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Systems and software engineering — Lifecycle profiles for very small entities (VSEs) —

Part 1-1: Overview

Ingénierie des systèmes et du logiciel — Profils de cycle de vie pour très petits organismes (TPO) —

Partie 1-1: Aperçu général

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives or www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs).

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 07, *Software and systems engineering*.

This edition of ISO/IEC 29110-1-1, together with ISO/IEC 29110-1-2, cancels and **replaces** ISO/IEC TR 29110-1:2016, which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- addition of **definitions** from parts of the ISO/IEC 29110 series published since the publication of the ISO/IEC TR 29110-1:2016.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 29110 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

For the ISO/IEC 29110 series, a very small entity (VSE) is an enterprise, an organization (e.g. government agency, non-profit organization), a department or a project having up to 25 people. Since many VSEs develop and/or maintain system and software components used in systems, either as independent products or incorporated in larger systems, a recognition of VSEs as suppliers of high-quality products is required.

VSEs around the world are creating valuable products and services. According to the World Bank, small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) account for about 90 % of enterprises worldwide. According to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), SMEs represent 99 % of all businesses and generate about 60 % of employment. Almost one person out of three is employed in a micro firm with less than 10 employees. The European Union reports that micro firms, with fewer than 10 persons, account for 93.5 % of all enterprises and small firms, with 10 to 49 employees, account for 5.5 % of all enterprises. The challenge facing OECD governments is to provide a business environment that supports the competitiveness of this large heterogeneous business population and that promotes a vibrant entrepreneurial culture.

From studies and surveys conducted, the majority of International Standards did not address the needs of VSEs. Implementation of and conformity with these standards was difficult, if not impossible. [See Annex A for additional information.](#)

Consequently, VSEs have no, or very limited, ways to be recognized as entities that produce quality systems/system elements including software in their domain. Therefore, VSEs are excluded from some economic activities.

It has been found that VSEs find it difficult to relate International Standards to their business needs and to justify the effort required to apply standards to their business practices. Most VSEs can neither afford the resources, in terms of number of employees, expertise, budget and time, nor do they see a net benefit in establishing over-complex systems or software life cycle processes. To address some of these difficulties, a set of guidelines has been developed based on a set of VSE characteristics. The guidelines are based on subsets of appropriate standards processes, activities, tasks, and outcomes, referred to as profiles. The purpose of a profile is to define a subset of international standards relevant to the VSEs' context; for example, processes, activities, tasks, and outcomes of ISO/IEC/IEEE 12207 for software; and processes, activities, tasks, and outcomes of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 for systems; and information products (documentation) of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15289 for software and systems.

VSEs can achieve recognition through implementing a profile and by being audited against the specifications of the ISO/IEC 29110 series.

The ISO/IEC 29110 series can be applied at any phase of system or software development within a life cycle. The ISO/IEC 29110 series is intended to be used by VSEs that do not have experience or expertise in adapting/tailoring ISO/IEC/IEEE 12207 or ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 ~~standards~~ to the needs of a specific project. VSEs that have expertise in adapting/tailoring ISO/IEC/IEEE 12207 or ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 are encouraged to use those standards instead of the ISO/IEC 29110 series.

The ISO/IEC 29110 series is intended to be used with any lifecycle such as: waterfall, iterative, incremental, evolutionary or agile.

Systems, in the context of the ISO/IEC 29110 series, are typically composed of hardware and software components.

The ISO/IEC 29110 series, targeted by audience, has been developed to improve system or software and/or service quality, and process performance. Figure 1 describes the ISO/IEC 29110 series and positions the parts within the framework of reference.

29110 Overview (29110-1-1)
29110 Vocabulary (29110-1-2)

29110 Profiles

Framework and Taxonomy (29110-2)

Requirements of Generic Profiles Series (29110-4)

Requirements – Generic Profile Group

Requirements of Specific Profiles Series (29110-6)

Requirements – Specific Profile Group

29110 Assessment and Certification

Assessment and Certification

29110 Guidelines

Generic Guidelines Series (29110-5)

**Generic Profile - Management and
Engineering and Service Delivery Guidelines**

Specific Guidelines Series (29110-7)

