

Designation: E1860 - 07 E1860 - 13

Standard Test Method for Elapsed Time Calibration of Thermal Analyzers¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E1860; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

- 1.1 This test method describes the calibration or performance confirmation of the elapsed-time signal from thermal analyzers.
- 1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.
- 1.3 There is no ISO standard equivalent to this <u>test</u> method.
- 1.4 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

D3350 Specification for Polyethylene Plastics Pipe and Fittings Materials

D3895 Test Method for Oxidative-Induction Time of Polyolefins by Differential Scanning Calorimetry

D4565 Test Methods for Physical and Environmental Performance Properties of Insulations and Jackets for Telecommunications Wire and Cable

D5483 Test Method for Oxidation Induction Time of Lubricating Greases by Pressure Differential Scanning Calorimetry

E473 Terminology Relating to Thermal Analysis and Rheology

E487 Test Method for Constant-Temperature Stability of Chemical Materials

E691 Practice for Conducting an Interlaboratory Study to Determine the Precision of a Test Method

E1142 Terminology Relating to Thermophysical Properties

E1858 Test Method for Determining Oxidation Induction Time of Hydrocarbons by Differential Scanning Calorimetry

E1868 Test Method for Loss-On-Drying by Thermogravimetry

E2161 Terminology Relating to Performance Validation in Thermal Analysis

3. Terminology dards.iteh.ai/catalog/standards/sist/9839756d-4b6b-4253-86fb-ff5c632a6d69/astm-e1860-13

- 3.1 Definitions:
- 3.1.1 The technical terms used in this test method are defined in Terminologies E473, E1142, and E2161, including calibration, conformance, relative standard deviation, and thermal analysis.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The elapsed time signal generated by a thermal analyzer is compared to a clock (or timer) whose performance is known and traceable to a national metrology institute. The thermal analyzer may be said to be in conformance, if the performance of the thermal analyzer is within established limits. Alternatively, the elapsed time signal may be calibrated using a two point calibration method.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 Most thermal analysis experiments are carried out under <u>increasing</u> temperature ramp conditions where temperature is the independent parameter. Some experiments, however, are carried out under isothermal temperature conditions where the elapsed

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E37 on Thermal Measurements and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E37.10 on Fundamental, Statistical and Mechanical Properties.

Current edition approved March 1, 2007Sept. 15, 2013. Published April 2007September 2013. Originally approved in 1997. Last previous edition approved in 20022007 as E1860 – 07. DOI: 10.1520/E1860-07.10.1520/E1860-13.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.