ISO-<u>/</u>TC 82/ WG 8

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Date: 2025-03-17xx

Mining - Vocabulary — _

Part-9: Drainage

iTeh Standards

<u>Exploitation minière — Vocabulaire —</u>

<u>Partie 9: Drainage</u>

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Contents

<u>Foreword</u> iv	
<u>Introduction</u> v	
1	<u>Scope</u>
2	Normative references1
3	Terms and definitions1
3.1	Ground water
3.2	Drainage planning
3.3	Pumps
3.4	Drainage installation24
Bibliography32	

Index 33

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-2. www.iso.org/directives 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn[SO draws attention to the possibility that some of the elementsimplementation of this document may be involve the subjectuse of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights- in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received. www.iso.org/patents

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 82, Mining.

A list of all parts in the ISO 22932 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

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Introduction

The ISO 22932 series has been prepared in order to standardize and to co-ordinate the global use of technical terms and definitions in mining, for the benefit of the experts working on different types of mining activities.

The need for the JSO 22932 series arose from the widely varying interpretation of terms used within the industry and the prevalent use of more than one synonym.

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Mining- - Vocabulary - Part 9: Drainage _

Note: Cross references and table of contents will be completed after final editing.

Part 9: Drainage

1 Scope

This document specifies the commonly used terms in mine drainage.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ——ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

3.1 Ground water

3.1.1 3.1.1

aquifer stratum

3.1.2 3.1.2

aquifer test

in situ procedure, such as single-well (bail test or slug test) and multiple-well pumping (3.3.5.9) tests, used to determine hydraulic properties of an aquifer

Note_1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.3 3.1.3

aquifuge

rock that contains no interconnected openings or interstices and therefore neither absorbs nor transmits water

Note-1-to entry:-That can be as the opposite of aquifer.

 $Note_2_to\ entry:_Compare\ with\ confining\ bed.$

Note_3-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

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3.1.4 3.1.4

attached ground water

that portion of the subsurface water adhering to the pore walls

Note-1-to entry:-It is assumed to be equal in quantity to the pellicular water, and it is measured by specific retention.

Note-2-to entry: See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.5 3.1.5

capillary

action by which the surface of a liquid is elevated at the point at which it is in contact with a solid

Note-1-to entry:-Such as in a lamp wick.

Note-2-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.5.1 3.1.5.1

capillarity

capillary action

action by which a fluid, such as water, is drawn up (or depressed) in small interstices or tubes as a result of surface tension

Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.5.2 3.1.5.2

zone of capillarity

subsurface zone that overlies the *zone of saturation* [3.1.20] in which *capillary* [3.1.5] voids hold water above the *zone of saturation* [3.1.20] by molecular attraction acting against gravity

Note_1_to entry:_Compare with zone of aeration.

Note_2-to entry:_See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.6 3.1.6

confining bed

aquiclude

impervious stratum above and/or below an aquifer

Note-1-to-entry:-Compare with aquifuge.

3.1.7 3.1.7

connate water

inherent water contemporary with the rocks containing it, as opposed to water subsequently permeating the rocks

Note_1_to_entry:_Compare with interstitial water and formation water.

3.1.8 3.1.8

depressed water level

pumping water level

lowest level of ground water (3.1.10) during drainage (3.2.3.2) or pumping

3.1.9 3.1.9

formation water

native water

 $water\ present\ in\ a\ water-bearing\ formation\ under\ natural\ conditions,\ as\ opposed\ to\ introduced\ fluids,\ such\ as\ drilling\ mud$

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Note-1-to entry:-Usually consisting of a small pipe tapped into the side of a closed or open conduit and flush with the inside; connected with a pressure gage, mercury, water column, or other device for indicating head.

Note-2-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.17 3.1.17

secondary water

water entering the mine from other workings, as opposed to water inherent in the area worked by the mine

3.1.18 3.1.18

water table

free water elevation

free water surface

ground water level

ground water surface

ground water table

level of saturation

phreatic surface

plane of saturation

saturated surface

plane or surface below which fissures and pores in the strata are naturally saturated with water

3.1.18.1 3.1.18.1

perched water table

water table (3.1.18) of a body of perched ground water

Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.18.1.1 3.1.18.1.1

perched ground water

perched water

unconfined ground water (3.1.10) separated from an underlying main body of ground water (3.1.10) by an unsaturated zone

Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. / catalog/standards/iso/2734bd33-9d88-4928-832c-

3.1.18.2 3.1.18.2

water table contour

line drawn on a map to represent an imaginary line in the water table (3.1.18) of a definite level.

Note_1_to entry:-_These contours are constructed from the data provided by the water-table levels, corrected for differences in surface level at the respective boreholes. A site investigation or opencast plan sometimes show water-table contours.

Note_2-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1].

3.1.18.3 3.1.18.3

water table level

level showing the depth of the water table (3.1.18) below the surface

Note-1-to entry:-Also is the depth at which water is encountered in trial pits or boreholes.

Note-2-to entry:- See Reference [2] [1].

