

International Standard

ISO 8536-13

2024-09

iteh.ai)

Second edition

Infusion equipment for medical use —

Part 13:

Graduated flow regulators for single use with fluid contact i Teh Standards

Partie 13: Régulateurs de débit gradués non réutilisables avec contact à fluide

ISO 8536-13:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6620582c-0a8b-4e07-81c8-acb9c57747da/iso-8536-13-2024

Reference number ISO 8536-13:2024(en)

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 8536-13:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6620582c-0a8b-4e07-81c8-acb9c57747da/iso-8536-13-2024



COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT

© ISO 2024

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

ISO 8536-13:2024(en)

Contents			Page
Fore	word		iv
1	Scop	oe	1
2	Normative references		1
3	Terms and definitions		1
4	Design		2
5	Materials		2
6	Physical requirements 6.1 Graduated scale		2
	6.1	Graduated scale	2
	6.2	Particulate contamination	2
	6.3	Tensile strength	3
	6.4	Tensile strength Leakage	3
	6.5	Flow rates	3
7	Chemical requirements		3
Anne	ex A (no	ormative) Physical tests	4
Bibli	ograpl	hy	6

iTeh Standards (https://standards.iteh.ai) Document Preview

ISO 8536-13:2024

https://standards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6620582c-0a8b-4e07-81c8-acb9c57747da/iso-8536-13-2024

ISO 8536-13:2024(en)

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

ISO draws attention to the possibility that the implementation of this document may involve the use of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 76, *Transfusion, infusion and injection, and blood processing equipment for medical and pharmaceutical use,* in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 205, *Non-active medical devices,* in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 8536-13:2016), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- in <u>Clause 3</u>, the new term "activation" has been added;
- Figure 1 in Clause 4 has been amended to include markings on the open and close positions;
- former Clause 8 "Biological requirements" has been deleted due to the specified product being nonsterile;
- Annex A has been amended by a general introduction (see A.1) on the pre-conditioning of the sample;
- Annex A.5 has been amended to align the flow rate test method with other flow rate test methods in the ISO 8536 series;
- the Bibliography has been updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 8536 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Infusion equipment for medical use —

Part 13:

Graduated flow regulators for single use with fluid contact

1 Scope

This document specifies requirements for non-sterile, single-use graduated flow regulators used as subcomponents in sterilized infusion sets for single use to control the flow of intravenous infusion solutions with fluid contact under gravity feed conditions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8536-4, Infusion equipment for medical use — Part 4: Infusion sets for single use, gravity feed

ISO 10993-1, Biological evaluation of medical devices — Part 1: Evaluation and testing within a risk management process

ISO 80000-4, Quantities and units — Part 4: Mechanics

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1

graduated flow regulator

GFR

subcomponent with graduation and with fluid contact for setting certain flow of liquids

3.2

flow rate

volume per time

3.3

scale

array of marks, together with any associated figuring, in relation to which the position of the pointer is observed

3.4

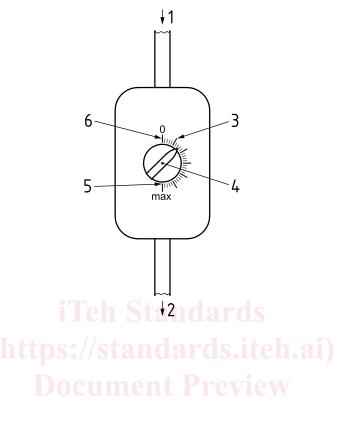
activation

sequence of engaging the GFR from the open to the closed position then returning to the open position

4 Design

The GFR shall be designed for a constant flow regulation. When tested as specified in $\underline{A.5.3}$, the stability of flow rate shall be at least within ± 10 % during the test time. The GFR shall be designed for a safe use to avoid accidental change of flow rate and shall clearly indicate open and closed positions.

A typical design for a GFR is shown in Figure 1.



Key

- 1 upstream
- 2 downstream
- 3 scale
- 4 pointer
- 5 open position

- ISO 8536-13:2024
- 6 tp:closed position eh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/6620582c-0a8b-4e07-81c8-acb9c57747da/iso-8536-13-2024

Figure 1 — Example for the design of a GFR (schematic)

5 Materials

The materials used shall conform with the requirements specified in <u>Clauses 6</u> and <u>7</u>. In addition, the materials of all items described shall be assessed in accordance with the requirements of ISO 10993-1.

6 Physical requirements

6.1 Graduated scale

The scale shall indicate open and closed positions of the GFR plus scale positions as defined by the manufacturer.

6.2 Particulate contamination

The GFR shall be manufactured under conditions that minimize particulate contamination. The inner surface shall be smooth and clean. When tested as specified in $\underline{A.2}$, after pre-conditioning in accordance with the general and specific conditions described in $\underline{A.1}$, the number of particles shall not exceed the contamination index.