evaluating usability assists those developing and acquiring interactive systems. This document describes a framework that defines a set of information items as part of a human-centred approach to the design of an interactive system. The framework is intended to assist in documenting and communicating usability-related information through the system development life cycle.

The human-centred design approach of ISO 9241-210 is well established and focuses specifically on making systems usable. Usability can be achieved by applying human-centred design and testing throughout the life cycle. In order to enable a human-centred design approach to be adopted, it is important that all the relevant usability information items are identified and documented. This identification and documentation enables the usability of a system to be designed and tested.

This framework forms the basis for a family of [International Standardsdocuments](#) that will provide a Common Industry Format (CIF) for specific information items to be used as part of a human-centred approach to [the](#) design of interactive systems. ISO/IEC 25062, which standardizes the types of information that are documented when providing a detailed report of the results of measuring effectiveness, efficiency and satisfaction, is the first specific International Standard in this family.

The CIF for usability [standardsdocuments](#) are part of the SQuaRE [series of International Standardsdocuments](#) (ISO/IEC 25000 to ISO/IEC 25099) on software product quality requirements and evaluation. The scope of the CIF family covers systems rather than just software, so is broader than that of the current SQuaRE [seriesdocuments](#). The CIF family of [International Standardsdocuments](#) uses definitions (reproduced in Clause 2) that are consistent with ISO 9241, as this is the terminology that is normally used for this subject matter. In some cases, these definitions differ from those in ISO/IEC 25000.

NOTE Some CIF [Standardsdocuments](#) are prefixed ["ISO"](#) while others are prefixed ["ISO/IEC"](#), depending on how they are administered, ~~however~~. However, all CIF [standardsdocuments](#) are [jointlyjointly](#) developed by ISO/IEC [TC1/SC7/TC 1/SC 7](#) and ISO [TC159/SC4TC 159/SC 4](#).

To ensure that these information items can be used within the broadest range of process models and can be used in combination with other information items, the descriptions are given in the format defined in ISO/IEC 15289 and ISO/IEC TS 33060.

The information items for documenting usability-related information can be integrated in any process models. For the purpose of establishing process models, ISO/IEC/IEEE 24774 and ISO/IEC TS 33061 specify the format and [conformanceconformity](#) requirements for process models, respectively. In addition, ISO/IEC 15289 defines the types and content of information items developed and used in process models for system and software life cycle management. ISO/IEC TS 22060 and ISO/IEC TS 33061 define work products, including information items, for the purpose of process capability assessment. Process models and associated information items for human-centred design of interactive systems are contained in ISO 9241-210 and ISO TS 18152, respectively.

While this [Technical Reportdocument](#) focuses on information items needed as the basis for design and development of interactive systems, the data contained in the information items can support post-development activities such as (product) conformity assessment as defined in ISO/IEC 17000:2020.

Systems and software engineering — Systems and software Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) — General framework for Common Industry Format (CIF) for usability-related information

1 Scope

This document describes information items enabling systematic human-centred design for interactive systems.

Some of these information items are elaborated by separate International Standards, named the Common Industry ~~Formats~~Format (CIF) for usability-related information.

This document provides the framework of information items, including definitions and the content for each information item.

This document includes the following:

- the intended users of the information items;
- consistent terminology;
- the high-level content structure to be used for documenting each information item.

The information items are intended to be used as part of system-level documentation resulting from development processes such as those in ISO 9241-210, ISO 9241-220, and ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 7 process standards (e.g. ISO/IEC 15288, ISO/IEC 29148).

This document focuses on those information items needed for design, development and evaluation of usable systems, rather than prescribing a specific process. It is intended to be used in conjunction with existing International Standards, including the standards of the ISO 9241 series, and the ~~standards of the~~ SQuaRE ~~series~~documents (ISO/IEC 25000 to ISO/IEC 25099).

This document does not prescribe any kind of method, life cycle or process.

NOTE The information items produced by ~~Human~~human-centred design activities can be incorporated in design approaches as diverse as object-oriented, waterfall, HFI (human factors integration), agile, ~~and~~ rapid development, ~~etc.~~

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain ~~terminological~~terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

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- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 ~~3.1 Usability and Terms~~ related ~~definitions to usability~~

3.1.1 usability

extent to which a system, product or service can be used by specified users to achieve specified goals with effectiveness, efficiency and satisfaction in a specified context of use

Note 1 to entry: The “specified” users, goals and context of use refer to the particular combination of users, goals and context of use for which usability is being considered.