3.1.18.4 3.1.18.4

water table map

contour map of the upper surface of the saturated zone

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Commented [eXtyles39]: The term "ground water level" has not been used anywhere in this document

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ISO/FDIS 22932-9:2025(en) Formatted: Font: 11 pt Formatted: Font: Bold Formatted: HeaderCentered, Left Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.5 cm + 4.2 at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.1.18.5 3.1.18.5 water table stream cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmconcentrated ground water (3.1.10) flow at the water table (3.1.18) in a formation or structure of high Formatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers permeability Commented [eXtyles52]: The term "water table stream" has Note_1-to_entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Font: Italic 3.1.19 3.1.19 Formatted: Font: Italic zone of aeration Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, subsurface zone containing water under pressure less than that of the atmosphere, including water held by Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.5 cm + 4.2 capillarity, and containing air or gases generally under atmospheric pressure cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmFormatted: TermNum3, Adjust space between Latin and Note-1-to entry:-This zone is limited above by the land surface and below by the water table. It contains vadose water. Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers Commented [eXtyles53]: The term "zone of aeration" is used Note_2-to entry:-Compare with zone of capillarity. Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Note-3-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 0.7~cm + 1.4~cm + 2.1~cm + 2.8~cm + 3.5~cm + 4.23.1.19.1 3.1.19.1 cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmvadose water Formatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and suspended water Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers illen Standards water of the zone of aeration Commented [eXtyles54]: The term "vadose water" is used only Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Commented [eXtyles55]: The term "suspended water" has not 3.1.20 3.1.20 Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, zone of saturation Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not phreatic zone at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.5 cm + 4.2 saturated zone cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmsubsurface zone in which all the interstices are filled with water under pressure greater than that of the Formatted: TermNum3, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers atmosphere Commented [eXtyles56]: The term "zone of saturation" is u ... Note_1_to entry:_This zone is separated from the zone of aeration (above) by the water table. Commented [eXtyles57]: The term "phreatic zone" has not [... Commented [eXtyles58]: The term "saturated zone" is used Note-2-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted (... 3.2 Drainage planning **Formatted** 3.2.1 **Pumps planning Formatted** 3.2.1.1 3.2.1.1 Formatted booster pump Commented [eXtyles59]: The term "booster pump" has not ... pump that operates in the discharge line of another pump, either to increase pressure or to restore pressure lost by friction in the line or by lift Note_1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. **Formatted Formatted** 3.2.1.2 3.2.1.2 Commented [eXtyles60]: The term "booster station" has not ... booster station Formatted: Font: Italic in long-distance *pumping* (3.3.5.9) of liquids or mineral slurries, an intermediate pump station **Formatted** (... Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Font: 10 pt Formatted Formatted: Font: 11 pt Formatted © ISO 2025 – All rights reserved

ISO/FDIS 22932-9:2025(en) Formatted: Font: Bold Formatted: HeaderCentered 3.2.1.3 3.2.1.3 Formatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers hogger pump topmost pump in a shaft Commented [eXtyles61]: The term "hogger pump" has not Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at $0.7~\rm cm+~1.4~cm+~2.1~cm+~2.8~cm+~3.5~cm+~4.2$ 3.2.1.4 3.2.1.4 cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmpump chamber Formatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and underground pumping (3.3.5.9) station Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers Commented [eXtyles62]: The term "pump chamber" has not Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Font: Italic 3.2.1.5 3.2.1.5 pitwright Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at $0.7~\rm cm+1.4~cm+2.1~cm+2.8~cm+3.5~cm+4.2$ plugman person who operates one or a battery of pumps to force excess water from a lower level to the surface or to a cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmdrainage tunnel (3.2.3.2) tunnel Formatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Commented [eXtyles63]: The term "pitwright" has not been 3.2.1.6 3.2.1.6 Commented [eXtyles64]: The term "plugman" has not been pumping head in an sairlift, the distance from the surface to the level of the water during pumping; it (3.3.5.9) Formatted: Font: Italic Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text. Note 1 to entry: It equals static head plus drop. Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.5 cm + 4.2 Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmFormatted: TermNum4, Adjust space between Latin and 3.2.1.7 3.2.1.7 Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers pumping shaft Commented [eXtyles65]: The term "pumping head" has not shaft containing the *pumping* (3.3.5.9) machinery of a mine Formatted: Font: Italic Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text. Adjust space between Asian text and numbers 3.2.1.8 indards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/iso/2734bd33-9d88-4928-832c-Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, pump lift Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not vertical distance that a pump can suck up water or the vertical distance a pump can force water to flow at 0.7 cm + 1.4 cm + 2.1 cm + 2.8 cm + 3.5 cm + 4.2 cm + 4.9 cm + 5.6 cm + 6.3 cm + 7 cmNote-1-to entry:-Theoretically, the vertical distance that a pump can suck up water should be about 10,4 m at sea level **Formatted** but practically, the limit is about 7,9 m. Commented [eXtyles66]: The term "pumping shaft" has not ... Formatted: Font: Italic Note-2-to entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. **Formatted** (... <u>3.2</u>.1.9 3.2.1.9 **Formatted** <u>...</u> pump load Commented [eXtyles67]: The term "pump lift" has not been back pressure and/or resistance to flow of fluids that a pump must overcome to force a fluid to flow through **Formatted** a pipeline, drill string, etc. Formatted Note-1-to-entry:-See Reference [2].[1]. Commented [eXtyles68]: The term "pump load" has not bee ... Formatted <u>...</u> 3.2.1.10 3.2.1.10 **Formatted** pump pressure Commented [eXtyles69]: The term "pump pressure" has not force per unit area or pressure against which a pump acts to force a fluid to flow through a pipeline, drill string,

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Note-1-to entry:-Also, it's the pressure imposed on the fluid ejected from a pump.