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Designation: C1439 - 08a C1439 - 13

Standard Test Methods for Evaluating Latex and Powder Polymer Modifiers in Mortar and Concretefor use in Hydraulic Cement Concrete and Mortar¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation C1439; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 These test methods provide a means of determining the effect of adding polymer modifiers to reference concrete or mortar.

1.2 Most sections of ASTM test methods and practices for hydraulic cement mortar and concrete apply to the preparation and testing of specimens made with polymer-modifiers. However, there are some exceptions, most notably curing, that need special procedures in order to develop the properties inherent with polymer-modification. These test methods cover these exceptions.

1.3 For testing polymer-modified mortar and concrete specimens, the procedures in this standard supersede those in the referenced ASTM test methods and practices. These test methods are not applicable to dry, packaged mortar and concrete.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use. (Warning—Fresh hydraulic cementitious mixtures are caustic and may cause chemical burns to skin and tissue upon prolonged exposure.²)

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

C33 Specification for Concrete Aggregates Climent Preview C39/C39M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens C109/C109M Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2-in. or [50-mm] Cube Specimens) C127 Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity), and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate C128 Test Method for Density, Relative Density (Specific Gravity), and Absorption of Fine Aggregate C138/C138M Test Method for Density (Unit Weight), Yield, and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete C143/C143M Test Method for Slump of Hydraulic-Cement Concrete C150 Specification for Portland Cement C173/C173M Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method C185 Test Method for Air Content of Hydraulic Cement Mortar C192/C192M Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Laboratory C231 Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method C260 Specification for Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete C305 Practice for Mechanical Mixing of Hydraulic Cement Pastes and Mortars of Plastic Consistency C403/C403M Test Method for Time of Setting of Concrete Mixtures by Penetration Resistance C494/C494M Specification for Chemical Admixtures for Concrete C778 Specification for Sand C1202 Test Method for Electrical Indication of Concrete's Ability to Resist Chloride Ion Penetration

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

¹ These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee C09 on Concrete and Concrete Aggregates and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee C09.44 on Polymer-Modified Concrete and Mortars

Current edition approved Sept. 1, 2008Oct. 1, 2013. Published October 20082013. Originally approved in 1999. Last previous edition approved in 2008 as C1439-08. C1439-08a. DOI: 10.1520/C1439-08A.10.1520/C1439-13.

² Section on Safety Precautions, Manual of Aggregate and Concrete Testing, Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol. 04.02.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.



C1404/C1404M Test Method for Bond Strength of Adhesive Systems Used With Concrete as Measured by Direct Tension (Withdrawn 2010)⁴

C1437 Test Method for Flow of Hydraulic Cement Mortar

C1438 Specification for Latex and Powder Polymer Modifiers in Hydraulic Cement Concrete and Mortar

3. Significance and Use

3.1 These test methods are used to develop data for comparison with the requirements of Specification C1438. Standardized procedures are used to compare the properties of specimens made from test mixtures of polymer-modified concrete or mortar with the properties of specimens made from reference mixtures. These test methods are not intended to simulate job conditions.

4. Materials

4.1 *polymer modifier*—the polymer modifier of the required type as furnished by the supplier.

4.2 *antifoam agent*—antifoam agent of the type recommended by the manufacturer, if one is not incorporated in the polymer modifier.

4.3 *cement*—portland cement conforming to Specification C150; if necessary, blend into a single lot prior to test. Use same lot for both test and reference mixtures.

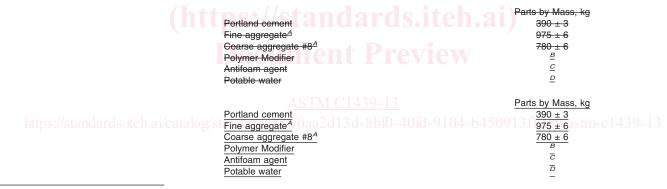
4.4 *aggregates*—fine and coarse aggregates for concrete conforming to Specification C33; if necessary, blend each into a single lot prior to test. Use same lot for both test and reference mixtures.

4.5 graded sand—sand for mortar mixtures conforming to Specification C778; if necessary, blend into a single lot prior to test. Use same lot for both test and reference mixtures.

5. Proportioning of Concrete and Mortar Mixtures

5.1 *Concrete Mixture Proportioning*—Make the test and reference concrete with proportions similar to those shown for a nominal cubic-meter batch.

5.1.1 *Test Concrete*—Make the test concrete conforming to the following requirements:



^A Saturated-surface-dry basis as described in Test Methods C127 and C128.

^D The amount of water to give a slump of 90 \pm 15 mm.

