

Designation: F2565 – 13

Standard Guide for Extensively Irradiation-Crosslinked Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene Fabricated Forms for Surgical Implant Applications¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This guide covers extensively crosslinked ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene (UHMWPE) materials (fabricated forms) that are produced starting with virgin resin powders and consolidated forms meeting all the requirements of Test Method F648.

1.2 This guide does not cover fabricated forms of ultra-high molecular weight polyethylene which have received only gas plasma, ethylene oxide, or less than 40 kGy ionizing radiation treatments, that is, materials treated only by historical sterilization methods.

1.3 This guide pertains only to UHMWPE materials extensively crosslinked by gamma and electron beam sources of ionizing radiation.

1.4 The specific relationships between these mechanical properties and the *in vivo* performance of a fabricated form have not been determined. While trends are apparent, specific property-polymer structure and polymer-design relationships are not well understood. These mechanical tests are frequently used to evaluate the reproducibility of a fabrication procedure and are applicable for comparative studies of different materials.

1.5 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 5, of this guide. *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

- D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics
- D695 Test Method for Compressive Properties of Rigid Plastics
- D1898 Practice for Sampling of Plastics (Withdrawn 1998)³
- D2765 Test Methods for Determination of Gel Content and Swell Ratio of Crosslinked Ethylene Plastics
- E647 Test Method for Measurement of Fatigue Crack Growth Rates
- F619 Practice for Extraction of Medical Plastics

F648 Specification for Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight Polyethylene Powder and Fabricated Form for Surgical Implants

- F748 Practice for Selecting Generic Biological Test Methods for Materials and Devices
- F749 Practice for Evaluating Material Extracts by Intracutaneous Injection in the Rabbit
- F756 Practice for Assessment of Hemolytic Properties of Materials
- F763 Practice for Short-Term Screening of Implant Materials
- F813 Practice for Direct Contact Cell Culture Evaluation of Materials for Medical Devices
- F895 Test Method for Agar Diffusion Cell Culture Screening for Cytotoxicity
- F981 Practice for Assessment of Compatibility of Biomaterials for Surgical Implants with Respect to Effect of Materials on Muscle and Bone
- F2003 Practice for Accelerated Aging of Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene after Gamma Irradiation in Air

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

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- F2102 Guide for Evaluating the Extent of Oxidation in Ultra-High-Molecular-Weight Polyethylene Fabricated Forms Intended for Surgical Implants
- F2183 Test Method for Small Punch Testing of Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene Used in Surgical Implants
- F2214 Test Method for*In Situ* Determination of Network Parameters of Crosslinked Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE)
- F2381 Test Method for Evaluating Trans-Vinylene Yield in Irradiated Ultra-High Molecular Weight Polyethylene Fabricated Forms Intended for Surgical Implants by Infrared Spectroscopy
- F2625 Test Method for Measurement of Enthalpy of Fusion, Percent Crystallinity, and Melting Point of Ultra-High-Molecular Weight Polyethylene by Means of Differential Scanning Calorimetry
- F2759 Guide for Assessment of the Ultra High Molecular Weight Polyethylene (UHMWPE) Used in Orthopedic and Spinal Devices
- 2.2 ISO Standards:⁴
- ISO 10993 Biological Evaluation of Medical Devices, Parts 1-12
- ISO 527 Plastics—Determination of Tensile Properties— Part 1: General Principles

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *fabricated form*—any bulk shape of UHMWPE, fabricated from the virgin polymer powder and used during the process of fabricating surgical implants prior to crosslinking, packaging, and sterilization.

3.1.2 *extensively crosslinked UHMWPE*—UHMWPE material that has been subjected to total doses of gamma and/or electron beam ionizing irradiation greater than 40 kGy for the purpose of generating crosslinks within the material.

3.1.3 *ionizing radiation*—gamma or high energy electron radiation.

3.1.4 *crosslinking*—the process by which ionizing radiation produces chemical bonds between two UHMWPE molecules.

4. Sampling

4.1 Where applicable, the requirements of this guide shall be determined for each lot of powder and fabricated form by sampling sizes and procedures according to Practice D1898, or as agreed upon between the purchaser and seller.

5. Extensively Crosslinked UHMWPE Fabricated Form Requirements

5.1 Compositional Requirements:

5.1.1 The virgin powder and fabricated forms from which the extensively crosslinked material is manufactured shall meet all the requirements of Practice F648.

5.2 Physical Requirements:

TABLE 1 UHMWPE Mechanical and Physical Assessments, Part 1

Test Description	Method
Tensile Strength	D638 or ISO 527
Ultimate	
Yield	
Elongation, %	D638
Izod impact strength, kJ/m ²	F648, Annex A1
Elastic modulus	D638
Compression modulus, MPa	D695
Thermal properties	F2625
Percent crystallinity	
Melting temperature	

5.2.1 The manufacture of an extensively crosslinked UHM-WPE material may be accomplished many different ways. Therefore, each manufacturer of such material(s) has developed its own proprietary method(s) for doing so. The end result of this variation is that some of the mechanical properties of extensively crosslinked materials currently used for orthopae-dic implant applications exhibit a wide range of values. When this is coupled with the fact that the limiting value for any specific mechanical property necessary for clinical success is yet unknown, a listing of such data for these materials is currently impractical. It is more useful and practical to describe standard methods suitable for characterizing these materials.

5.2.2 UHMWPE Mechanical and Physical Assessments— Part 1—The tests shown in Table 1 should be conducted on the extensively crosslinked UHMWPE. Alternative tests may be considered with documented analysis and rationale.

5.2.3 Mechanical and Physical Assessment—Part 2—The tests shown in Table 2 should be conducted on the extensively crosslinked UHMWPE. Alternative tests may be considered, such as electron spin resonance (see Appendix X1) with documented analysis and rationale.

5.2.4 *Preclinical Simulation*—Functional testing on the finished UHMWPE component that simulates clinical functions and known failure modes should be considered. Testing that should be considered include creep, accelerated aging, or shelf-life testing, or combinations thereof, functional fatigue loading, and wear as described in Guide F2759. Practice F2003 should be considered for determining relative oxidative stability.

6. Biocompatibility

6.1 This material has been shown to produce a well characterized level of biological response following long term clinical use in humans. The results of these studies and the clinical history indicate an acceptable level of biological response in the applications in which the material has been

TABLE 2 Mechanical and Ph	nysical Assessment, Part 2
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Test Description	Method
Small punch ultimate load, N	F2183
Fatigue crack propagation	E647
Swell ratio	D2765 or F2214
Oxidation index (OI), surface oxidation index (SQI)	F2102
and OI Maximum	
t-Vinylene content, trans-vinylene index (TVI)	F2381

⁴ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.