

## Designation: C865 - 02 (Reapproved 2007) C865 - 13

# Standard Practice for Firing Refractory Concrete Specimens<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C865; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon  $(\varepsilon)$  indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the Department of Defense.

#### 1. Scope

- 1.1 This practice covers the firing of specimens made from refractory concretes (castable refractories) in accordance with Practice C862 for cast specimens. The procedure is also recommended for heating rates to be used for high-temperature test methods such as Methods C16, C583, etc., when these methods are used to test refractory concretes.
- 1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.
- 1.3 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

#### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>2</sup>

C16 Test Method for Load Testing Refractory Shapes at High Temperatures

C20 Test Methods for Apparent Porosity, Water Absorption, Apparent Specific Gravity, and Bulk Density of Burned Refractory Brick and Shapes by Boiling Water

C113 Test Method for Reheat Change of Refractory Brick

C133 Test Methods for Cold Crushing Strength and Modulus of Rupture of Refractories

C210 Test Method for Reheat Change of Insulating Firebrick

C288 Test Method for Disintegration of Refractories in an Atmosphere of Carbon Monoxide

C401 Classification of Alumina and Alumina-Silicate Castable Refractories

C546 Method of Load Testing Refractory Brick at High Temperatures, Long Time (Withdrawn 1984)

C583 Test Method for Modulus of Rupture of Refractory Materials at Elevated Temperatures

C704 Test Method for Abrasion Resistance of Refractory Materials at Room Temperature

C832 Test Method of Measuring Thermal Expansion and Creep of Refractories Under Load

C862 Practice for Preparing Refractory Concrete Specimens by Casting

E220E230 Test Method for Calibration of Thermocouples By Comparison Techniques Specification and Temperature-Electromotive Force (EMF) Tables for Standardized Thermocouples

#### 3. Significance and Use

3.1 This practice is used to standardize the firing conditions of refractory concrete specimens prepared in accordance with Practice C862. The standards are set down to minimize laboratory-to-laboratory variation and do not attempt to duplicate any particular field applications.

### 4. Apparatus

4.1 *Kiln*, equipped with instruments capable of controlling the heating rate of the kiln at 100 to 700°F (55 to 380°C)/h (see 6.5) and holding the soak temperature to  $\pm 10^{\circ}$ F (5.5°C) of the nominal soak temperature. For temperatures up to 2500°F (1370°C) an electrically heated kiln is preferred, but gas- or oil-fired kilns can be used for all temperatures, provided the heating rates specified

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.