

Designation: A671/A671M - 10 A671/A671M - 13

# Standard Specification for Electric-Fusion-Welded Steel Pipe for Atmospheric and Lower Temperatures<sup>1</sup>

This standard is issued under the fixed designation A671/A671M; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon ( $\varepsilon$ ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

# 1. Scope\*

- 1.1 This specification<sup>2</sup> covers electric-fusion-welded steel pipe with filler metal added, fabricated from pressure vessel quality plate of several analyses and strength levels and suitable for high-pressure service at atmospheric and lower temperatures. Heat treatment may or may not be required to attain the desired properties or to comply with applicable code requirements. Supplementary requirements are provided for use when additional testing or examination is desired.
- 1.2 The specification nominally covers pipe 16 in. [400 mm] in outside diameter or larger and of ½ in. [6 mm] wall thickness or greater. Pipe having other dimensions may be furnished provided it complies with all other requirements of this specification.
  - 1.3 Several grades and classes of pipe are provided.
  - 1.3.1 Grade designates the type of plate used as listed in 5.1.
- 1.3.2 Class designates the type of heat treatment performed during manufacture of the pipe, whether the weld is radiographically examined, and whether the pipe has been pressure tested as listed in 1.3.3.
  - 1.3.3 Class designations are as follows (Note 1):

Class	Heat Treatment on Pipe	Radiography, see Section	Pressure Test, see:
10	none ttms.//standards	none	none
11	none	9	none
12	none	9	8.3
13	none Document Drox	none	8.3
20	stress relieved, see 5.3.1	none	none
21	stress relieved, see 5.3.1	9	none
22	stress relieved, see 5.3.1	9	8.3
23	stress relieved, see 5.3.1	none	8.3
30	normalized, see 5.3.2 ASTM AO/T/AO/TM-13	none	none
https://31tandards iteh ai/cat	normalized, see 5.3.2 jet/ec667bc0_8160_40a6_	9hf4_hda5c7d9f398/astm	none/1_a671m_13
32	normalized, see 5.3.2	%bf4-bda5c7d9f398/astm	8.3
33	normalized, see 5.3.2	none	8.3
40	normalized and tempered, see 5.3.3	none	none
41	normalized and tempered, see 5.3.3	9	none
42	normalized and tempered, see 5.3.3	9	8.3
43	normalized and tempered, see 5.3.3	none	8.3
50	quenched and tempered, see 5.3.4	none	none
51	quenched and tempered, see 5.3.4	9	none
52	quenched and tempered, see 5.3.4	9	8.3
53	quenched and tempered, see 5.3.4	none	8.3
60	normalized and precipitation heat —treated	none	none
<del>61</del>	normalized and precipitation heat —treated	9	none
<del>62</del>	normalized and precipitation heat —treated	9	8.3
<del>63</del>	normalized and precipitation heat —treated	none	8.3
70	quenched and precipitation heat treated	none	none

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee A01 on Steel, Stainless Steel and Related Alloys and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee A01.09 on Carbon Steel Tubular Products.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code applications see related Specification SA-671 in Section II of that Code.



71	quenched and precipitation heat	9	none
	treated		
72	quenched and precipitation heat	9	8.3
	treated		
73	quenched and precipitation heat	none	8.3
	treated		

Note 1—Selection of materials should be made with attention to temperature of service. For such guidance, Specification A20/A20M may be consulted.

1.4 The values stated in either SI units or inch-pound units are to be regarded separately as standard. Within the text, the SI units are shown in brackets. The values stated in each system may not be exact equivalents; therefore, each system shall be used independently of the other. Combining values from the two systems may result in non-conformance with the standard. The inch-pound units shall apply unless the "M" designation of this specification is specified in the order.

### 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:<sup>3</sup>

A20/A20M Specification for General Requirements for Steel Plates for Pressure Vessels

A370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A435/A435M Specification for Straight-Beam Ultrasonic Examination of Steel Plates

A530/A530M Specification for General Requirements for Specialized Carbon and Alloy Steel Pipe

A577/A577M Specification for Ultrasonic Angle-Beam Examination of Steel Plates

A578/A578M Specification for Straight-Beam Ultrasonic Examination of Rolled Steel Plates for Special Applications

E110 Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Metallic Materials by Portable Hardness Testers

E165 Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

E709 Guide for Magnetic Particle Testing

2.2 Plate Steels:

A203/A203M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Alloy Steel, Nickel

A285/A285M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Carbon Steel, Low- and Intermediate-Tensile Strength

A299/A299M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Carbon Steel, Manganese-Silicon

A353/A353M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Alloy Steel, Double-Normalized and Tempered 9 % Nickel

A515/A515M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Carbon Steel, for Intermediate- and Higher-Temperature Service

A516/A516M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Carbon Steel, for Moderate- and Lower-Temperature Service

A517/A517M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Alloy Steel, High-Strength, Quenched and Tempered

A537/A537M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Heat-Treated, Carbon-Manganese-Silicon Steel

A553/A553M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Alloy Steel, Quenched and Tempered 8 and 9 % Nickel

A736/A736M Specification for Pressure Vessel Plates, Low-Carbon Age-Hardening Nickel-Copper-Chromium-Molybdenum-

Columbium Alloy Steel atalog/standards

2.3 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code:4

Section II, Material Specifications

Section III, Nuclear Vessels

Section VIII, Unfired Pressure Vessels

Section IX, Welding Qualifications

## 3. Terminology

- 3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:
- 3.1.1 lot—a lot shall consist of 200 ft [60 m] or fraction thereof of pipe from the same heat of steel.