5.1.2 Reference Concrete—Make the reference concrete conforming to the following requirements:

	Parts by Mass, kg
Portland cement	390 ± 3
Fine aggregate ^A	975 ± 6
Coarse aggregate #8 ^A	780 ± 6
Air-entraining admixture	<u>B</u>
Potable water	<u>c</u>
	Parts by Mass, kg
Portland cement	Parts by Mass, kg 390 ± 3
Portland cement Fine aggregate ^A	¥
	390 ± 3
Fine aggregate ^A	$ \frac{390 \pm 3}{975 \pm 6} \\ \frac{780 \pm 6}{B} $
Fine aggregate ^A Coarse aggregate #8 ^A	$ \frac{390 \pm 3}{975 \pm 6} \\ \overline{780 \pm 6} $

^A Saturated-surface-dry basis as described in Test Methods C127 and C128.

^B The level recommended by the manufacturer.

^C If the polymer modifier does not contain an antifoam agent, add the type and dosage recommended by the manufacturer, to the polymer modifier prior to mixing the concrete.

⁴ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

^{*B*} The amount of air-entraining admixture, meeting Specification C260, to give an air content within 2 % of the test concrete and not exceeding 7.0 %. ^{*C*} The amount of water to give a slump of 90 ± 15 mm.

5.2 Mortar Mixture Proportioning:

5.2.1 Test Mortar-Make the test mortar conforming to the following proportions:

Gradeo Polymo Antifoa	id cement d sand⁴ er modifier im agent e water	Parts by Mass, kg 100 ± 2 275 ± 10 <u>B</u> <u>C</u> <u>P</u>
Gradeo Polyme Antifoa	nd cement d sand ^A er modifier um agent e water	Parts by Mass, kg <u>100 ± 2</u> <u>275 ± 10</u> <i>B</i> <i>c</i> <i>D</i> -

^A Saturated-surface-dry basis as described in Test Methods C128.

^B The level recommended by the manufacturer.

^C If the polymer modifier does not contain an antifoam agent, add the type and dosage recommended by the manufacturer, to the polymer modifier prior to mixing the mortar.

^D The amount of water that produces a flow of 105 to 115 % when tested according to Test Method C1437.

5.2.2 Reference Mortar-Make the reference mortar conforming to the following proportions:

	Parts by Mass, kg
Portland cement	100 ± 2
Graded sand ^A	275 ± 10
Air-entraining admixture	<u>B</u>
Potable water	<u></u>
Portland cement Graded sand ^A Air-entraining admixture Potable water	$\frac{Parts by Mass, kg}{100 \pm 2}$ iteh.ai) $\frac{275 \pm 10}{2}$

^A Saturated-surface-dry basis as described in Test Methods C128.

^B The amount of air-entraining admixture, meeting Specification C260, to give an air content that is within 2 % of the test mortar and not exceeding 12.0 %.

^C Amount of water that produces a flow of 105 to 115 % when tested according to Test Method C1437.

6. Procedure

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6.1 *General*—Mix concretes and mortars in mechanical mixers in batches of such size as to leave about 10 % excess after molding test specimens and testing the unhardened mixtures.

6.2 *Temperature*—Before mixing the concrete or mortar, bring the materials to a uniform temperature, as described in Practice C192/C192M for concrete and Test Method C109/C109M for mortar.

6.3 *Polymer Modifier*—Store the polymer modifier in a dry place, in moisture-proof containers. Mix the polymer modifier thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

6.4 *Reference Concrete and Mortar*—Prepare reference concrete or mortar in compliance with Practice C192/C192M or Test Method C109/C109M, respectively.

NOTE 1—For trial batches to establish the amounts of water and air-entraining admixture to achieve the specified fresh properties, it is permissible to add these ingredients in increments and remix the batches. With the first increment of water and air-entraining admixture, if applicable, follow the mixing procedures specified in the previous section. If the slump, or flow, or air content is less than required, add additional water or air-entraining admixture and remix the batch. For mortar mixtures, remix at slow speed for 30 s. For concrete, remix the batch for 1 min. Remixing is permitted as often as necessary, provided the elapsed time from the start of initial mixing to the completion of mixing does not exceed 30 min. Cover the mixer to minimize evaporation when tests of fresh properties are being performed. These are trial batches only and are not to be used for testing.

6.5 Test Mortar—For mixing test mortar, follow Practice C305, with the following changes:

6.5.1 For Latex Polymer Modifiers:

6.5.1.1 Place all the polymer modifier (with antifoam agent, as required) and mixing water in the bowl.

6.5.1.2 Add the cement to the bowl; start the mixer and mix at the slow speed (140 \pm 5 r/min) for 30 s.

6.5.2 For Powder Polymer Modifiers:

6.5.2.1 Blend all the polymer modifier (with antifoam agent, as required) and cement, within 1 h of mixing the mortar.

6.5.2.2 Place the water in the bowl.

6.5.2.3 Add the cement/polymer modifier blend to the water; start the mixer and mix at the slow speed (140 \pm 5 r/min) for 30

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