2023-01-12

ISO/DISFDIS 61:2022(E)

ISO-/TC-61/SC-12/WG

Secretariat:-JIS

Date: 2023-06-20

Style Definition

Formatted: Left: 53.85 pt, Right: 53.85 pt, Bottom: 28.35 pt, Gutter: 0 pt, Section start: New page, Header distance from edge: 36 pt, Footer distance from edge: 36 pt

Formatted: Font: 14 pt, French (Switzerland)

Formatted: zzCover large

Formatted

Formatted

Formatted: Space After: 0 pt, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Cover Title_A1, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Plastics — Determination of apparent density of moulding material that cannot be poured from a specified funnel

 $\frac{Plastiques -- Détermination\ de\ la\ masse\ volumique\ apparente\ des\ matières\ \grave{a}\ mouler\ non\ susceptibles\ de}{s'écouler\ \grave{a}\ travers\ un\ entonnoir\ donn\'e}$

iTeh STANDARD PREV (standards.iteh.ai)

SO 61

https://standard.FDIS.stage_61

05a-011220 / 0150d/180-

© ISO 20222023

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11

Email E-mail: copyright@iso.org
Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Formatted: Default Paragraph Font

Formatted: Indent: Left: 0 pt, Right: 0 pt, Space Before: 0 pt, No page break before, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: French (Switzerland)

Formatted: French (Switzerland)

Formatted: French (Switzerland)

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 61

Con	tents	
<u>Fore</u>	wordi	
Intro	oductionv	
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	
3	Terms and definitions	
4	Apparatus	
<u>5</u>	<u>Procedure</u>	
<u>6</u>	Expression of results	
7	Test report	
<u>Bibli</u>	ography4	
Fore	word iv	
1	Scope 1	
2	Normative references 1	
3	Normative references 1 Teh STANDARD PREV	
4	Apparuts 1	
4.1	Balance, accurate to 0,1 g. 1 (Standards.iteh.ai)	
4.2	Ruler, accurate to 1 mm. 1	
(100	Measuring cylinder, smoothly finished inside, which may be constructed of metal, of capacity of the capaci	
CALCI	Plunger, consisting of a hollow cylinder of mass $(2\ 300\pm20)$ g, close at one end and having a nal diameter slightly smaller than the internal diameter of the measuring cylinder. The plunger materially be weighted with lead shot (see Figure 1).	q-be3a-cff22b7c13cd/iso- f
5	Procedure 2	
that i meas mate heigh	— Drop (60 ± 0,2) g of loose moulding material, little by little, into the measuring cylinder (4.3) s it is distributed evenly with its surface as level as possible. Lower the plunger (4.4) slowly into the suring cylinder until it is entirely supported by the material. After 1 min, measure the height of the rial, with the plunger resting upon it, to the nearest 1 mm. A convenient method of measuring the of the material is, for example, by means of a suitable scale marked vertically on the outside surface.	
	—Make three determinations on the sample of moulding material under test. Test samples shall no used. 2	ŧ
6—	Expression of results 2	
7	— Test report — 2	

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part-2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn[SO draws attention to the possibility that some of the elements implementation of this document may be involve the subjectuse of (a) patent(s). ISO takes no position concerning the evidence, validity or applicability of any claimed patent rights in respect thereof. As of the date of publication of this document, ISO had not received notice of (a) patent(s) which may be required to implement this document. However, implementers are cautioned that this may not represent the latest information, which may be obtained from the patent database available at www.iso.org/patents, ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC-_61, *Plastics*, Subcommittee SC-_12, *Thermosetting materials*, in collaboration with the European Committee for Standardization (CEN) Technical Committee CEN/TC 249, *Plastics*, in accordance with the Agreement on technical cooperation between ISO and CEN (Vienna Agreement).

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 61:1976), which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- —specified the loose moulding material;
- —added the mandatory <u>Clause 2</u> (Normative reference) and renumbered the subsequent clauses;
- added the mandatory Clause 3 (Terms and definitions) and renumbered the subsequent clauses:
- —added <u>a</u> "Ruler, accurate to 1 mm" in the list of apparatus;
- added a Figure 1 added Figure 1 in apparatus;

Formatted: English (United Kingdom)

Field Code Changed

Formatted: English (United Kingdom)

Field Code Changed

- added the requirement "Tested samples shall not be reused" in procedure;
- added the requirement "Take two significant digits" in expression of results;
- addedadded information to be included in the test report, i.e. "a reference to this document, "standard deviation, and/or coefficient of variation, and/or confidence limits of mean, if required, "any other observations", "date of test" to the test report contents."

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Formatted: English (United Kingdom)

Field Code Changed

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 61

Introduction

Apparent density refers to the ratio of mass to apparent volume of a material in its natural state (dry state stored in air for a long time).

A knowledge of apparent density is of limited value in estimating the relative fluffiness or bulk of moulding materials, unless their densities in the moulded condition are approximately the same.

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 61

Plastics — Determination of apparent density of moulding material that cannot be poured from a specified funnel

1 Scope

This document specifies a method of determining the apparent density, i.e. the mass per unit of volume, of loose material that cannot be poured from a funnel of specified design.

