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Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels — Part 6: Hot-rolled steels for quenched and tempered springs

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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives/.

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 4, *Heat treatable and alloy steels*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 683-14:20032004), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

partially new structured and editorially revised

partial structure revision:

editorial revision.

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editorial revision.

Structure revision:

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editorial revision.

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Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels — Part 6: Hot-rolled steels for quenched and tempered springs

1 Scope

This document givesspecifies the technical delivery requirements for round and flat bars and wire rods manufactured from the alloyed steels listed in Table 4, intended for hot-formed and subsequently heat-treated springs or cold-formed and subsequently heat-treated springs. The products are supplied in one of the heat-treatment conditions given for the different types of products in Table 2 and in one of the surface conditions given in Table 3.

NOTE 1 Table 4 only considers steels which that have gained certain international importance. This does, however, not mean that these are available in all industrial countries. In addition, a great number of other steels are specified in regional and national standards.

NOTE 2 Non-alloy steels also for the production of springs are covered by the wire rod specification in ISO 16120-4.

NOTE 3 International Standards relating to steels <u>complyingconforming</u> with the chemical composition requirements in Table 4, but supplied in other product forms or other treatment conditions or intended for special applications, are given in the <u>"Bibliography"</u>. <u>bibliography</u>.

2 htt Normative references://standards/sist/219c1efd-9c3c-4e73-bc8c-3e4e83a47482/iso-

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 377, Steel and steel products — Location and preparation of samples and test pieces for mechanical testing

ISO 404, Steel and steel products — General technical delivery requirements

ISO 642:1999, Steel — Hardenability test by end quenching (Jominy test)

ISO 643, Steels — Micrographic determination of the apparent grain size

ISO 3887, Steels — Determination of the depth of decarburization

ISO 4885, Ferrous materials — Heat treatments — Vocabulary

ISO 4948-1, Steels — Classification — Part 1: Classification of steels into unalloyed and alloy steels based on chemical composition

ISO 4948-2, Steels — Classification — Part 2: Classification of unalloyed and alloy steels according to main quality classes and main property or application characteristics

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ISO/TS 4949, Steel names based on letter symbols

ISO 4967, Steel — Determination of content of non-metallic inclusions — Micrographic method using standard diagrams

ISO 6506-1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6508-1, Metallic materials — Rockwell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 6929, Steel products — Vocabulary

ISO 9443, Surface quality classes for hot-rolled bars and wire rod

ISO/TR 9769, Steel and iron — Review of available methods of analysis

ISO 10474, Steel and steel products — Inspection documents

ISO 14284, Steel and iron — Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition

ISO 23825, Method for evaluating the nodularity of spheroidal carbides — Steels for cold heading and cold extruding

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 377, ISO 643, ISO 3887, ISO 9443, ISO 4885, ISO 4948-1, ISO 4948-2, ISO 6929 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

springhot-rolled steels for quenched and tempered springs

in the sense of this document steels which are, because of their resilience in the quenched and tempered condition, particularly suitable for the manufacture of spring-like components of all kinds

Note 1 to entry: The resilience of the steel depends on their elastic deformability, which enables them to sustain loading within a given range without exhibiting any permanent deformation when the load is removed. The properties required of the steels for springs are obtained by increasing carbon contents and alloying constituents such as silicon, manganese, chromium, molybdenum and vanadium, and also by heat-treatment, i.e. hardening in oil with subsequent tempering.

3.2 alloy steel

as defined in ISO 4948-1

54 Classification and designation

5.14.1 Classification

The classification of the relevant steel grades is in accordance with ISO 4948-1 and ISO 4948-2. All steel grades covered by this document are alloy special steels.

5.24.2 Designation

For the steel grades covered by this document, the steel names as given in the relevant tables shall be are allocated in accordance with ISO/TS 4949.

A comparison between the designation NOTE Designation of steels given incovered by this document with and of comparable grades covered in various other designation systems is are given in Annex D.

65 Information to be supplied by the purchaser

6.15.1 Mandatory information

The following information shall be supplied by the purchaser at the time of enquiry and order:

- a) quantity to be delivered;
- b) designation of the product form (round bar, flat bar, wire rod, etc.);
- c) either the designation of the dimensional standard and the dimensions and tolerances selected from it (see 7.11) or the designation of the drawing or any other document covering the dimensions and tolerances required for the product;
- d) a reference to this document, i.e. ISO $683-6\frac{1}{7}$ c lefd-9c3c-4c73-bc8c-3c4e83a47482/iso-
- e) the designation of the steel type given in Table 4 and, where appropriate, the symbols for the core hardness grade (see 7.3 and Table 7) or the restricted hardenability grade (see 7.3 and Table 9);
- f) standard designation for a test report 2.2 or, if required, any other type of inspection document in accordance with ISO 10474 or another equivalent standard, e.g. EN 10204 or JIS G 0415.