Specific Profile Guidelines

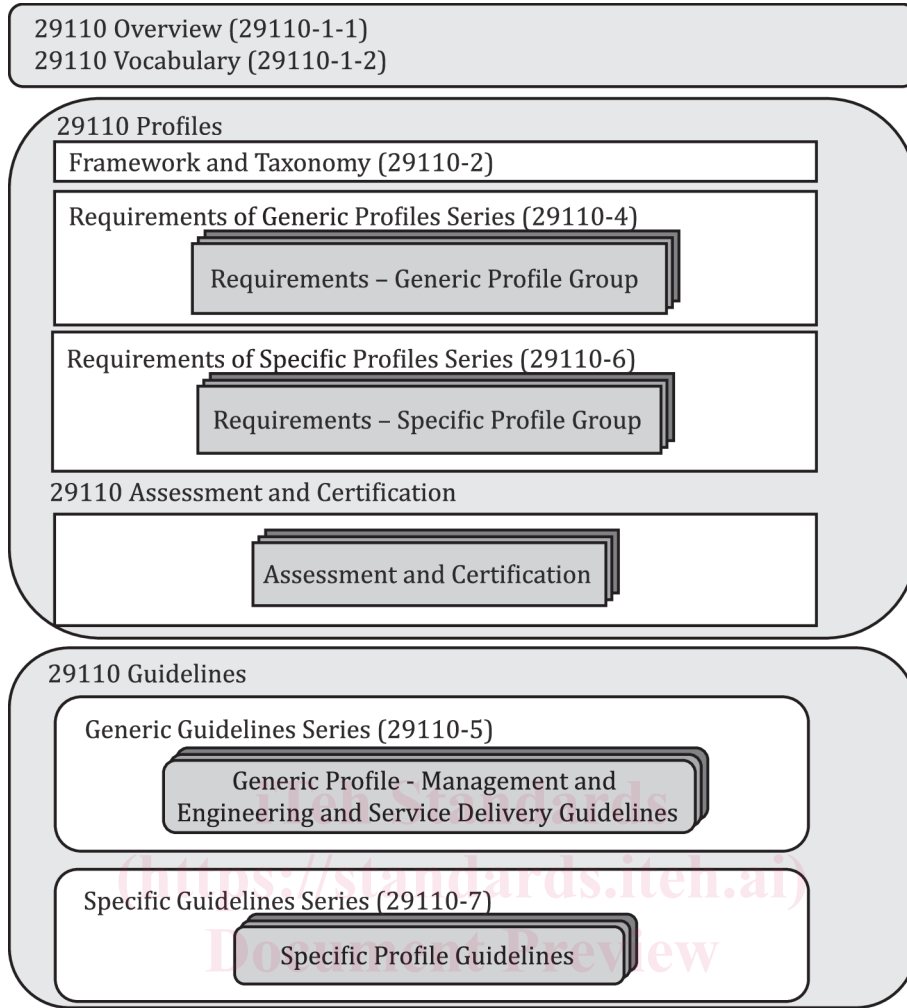


Figure 1 — ISO/IEC 29110 series

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~~Systems and software engineering — Lifecycle profiles for very small entities (VSEs) — Part 1-1: Overview~~

~~1 Scope~~

~~This document is applicable to a VSE and introduces the major concepts required to understand and use the ISO/IEC 29110 series. It introduces the characteristics and requirements of a VSE, and clarifies the rationale for VSE-specific profiles, documents, profile specifications and guidelines.~~

~~The life cycle processes described in the ISO/IEC 29110 series are not intended to preclude nor discourage their use by an entity that is larger than a VSE.~~

~~This document introduces the taxonomy (catalogue) of ISO/IEC 29110 profiles and the ISO/IEC 29110 series.~~

~~This document is targeted both at the general audience wishing to understand the ISO/IEC 29110 series of documents, and more specifically, at users of the ISO/IEC 29110 series. It should be read first when initially exploring VSE profile documents. While there is no specific prerequisite to read this document, it will be helpful to the user in understanding the other parts.~~

The life cycle processes defined in the ISO/IEC 29110 series can be used by a VSE when developing, acquiring and using, as well as when creating and supplying systems, having hardware and software elements. They can be applied at any level in a systems development, software's structure and at any stage in the life cycle. The life cycle processes defined in the ISO/IEC 29110 series are not intended to preclude or discourage the use of additional processes that a VSE finds useful.

This document is targeted both at the general audience wishing to understand the ISO/IEC 29110 series of documents, and more specifically, at users of the ISO/IEC 29110 series.

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