### 4. Ordering Information

- 4.1 The inquiry and order for material under this specification should include the following information:
- 4.1.1 Quantity (feet, metres, or number of lengths),
- 4.1.2 Name of material (steel pipe, electric-fusionwelded),
- 4.1.3 Specification number,
- 4.1.4 Grade or type, or both, and class designations (see 1.3),
- 4.1.5 Size (inside or outside diameter, nominal or minimum wall thickness),
- 4.1.6 Length (specific or random),

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Available from American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), ASME International Headquarters, Three Park Ave., New York, NY 10016-5990, http://www.asme.org.



- 4.1.7 End finish (11.4),
- 4.1.8 Purchase options, if any (see 5.2.3 and 11.3 of this specification. See also Specification A530/A530M),
- 4.1.9 Supplementary requirements, if any.

### 5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 *Materials*—The steel plate material shall conform to the requirement of the applicable plate specification for the pipe grade ordered as listed in Table 1.
  - 5.2 Welding:
- 5.2.1 The joints shall be double-welded, full-penetration welds made in accordance with procedures and by welders or welding operators qualified in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX.
  - 5.2.2 The welds shall be made either manually or automatically by an electric process involving the deposition of filler metal.
- 5.2.3 As welded, the welded joint shall have positive reinforcement at the center of each side of the weld, but no more than ½ in. [3 mm]. This reinforcement may be removed at the manufacturer's option or by agreement between the manufacturer and purchaser. The contour of the reinforcement shall be smooth and the deposited metal shall be fused smoothly and uniformly into the plate surface.
- 5.3 Heat Treatment—All classes other than 10, 11, 12, and 13 shall be heat treated in furnace controlled to  $\pm$  25 °F [ $\pm$  15 °C] and equipped with a recording pyrometer so that heating records are available. Heat treating after forming and welding shall be to one of the following:

**TABLE 1 Plate Specifications** 

Pipe Grade	e Type of Steel	ASTM Specification		
	_	No.	Grade_/	
			Class /	
			Type	
CA 55	plain carbon	A285/A285M	Gr C	
CB 60	plain carbon, killed	A515/A515M	Gr 60	
CB 65	plain carbon, killed	A515/A515M	Gr 65	
CB 70	plain carbon, killed	A515/A515M	Gr 70	
CC 60	plain carbon, killed, fine grain	A516/A516M	Gr 60	
CC 65	plain carbon, killed, fine grain	A516/A516M	Gr 65	
CC 70	plain carbon, killed, fine grain	A516/A516M	Gr 70	
CD 70	manganese-silicon, normalized	A537/A537M	CI 1	
CD 80	manganese-silicon, quenched and tempered	A537/A537M	<u>Cl</u> 2	
CF 65	nickel steel	A203/A203M	Gr A	
CF 70	nickel steel CTM A 671/A 671N	A203/A203M	Gr B	
CF 66	nickel steel AS HVI AO / I/AO / II	A203/A203M	Đ	
CF 65	nickel steel /ec667bc0-8160-4	A203/A203M	Gr D 7 10 f	
CF 71	nickel steel	A203/A203M	E	
CF 70	nickel steel	A203/A203M	Gr E	
CG 100	9 % nickel	A353/A353M		
CH 100	9 % nickel	A553/A553M	4	
CH 115	9 % nickel	A553/A553M	Type 1	
<del>CJ 101</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	A	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr A	
<del>CJ 102</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	B	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr B	
<del>CJ 103</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	<del>C</del>	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr E	
<del>CJ 104</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Đ	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr F	
<del>CJ 105</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	E	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr H	
<del>CJ 106</del>	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	F	
CJ 115	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Gr P	
CJ 107	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	G	
CJ 108	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	H	
CJ 109	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	Ą	
CJ 110	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	K	
CJ 111	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	F	
CJ 112	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	— ₩	
CJ 113	alloy steel, quenched and tempered	A517/A517M	P	
CK 75	carbon-manganese-silicon	A299/A299M	Gr A	
CP65	alloy steel, age hardening, normalized	A736/A736M	2	
	— and precipitation heat treated			
CP75	alloy steel, age hardening, quenched  and precipitation heat treated	A736/A736M	3	

Gr A.