6.25.2 Options/Supplementary of or special requirements

A number of options are specified in this document and listed below.

- 1.a) if a heat-treatment condition other than the untreated condition is required, see the symbol for this other condition (see Table 2, column 2);
- 2.b) if a surface condition other than "hot-worked" or a special surface quality is required, see the surface condition (see Table 3) and the surface quality (see 7.5);
- 3.c) product analysis (see 7.2, 8.2.2 and 9.1);
- 4.d) any requirement concerning the verification of fine grain steel, see 7.6 and A.2;

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- 5.e) any requirement for the verification of the non-metallic inclusions, see 7.7.1;
- **6.1** any requirements for non-destructive testing, see 7.8 and A.3;
- 7.g) any requirements for testing the depth of decarburization, see 7.9 and A.4;
- 8.h) any requirement for the verification of the carbide spheroidization, see 7.10 and A.5;
- 9.i) any requirements concerning special or additional marking, see Clause 10 and A.6.

6.35.3 Ordering example

EXAMPLE 50 t hot-rolled round bars according to ISO 1035-1 with a nominal diameter of 20,0 mm and a nominal length of 8 000 mm with a diameter tolerance of ± 0.25 mm (= class S of ISO 1035-4) and a length tolerance of 0 mm to 100 mm (= class L2 of ISO 1035-4) and all other tolerances as given in ISO 1035-4 for normal cases, made of steel grade ISO 683-6, 51CrV4 in the heat-treatment condition soft annealed (symbol +A), surface blast cleaned (symbol +BC); with an inspection certificate 3.1 (see ISO 10474).

50 t round bars ISO 1035 - 20,0S × 8 000L250 t round bars ISO 1035 - 20,0S × 8 000L2

ISO 683-6 - 51CrV4+A+BC

ISO 10474 - 3.1

76 Manufacturing process STANDARD PREVIEW

7.16.1 General

The manufacturing process for the steel and for the products is, with the restrictions given by the requirements in 6.2 to 6.4, left to the discretion of the manufacturer.

7.26.2 Deoxidation

All steels shall be fully killed.

7.36.3 Heat-treatment condition at delivery

7.3.16.3.1 Normal delivery condition

Unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered in the untreated condition, i.e. as hot-worked, condition.

7.3.26.3.2 Particular heat treatment condition

If so agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered in one of the heat-treatment conditions given in Table 2, lines 3 to 6.

7.3.36.3.3 Particular surface condition

If so agreed at the time of enquiry and order, the products shall be delivered in one of the particular surface conditions given in Table 3, lines 3 to 6.

7.46.4 Traceability of the cast

The steels shall be delivered separated by casts.

87 Requirements

8.17.1 General

Table 2 gives a survey of combinations of usual heat-treatment conditions at delivery, product forms and requirements in accordance with Tables 4 to 9 (chemical composition, maximum dimensions for a minimum core hardness, maximum hardness, hardenability).

In special cases, variations in these technical delivery requirements or additions to them may form the subject of an agreement at the time of enquiry and order (see Annex A).

In addition to the special delivery condition of this document, the general technical delivery requirements of ISO 404 shall apply.

8.27.2 Chemical composition

The chemical composition determined by cast analysis shall conform with the values in Table 4.

Permissible deviations between the limiting values for cast analysis and the values for product analysis are given in Table 5.

If specified at the time of the enquiry and order, the product analysis shall be carried out.

8.37.3 Mechanical properties 200 200 Since 120

Where the steel is not ordered according to core hardness or restricted hardenability requirements, i. e. where the steel type designations of Table 6 or Table 8 and not the designations given in Table 7 or Table 9 apply, the requirements for chemical composition, hardenability and maximum hardness cited in Table 2, (column 5) shall apply as appropriate, for the particular heat-treatment condition (see footnote b to Table 4).

Where the steel is, by using the designations given in Table 9, ordered in accordance with restricted hardenability requirements, the values of restricted hardenability given in Table 9 shall apply, in addition to the requirements cited in Table 2, columns 5 (1) and 5 (2).

NOTE 1 The values in Table—8 and Table—9 for normal and restricted hardenability requirements are visualized in Figure-1.

Where the steel is, by using the designations given in Table 7, ordered in accordance with core hardness requirements, the values of core hardenability given in Table 7 shall apply, in addition to the requirements cited in Table 2, columns 5 (1) and 5 (2). In this case, the values of end-quench hardenability given in Table 8 are for guidance purposes only.