Note 2 to entry: The word “usability” is also used as a qualifier to refer to the design knowledge, competencies, activities and design attributes that contribute to usability, such as usability expertise, usability professional, usability engineering, usability method, usability evaluation, and usability heuristic.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.1]

3.1.2 interactive system system

combination of hardware and/or software and/or services and/or people that users interact with in order to achieve specific goals

Note 1 to entry: This includes, where appropriate, packaging, user documentation, ~~on-line~~online and human help, support and training.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.5]

3.1.3 product product

item that is made or created by a person or machine

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.2]

3.1.4 service

means of delivering value for the customer by facilitating results the customer wants to achieve

Note 1 to entry: Services can include both human–system interactions (e.g. accessing a word processor through the web) and human–human interactions (e.g. a citizen interacting with a clerk at the post office counter).

Note 2 to entry: The “customer” is a user, and does not necessarily have a financial relationship.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.6]

3.1.5 user

person who interacts with a system, product or service

Note 1 to entry: Users of a system, product or service include people who operate the system, people who make use of the output of the system and people who support the system (including providing maintenance and training).

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.7]

3.1.6

goal

intended outcome

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.10]

3.1.7

effectiveness

accuracy and completeness with which users achieve specified goals

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.12]

3.1.8

efficiency

resources used in relation to the results achieved

Note 1 to entry: Typical resources include time, human effort, costs and materials.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.13]

3.1.9

satisfaction

extent to which the user's physical, cognitive and emotional responses that result from the use of a system, product or service meet the user's needs and expectations

Note 1 to entry: Satisfaction includes the extent to which the user experience that results from actual use meets the user's needs and expectations.

Note 2 to entry: Anticipated use can influence satisfaction with actual use.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.14]

3.1.10

context of use

combination of users, goals and tasks, resources; and environment

Note 1 to entry: The "environment" in a context of use includes the technical, physical, social, cultural and organizational environments.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.15]

3.1.11

task

set of activities undertaken in order to achieve a specific goal

Note 1 to entry: These activities can be physical, perceptual and/or cognitive.

Note 2 to entry: While goals are independent of the means used to achieve them, tasks describe particular means of achieving goals.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.11]

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3.1.12 stakeholder

person or organization that can affect, be affected by, or perceive themselves to be affected by a decision or activity

Note 1 to entry: Stakeholders can include: users, purchasers, systems owners or managers and people who are indirectly affected by the operation of a system, product or service.

Note 2 to entry: Different stakeholders can have different needs, requirements or expectations.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.1.9]

3.1.13 human-centred quality

extent to which requirements relating to usability, accessibility, user experience and avoidance of harm from use are met

Note 1 to entry: Human-centred quality is a collective term for the intended outcomes of interaction of the user with the system.

Note 2 to entry: Provision of the necessary technical functionality is a prerequisite for human-centred quality.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.2.1], ~~modified — Note 2 to entry removed.~~

3.1.14 accessibility

extent to which products, systems, services, environments and facilities can be used by people from a population with the widest range of user needs, characteristics and capabilities to achieve identified goals in identified contexts of use

Note 1 to entry: Context of use includes direct use or use supported by assistive technologies.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-112:2017, 3.15]

3.1.15 user experience

user's perceptions and responses that result from the use and/or anticipated use of a system, product or service

Note 1 to entry: Users' perceptions and responses include the users' emotions, beliefs, preferences, perceptions, comfort, behaviours, and accomplishments that occur before, during and after use.

Note 2 to entry: User experience is a consequence of brand image, presentation, functionality, system performance, interactive behaviour, and assistive capabilities of a system, product or service. It also results from the user's internal and physical state resulting from prior experiences, attitudes, skills, abilities and personality, and from the context of use.

Note 3 to entry: The term "user experience" can also be used to refer to competence or processes such as user experience professional, user experience design, user experience method, user experience evaluation, user experience research, and user experience department.

Note 4 to entry: Human-centred design can only manage those aspects of user experience that result from designed aspects of the interactive system.

[SOURCE: ISO 9241-11:2018, 3.2.3]