



International
Standard

ISO 14520-5

**Gaseous fire-extinguishing
systems — Physical properties and
system design —**

Part 5:

iTeh Standards

FK-5-1-12 extinguishant

(<https://standards.iteh.ai>)

*Systèmes d'extinction d'incendie utilisant des agents gazeux —
Propriétés physiques et conception des systèmes —*

Partie 5: Agent extincteur FK-5-1-12

[ISO 14520-5:2024](#)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 21, *Equipment for fire protection and fire fighting*, Subcommittee SC 8, *Gaseous media and firefighting systems using gas*.

This fourth edition cancels and replaces the third edition (ISO 14520-5:2019), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

[ISO 14520-5:2024](http://www.iso.org/iso/14520-5:2024)

— new specifications for dimers have been added to [Table 1](#).

A list of all parts in the ISO 14520 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Gaseous fire-extinguishing systems — Physical properties and system design —

Part 5: FK-5-1-12 extinguishant

1 Scope

This document contains specific requirements for gaseous fire-extinguishing systems, with respect to FK-5-1-12 extinguishant. It includes details of physical properties, specifications, usage and safety aspects.

This document is applicable only to systems operating at nominal pressures of 25 bar, 34,5 bar, 42 bar and 50 bar¹⁾ with nitrogen propellant. This does not preclude the use of other systems.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14520-1, *Gaseous fire-extinguishing systems — Physical properties and system design — Part 1: General requirements*

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3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 14520-1 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Characteristics and uses

4.1 General

Extinguishant FK-5-1-12 shall conform to the specifications shown in [Table 1](#).

FK-5-1-12 is a clear, colourless, almost odourless, electrically non-conductive gas with a density approximately 11 times that of air.

The physical properties are shown in [Table 2](#).

FK-5-1-12 extinguishes fires mainly by physical means, but also by some chemical means.

1) 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 10^5 Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm².

Table 1 — Specifications for FK-5-1-12

Property	Requirement
Purity	99,0 % mol/mol min.
Acidity	3×10^{-6} by mass, max.
Water content	0,001 % by mass, max.
Non-volatile residue	0,03 % by mass, max.
Suspended matter or sediment	None visible
Kinetic dimers of HFP ^a	<2 850 mg/kg
Thermodynamic dimer of HFP + HF adduct ^b	<95 mg/kg

^a Kinetic dimers of HFP (CAS Registry Number® 2070-70-4). (Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Registry Number® is a trademark of the American Chemical Society (ACS). This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by ISO of the product named. Equivalent products may be used if they can be shown to lead to the same results).

^b Thermodynamic dimer of HFP (CAS 1584-03-8) and its adduct (CAS 30320-28-6).

Table 2 — Physical properties of FK-5-1-12

Property	Units	Value
Molecular mass	n/a	316,04
Boiling point at 1 013 bar (absolute)	°C	49,2
Freezing point	°C	-108,0
Critical temperature	°C	168,66
Critical pressure	bar	18,646
Critical volume	cc/mole	494,5
Critical density	kg/m ³	639,1
Vapour pressure 20 °C	bar abs	0,326 0
Liquid density 20 °C	g/ml	1,616
Saturated vapour density 20 °C	kg/m ³	4,330 5
Specific volume of superheated vapour at 1 013 bar and 20 °C	m ³ /kg	0,071 9
Heat of vapourization at boiling point	KJ/kg	88,0
Chemical formula	<chem>CF3CF2C(O)CF(CF3)2</chem>	
Chemical name	Dodecafluoro-2-methylpentan-3-one	
NOTE 1 bar = 0,1 MPa = 10 ⁵ Pa; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm ² .		

4.2 Use of FK-5-1-12 systems

FK-5-1-12 total flooding systems may be used for extinguishing fires of all classes within the limits specified in ISO 14520-1:2023, Clause 4.

The extinguishant requirements per volume of protected space are shown in [Table 3](#) for various levels of concentration. These are based on methods shown in ISO 14520-1:2023, 7.7.

The extinguishing concentrations and design concentrations for heptane and Surface Class A hazards are shown in [Table 4](#). Concentrations for other fuels are shown in [Table 5](#) and inerting concentrations in [Table 6](#).