Class 3

https://standards.iteh.a

alloy steel, age hardening, quenched

and precipitation heat treated



- 5.3.1 Classes 20, 21, 22, and 23 pipe shall be uniformly heated within the post-weld heat-treatment temperature range indicated in Table 2 for a minimum of 1 h/in. [0.4 h/cm] of thickness or for 1 h, whichever is greater.
- 5.3.2 Classes 30, 31, 32, and 33, pipe shall be uniformly heated to a temperature in the austenitizing range and not exceeding the maximum normalizing temperature indicated in Table 2 and subsequently cooled in air at room temperature.
- 5.3.3 Classes 40, 41, 42, and 43 pipe shall be normalized in accordance with 5.3.2. After normalizing, the pipe shall be reheated to the temperature indicated in Table 2 as a minimum and held at temperature for a minimum of ½ h/in. [0.2 h/cm] of thickness or for ½ h, whichever is greater, and air cooled.
- 5.3.4 Classes 50, 51, 52, and 53 pipe shall be uniformly heated to a temperature in the austenitizing range, and not exceeding the maximum quenching temperature indicated in Table 2 and subsequently quenched in water or oil. After quenching, the pipe shall be reheated to the temperature indicated in Table 2 as a minimum and held at that temperature for a minimum of ½ h/in. [0.2 h/cm] of thickness or for ½ h, whichever is greater, and air cooled.
- 5.3.5 Classes 60, 61, 62, and 63 pipe shall be normalized in accordance with 5.3.2. After normalizing, the pipe shall be precipitation heat treated in the range shown in Table 2 for a time to be determined by the manufacturer.
- 5.3.5 Classes 70, 71, 72, and 73 pipe shall be uniformly heated to a temperature in the austenitizing range, not exceeding the maximum quenching temperature indicated in Table 2, and subsequently quenched in water or oil. After quenching the pipe shall be reheated into the precipitation heat treating range indicated in Table 2 for a time to be determined by the manufacturer.

### 6. General Requirements for Delivery

6.1 Material furnished to this specification shall conform to the applicable requirements of the current edition of Specification A530/A530M unless otherwise provided herein.

### 7. Chemical Composition

- 7.1 *Product Analysis of Plate*—The pipe manufacturer shall make an analysis of each mill heat of plate material. The product analysis so determined shall meet the requirements of the plate specification to which the material was ordered.
- 7.2 *Product Analyses of Weld*—The pipe manufacturer shall make an analysis of finished deposited weld material from each 200 ft [60 m] or fraction thereof. Analyses shall conform to the welding procedure for deposited weld metal.
  - 7.3 Analysis may be taken from the mechanical test specimens. The results of the analyses shall be reported to the purchaser.

## 8. Mechanical Requirements

- 8.1 Tension Test:
- 8.1.1 Requirements—Transverse tensile properties of the welded joint shall meet the minimum requirements for ultimate tensile strength of the specified plate material. In addition for Grades CD and CJ, when these are of Class 3x, 4x, or 5x, and Grade CP of Class 6x and 7x, the transverse tensile properties of the base plate shall be determined on specimens cut from the heat-treated pipe. These properties shall meet the mechanical test requirements of the plate specification.
- 8.1.2 *Number of Tests*—One test specimen of weld metal and one specimen of base metal, if required by 8.1.1, shall be made and tested to represent each lot of finished pipe.
- 8.1.3 *Test Specimen Location and Orientation*—The test specimens shall be taken transverse to the weld at the end of the finished pipe and may be flattened cold before final machining to size.
- 8.1.4 *Test Method*—The test specimen shall be made in accordance with QW-150 in Section IX of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. The test specimen shall be tested at room temperature in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A370.
  - 8.2 Transverse Guided Weld Bend Test:
- 8.2.1 *Requirements*—The bend test shall be acceptable if no cracks or other defects exceeding ½ in. [3 mm] in any direction are present in the weld metal or between the weld and the base metal after bending. Cracks that originate along the edges of the specimen during testing, and that are less than ¼ in. [6 mm] measured in any direction shall not be considered.
  - 8.2.2 Number of Tests—One test (two specimens) shall be made to represent each lot of finished pipe.
- 8.2.3 *Test Specimen Location and Orientation*—Two bend test specimens shall be taken transverse to the weld at the end of the finished pipe. As an alternative, by agreement between the purchaser and the manufacturer, the test specimens may be taken from a test plate of the same material as the pipe, the test plate being attached to the end of the cylinder and welded as a prolongation of the pipe longitudinal seam.
- 8.2.4 *Test Method*—The test requirements of A370, S9.1.7 shall be met. For wall thicknesses over 3% in. [10 mm] but less than 3/4 in. [19 mm] side-bend tests may be made instead of the face and root-bend tests. For wall thicknesses 3/4 in. [19 mm] and over both specimens shall be subjected to the side-bend test.
  - 8.3 Pressure Test—Classes X2 and X3 pipe shall be tested in accordance with Specification A530/A530M, Section 6.