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Cranes—— Design calculation for wheel/rail contacts and associated trolley track supporting structure———

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Part<sub>-</sub>1: General

ISO/FDIS 16881-1

Appareils de levage à charge suspendue-\_— Calcul de conception des <u>contacts</u> galets<u>/rails</u> et de la structure <del>porteuse des rails</del> <u>de support</u> du chariot <del>— de roulement</del> —

Partie-\_1-: Généralités

ISO #####-#:###(X)

A model document of an International Standard (the Model International Standard) is available at: https://www.iso.org/drafting-standards.html

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#### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 96, *Cranes*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Design principles and requirements*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 16881-1:2005), which has been technically 2 662 055 c3 c2/iso-fdis-16881-1 revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- many improvements in Annex Bwere made to Annex B (local stresses);
- new-tables in Annex C forwere added to Annex C to cover American, Chinese, and Japanese steels.

A list of all parts in the ISO 16881 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

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#### Introduction

This document establishes requirements and gives guidance and design rules that reflect the present state of the art in the field of crane machine design. The rules given-represent good design practice that will ensure fulfilment of ensures that essential safety requirements are met and that the components have an adequate service life of components. Deviation from these rules normally can lead to increased risks increase risk or reduction of reduce service life, but it is acknowledged that. However, new technical innovations, and materials, etc. can enable new provide solutions that result in equal or improved safety and durability.

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# Cranes—— Design calculation for wheel/rail contracts and associated trolley track supporting structure———

Part-

### General

#### 1 Scope

This document gives the specifies requirements for the selection of selecting the size for of iron or steel wheels and. It also presents the formulae for the determine local stresses in crane structures due to the effects of the wheel loads.

This document covers requirements for steel and cast-iron wheels and is applicable for It applies to metallic contacts only.

This document does not apply to roller bearings.

This document is used together with the classification of the ISO 4301 series and the loads and load combinations of the ISO 8686 series.

#This document is based uponon the limit state method (see ISO 8686-1:2012).

This document is for design purposes only and It is not a guarantee of actual performance.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 4301 (all parts), Cranes — Classification

 $ISO\ 4302, \textit{Cranes} - \textit{Wind load assessment}$ 

ISO 4306-1, Cranes — Vocabulary — Part 1: General

ISO 6506-\_1, Metallic materials — Brinell hardness test — Part 1: Test method

ISO 8686 (all parts), Cranes — Design principles for loads and load combinations

ISO 11031, Cranes — Principles for seismically resistant design

ISO 12100, Safety of machinery — General principles for design — Risk assessment and risk reduction

 ${\tt ISO~12488\_1, Cranes-Tolerances~for~wheels~and~travel~and~traversing~tracks-Part~1:~General~and~travel~and~traversing~tracks-Part~1:~General~and~trave$ 

 ${\tt ISO~20332, Cranes-Proof~of~competence~of~steel~structures}$ 

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### 3 Terms and definitions

#### 3.1 General

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 4306-1, ISO 12100 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

#### 3.2 Symbols and abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the symbols and abbreviations given in <a href="#">Table 1</a> apply.

Table 1 — Symbols and abbreviations

Symbols, abbreviations	Description
b	Loadload-bearing width
$b_{ m r}, b_{ m w}$	Effective effective contact widths of rail and wheel
$D_{ m w}$	Wheelwheel diameter
$E_{ m m}$	Equivalent modulus of elasticity
$E_{\mathrm{r}}$	Modulus modulus of elasticity of the rail or track
$E_{ m w}$	Modulus modulus of elasticity of the wheel
F	Wheelwheel load
$F_{ m Rd,f}$	Limit limit design contact force for fatigue
$F_{ m Rd,s}$	Limit design contact force
$F_{\mathrm{Sd,f}}$	Designdesign contact force for fatigue
F <sub>Sd,f,i</sub>	Designdesign contact force in contact i
$F_{ m Sd,s}$	Designdesign contact force
$F_{ m u}$	Referencereference contact force
$f_{ m f}$	Factorfactor of further influences in fatigue
$f_{ m f1}$	Decreasing decreasing factor for edge pressure in fatigue
$f_{ m f2}$	Decreasing decreasing factor for non-uniform pressure distribution in fatigue
$f_{ m f3}$	Decreasing decreasing factor for skewing in fatigue
$f_{ m f4}$	Materials materials factor in fatigue
$f_{ m f5}$	Decreasing decreasing factor for driven wheels in fatigue
$f_{\mathtt{y}}$	Yield yield point
$f_1$	Decreasing decreasing factor for edge pressure
$f_2$	Decreasing decreasing factor for non-uniform pressure distribution
HBW	Brinell Hardnesshardness
HB*	Unitunit-consistent hardness
i	Indexindex of one rolling contact with Fsefsd,fi