

Designation: D7450 - 08 D7450 - 13

Standard Specification for Performance of Rear Axle Gear Lubricants Intended for API Category GL-5 Service¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D7450; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope-Scope*

- 1.1 This specification covers test methods and acceptance criteria for determining the acceptability of gear oils for applications which that specify a lubricant meeting the performance requirements of API Category GL-5 service. Lubricants which that meet these performance requirements are typically intended for use in automotive axles, particularly those containing hypoid gears, operating under various combinations of high-speed/shock-load and low-speed/high-torque conditions.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D130 Test Method for Corrosiveness to Copper from Petroleum Products by Copper Strip Test

D892 Test Method for Foaming Characteristics of Lubricating Oils

D5704 Test Method for Evaluation of the Thermal and Oxidative Stability of Lubricating Oils Used for Manual Transmissions and Final Drive Axles

D6121 Test Method for Evaluation of Load-Carrying Capacity of Lubricants Under Conditions of Low Speed and High Torque Used for Final Hypoid Drive Axles

D7038 Test Method for Evaluation of Moisture Corrosion Resistance of Automotive Gear Lubricants

D7452 Test Method for Evaluation of the Load Carrying Properties of Lubricants Used for Final Drive Axles, Under Conditions of High Speed and Shock Loading

2.2 Military Standards:³

MIL-L-2105C Lubricating Oil, Gear, Multipurpose

MIL-L-2105D Lubricating Oil, Gear, Multipurpose

MIL-PRF-2105E Lubricating Oil, Gear, Multipurpose

2.3 ASTM Test Monitoring Center Documents:⁴

L-42 Test Procedure

2.3 SAE Documents:⁴

J306 Automotive Gear Lubricant Viscosity Classification

J2360 Lubricating Oil, Gear Multipurpose (Metric) Military Use

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D02 on Petroleum Products and Lubricants and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D02.B0 on Automotive Lubricants.

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from Standardization Documents Order Desk, DODSSP, Bldg. 4, Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5098, http://www.dodssp.daps.mil.

⁴ Available from ASTM Test Monitoring Center, 6555 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, PA 15206-4489, Attn: Administrator.

⁴ Available from Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE), 400 Commonwealth Dr., Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, http://www.sae.org.

- 3.1.1 ridging, n—on ring and pinion gears, an alteration of the tooth surface to give a series of parallel raised and polished ridges running diagonally in the direction of sliding motion, either partially or completely across the tooth surfaces of gears. D6121
- 3.1.2 *rippling*, *n*—*on ring and pinion gears*, an alteration of the tooth surface to give an appearance of a more or less regular pattern resembling ripples on water or fish scales.

 D6121
- 3.1.3 *pitting*, *n*—*on ring and pinion gears*, small irregular cavities in the tooth surface, resulting from the breaking out of small areas of surface metal.

 D6121
- 3.1.4 *spalling, n—on ring and pinion gears*, the breaking out of flakes of irregular area of the tooth surface, a condition more extensive than pitting.

 D6121
- 3.1.5 scoring, n—on ring and pinion gears, the rapid removal of metal from the tooth surfaces caused by the tearing out of small contacting particles that have welded together as a result of metal-to-metal contact. The scored surface is characterized by a matte or dull finish.

 D6121
- 3.1.6 wear, n—on ring and pinion gears, the removal of metal, without evidence of surface fatigue or adhesive wear, resulting in partial or complete elimination of tool or grinding marks or development of a discernible shoulder ridge at the bottom of the contact area near the root or at the toe or heel end of pinion tooth contact area (abrasive wear).

 D6121
 - 3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
 - 3.2.1 lubrited, adj—having its surface coated with phosphate.

4. Performance Classification

4.1 API Category GL-5—The designation API Category GL-5 is designed to identify the category of lubricants intended for gears, particularly those in automotive axles equipped with hypoid gears, operating under various combination of high-speed/

TABLE 1 API Category GL-5 Tests and Acceptance Criteria

COLSPEC/colnum="3" colname='	COLSPECT angn= center Minimum	Maximum	
Test Item	Minimum	Maximum	
L-42 ^{A,B}	11011 Stantation		
Test Method D7452 (formerly L-42) ^{A,B}		Equal to or better (lower) than	
%Scoring, Pinion		the mean scoring value of the	Equal to or b
Drive Side	https://standards.it	passing reference oil test results	the mean sco
Coast Side		used to calibrate the stand	passing refer
%Scoring, Ring		used to camprate the stand	used to calib
Drive Side			used to callbi
Coast Side			
Test Method D6121 (formerly L-37) using no	on-lubrited		
hardware ^{B,C}			
Ridging, ASTM merit rating	alog/standards/sist/2df998: <mark>8</mark> 7-57b3-41b0-a	551-736a85968398/astm-d7450-13	
rupping, Activi ment rating	110g/standards/8181/201996.8/-3/03-4100-a	.331-730a03900390/asuif-u/430-13	
Wear, ASTM merit rating	5	•••	
Pitting/Spalling, ASTM merit rating	9.3	•••	
Scoring, ASTM merit rating	10		
Test Method D7038 (formerly L-33-1) ^D			
Final rust merit rating	9.0		
Test Method D5704 ^E (formerly L-60-1) or L-	60		
Viscosity Increase, percent	***	100	
Pentane Insolubles, wt percent	***	3.0	
Toluene Insolubles, wt percent		2.0	
Test Method D892, tendency			
Sequence I, mL		20	
Sequence II, mL		50	
Sequence III, mL		20	
Test Method D130 ^F			
ASTM rating		3	

^A The <u>latest version of this test can be obtained from the ASTM Test Monitoring Center. The Canadian version of the L-42 testTest Method D7452 follows the procedure of the L-42 testTest Method D7452 with the modifications detailed in Annex A1, Table A1.1 of the L-42Test Method D7452test procedure.</u>

^B This test may be conducted under two different sets of operating conditions, commonly referred to as Standard and Canadian. The test conditions to be used are dependant upon the viscosity grade of the lubricant under evaluation. Please see A2.2 and Table A2.1 for details as to which version of this test should be used in the evaluation of a specific lubricant.

C The Canadian version of the Test Method D6121 test follows the procedure of the Test Method D6121 test with the modifications detailed in Test Method D6121, Annex A6.2. Table A6.1

^D Candidate fluids tested previous to the development of the Test Method D7038 procedure using the L-33 test procedure with a cover plate merit rating of a minimum of 8 and a merit rating for all other areas of a minimum of 10 are considered acceptable results against the performance requirements of this Specification.

E Carbon or Varnish and Sludge ratings are reported in Test Method D5704 but are not an acceptance criterion for API Category GL-5.

F Tested for 3 h at 250°F (121°C).