NOTE 2 The maximum dimensions given in Table 7 correspond to the restricted hardenability scatterband in accordance with Table 9. For smaller sizes (see Table B.1) the normal hardenability scatterband in accordance with Table 8 might be sufficient.

NOTE 3 For the grades 38Si7+CH and 46Si7+CH, maximum dimensions for the minimum core hardness after quenching cannot be delivered.

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8.47.4 Shearability

Under suitable shearing conditions (avoiding local stress peaks, preheating, application of blades with a profile adapted to that of the product, etc.) all steels are normally shearable not only in the condition +S but also in condition +A (see Table 2).

8.57.5 Surface quality

All products shall have a workmanlike finish.

Bars and wire rod shall be delivered with surface class A in accordance with ISO 9443, unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order. For flat bars, the details of verification shall be agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order.

Removal of surface discontinuities by welding is not permitted.

If surface discontinuities shall beare removed by other methods, the kind and permissible depth for removal of surface discontinuities should, where appropriate, be agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order.

8.67.6 Grain size

The steel shall show an austenitic grain size of 6 or finer. For the verification of the fine grain size, see A.2.

8.77.7 Non-metallic inclusions

8.7.17.7.1 Microscopic inclusions

The steels shall have a certain degree of cleanness. However, verification of the non-metallic inclusion content requires a special agreement. If there is such an agreement at the time of enquiry and order, the microscopic non-metallic inclusion content shall be determined to an agreed procedure and within agreed limits in accordance with ISO 4967 or another equivalent standard.

For grades with specified minimum sulfur content, the agreement should not include sulfides.

8.7.2 Macroscopic inclusions

This requirement is applicable to the verification of the macroscopic inclusions in special steels. If verification is agreed, the method and acceptance limits shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order.

8.87.8 Internal soundness

The steel shall be free from internal defects likely to have an adverse effect. If verification is agreed, the method and acceptance limits shall be agreed at the time of enquiry and order, see A.3.

8.97.9 Surface decarburization

Bars and wire rod with as-rolled surface of steel in the untreated condition (+U), in the treated to improve shearability condition (+S), in the soft annealed condition (+A) and in the annealed to achieve spheroidization of the carbides condition (+AC) shall be free from complete decarburization.

The values for the admissible partial surface decarburization given in Table 10 apply for the untreated condition (+U), for the treated to improve shearability condition (+S), for the soft annealed condition (+A)

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and for the annealed to achieve spheroidization of the carbides condition (+AC). If verification is agreed at the time of enquiry and order, see A.4.

8.107.10 **Spheroidization of carbides**

If the steel is ordered in the heat-treatment condition 'annealed to achieve spheroidization of carbides' (+AC) the degree of spheroidization shall be at least 70-_% unless otherwise agreed at the time of enquiry and order, for verification see A.5.

NOTE As the carbon content decreases, it becomes more difficult to obtain spheroidized cementite.

8.117.11 Dimensions, tolerances and shape

The shape, dimensions and tolerances of the products shall complyconform with the requirements agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order. The agreements should be based on International Standards listed in the bibliography, References [9] to [13], otherwise national and regional standards may be used.

98 Inspection

9.18.1 Testing procedures and type of documents

- **8.1.1** Products complying conforming with this document-complying with this part of ISO 683 shall be ordered and delivered with one of the inspection documents either with non-specific or specific inspection specified in ISO 10474 or another equivalent standard, e.g. EN 10204 or JIS G 0415. The type of document shall be agreed upon at the time of enquiry and order. If the order does not contain any specification of this type, a test report $2\frac{1}{12}$ 2 shall be issued.
- **8.1.2** If, in accordance with the agreements at the time of enquiry and order, non-specific inspection with a test report 2-,2 is tomust be provided, this shall cover:
- a) a confirmation that the material complies with the requirements of the order;
- b) the results of the cast analysis for all elements specified for the steel type supplied.
- **8.1.3** If, in accordance with the agreements in the order, specific inspection with an inspection certificate 3.1 or 3.2 is tomust be provided, the specific inspections and tests described in 6.2 shall be carried out and their results shall be certified in the document.

In addition, the inspection certificate shall cover:

- a) a confirmation that the material complies with the requirements of the order;
- b) for all elements specified for the steel type concerned, the results of the cast analysis given by the manufacturer;
- c) the result of all inspections and tests ordered by supplementary requirements (see Annex A);
- d) the symbol letters or numbers relating the inspection documents, the test pieces and products to each other.