NOTE For a method of determining the apparent density of loose moulding material that can be poured from a specified funnel, see JSO 60.

This document is applicable to loose moulding materials such as slice, granular or powder.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at https://www.electropedia.org/

4 Apparatus

- **4.1** Balance, accurate to 0,1-g.
- 4.2 Ruler, accurate to 1-mm.
- **4.3 Measuring cylinder**, smoothly finished inside, which may be constructed of metal, of capacity of $(1\ 000\ \pm\ 20)$ ml, and internal diameter $(90\ \pm\ \pm\ 2)$ -mm (see Figure 1). Figure 1).
- **4.4 Plunger**, consisting of a hollow cylinder of mass $(2-300 \pm \pm 20)$ -g, close at one end and having an external diameter slightly smaller than the internal diameter of the measuring cylinder. The plunger may conveniently be weighted with lead shot (see Figure 1). Figure 1).

Formatted: Main Title 1, Space After: 0 pt, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 21.6 pt

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt

Formatted: Default Paragraph Font

Formatted: Default Paragraph Font

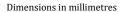
Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

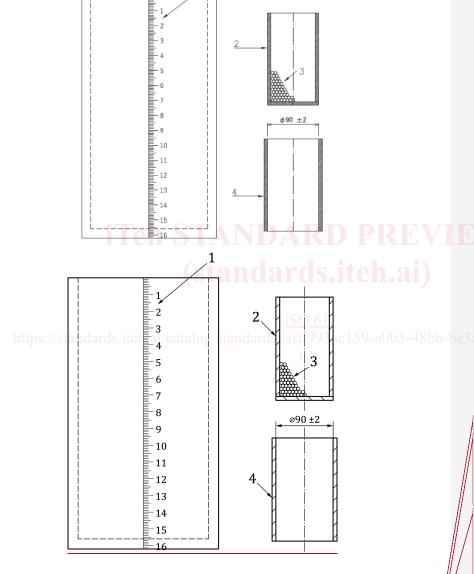
Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt





Key

- 1 scale
- 2 plunger
- 3 lead block or material that can make the piston reach the required quality
- 4 measuring cylinder

NOTE The capacity of measuring cylinder is 1- $\underline{000}$ - $\underline{ml} \pm \underline{\pm} 20$ - \underline{ml} .

Formatted Table

Formatted: Justified, Don't keep with next, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt

Formatted: Justified, Don't keep with next, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt

Formatted: Justified, Don't keep with next, Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers, Tab stops: Not at 19.85 pt + 39.7 pt + 59.55 pt + 79.4 pt + 99.25 pt + 119.05 pt + 138.9 pt + 158.75 pt + 178.6 pt + 198.45 pt

Figure-1- - Schematic diagram of apparent density test instrument

5 Procedure

- **5.1** Drop $(60 \pm \pm 0,2)$ -g of loose moulding material, little by little, into the measuring cylinder (4.3)(4.3) so that it is distributed evenly with its surface as level as possible. Lower the plunger (4.4)(4.4) slowly into the measuring cylinder until it is entirely supported by the material. After 1-min, measure the height of the material, with the plunger resting upon it, to the nearest 1-mm. A convenient method of measuring the height of the material is, for example, by means of a suitable scale marked vertically on the outside surface of the plunger.
- 5.2 Make three determinations on the sample of moulding material under test. Test samples shall not be reused.

NOTE_____When the method is applied to relatively coarse materials, rather variable results may be obtained, owing to the error introduced when a straightedge blade is drawn across the top of the cylinder.

6 Expression of results

The apparent density_d_ of the moulding material under test d is given, in grams per millilitre (see NOTE) by Formula (1) Formula (1)

$$d = \frac{m}{A \times h} d = \frac{m}{A \times h}$$
 iTeh STANDARD PRE (1)-IEW

where

<u>d</u> <u>is the appar</u>		is the apparent density;		
	m	is the mass, in grams, of the material placed in the measuring cylinder;]	
	A	is the internal cross-sectional area of the measuring cylinder, in square centimetres;]	
	h	is the height of moulding materials in the measuring cylinder, in centimetres.	ŀ	

NOTE Although apparent density is calculated in grams per cubic centimetre, it is expressed here in grams per millilitre for -the -sake of uniformity with ISO 60. No adjustment of the test result is required.

Take, as the result, the arithmetic mean of the results of the three determinations. Take two significant digits.

7 Test report

The test report shall include the following information:

a) a) a reference to this document, i.e. ISO 61:2023;

b) b) complete identification of the material tested;

c) c) the individual results and mean;

d) d) standard deviation, and/or coefficient of variation, and/or confidence limits of mean, if required;

e) e) any other observations;

f) date of test.

Formatted: Table body (+), Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Font: Not Italic

Formatted Table

Formatted: Table body (+), Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Font: Not Italic

Formatted: Table body (+), Adjust space between Latin and Asian text, Adjust space between Asian text and numbers

Formatted: Font: Not Italic

Bibliography

 $[1] \ \ ISO\ 60, Plastics \ -- \ Determination\ of\ apparent\ density\ of\ material\ that\ can\ be\ poured\ from\ a\ specified\ funnel$

iTeh STANDARD PREVIEW (standards.iteh.ai)

ISO 61